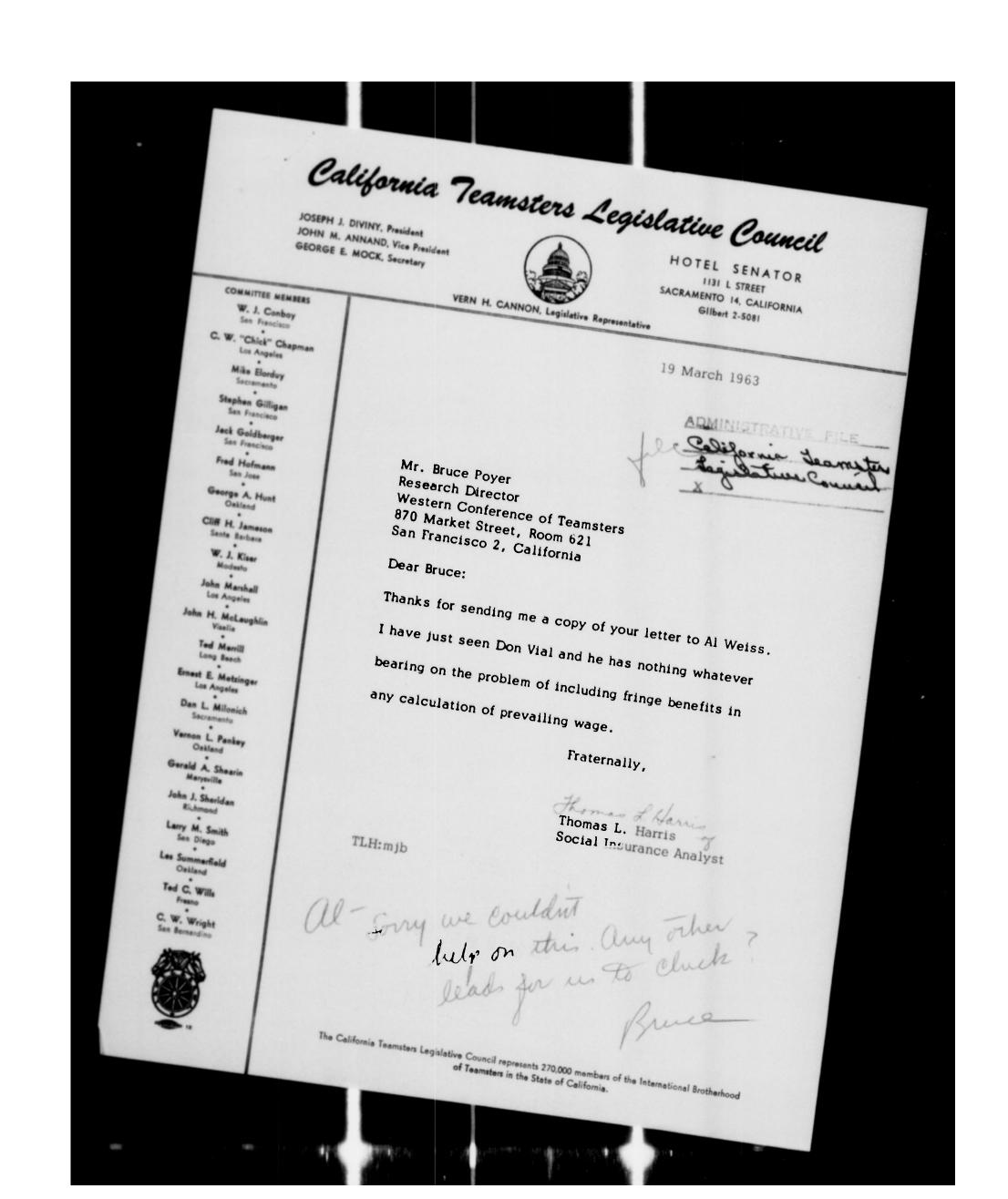
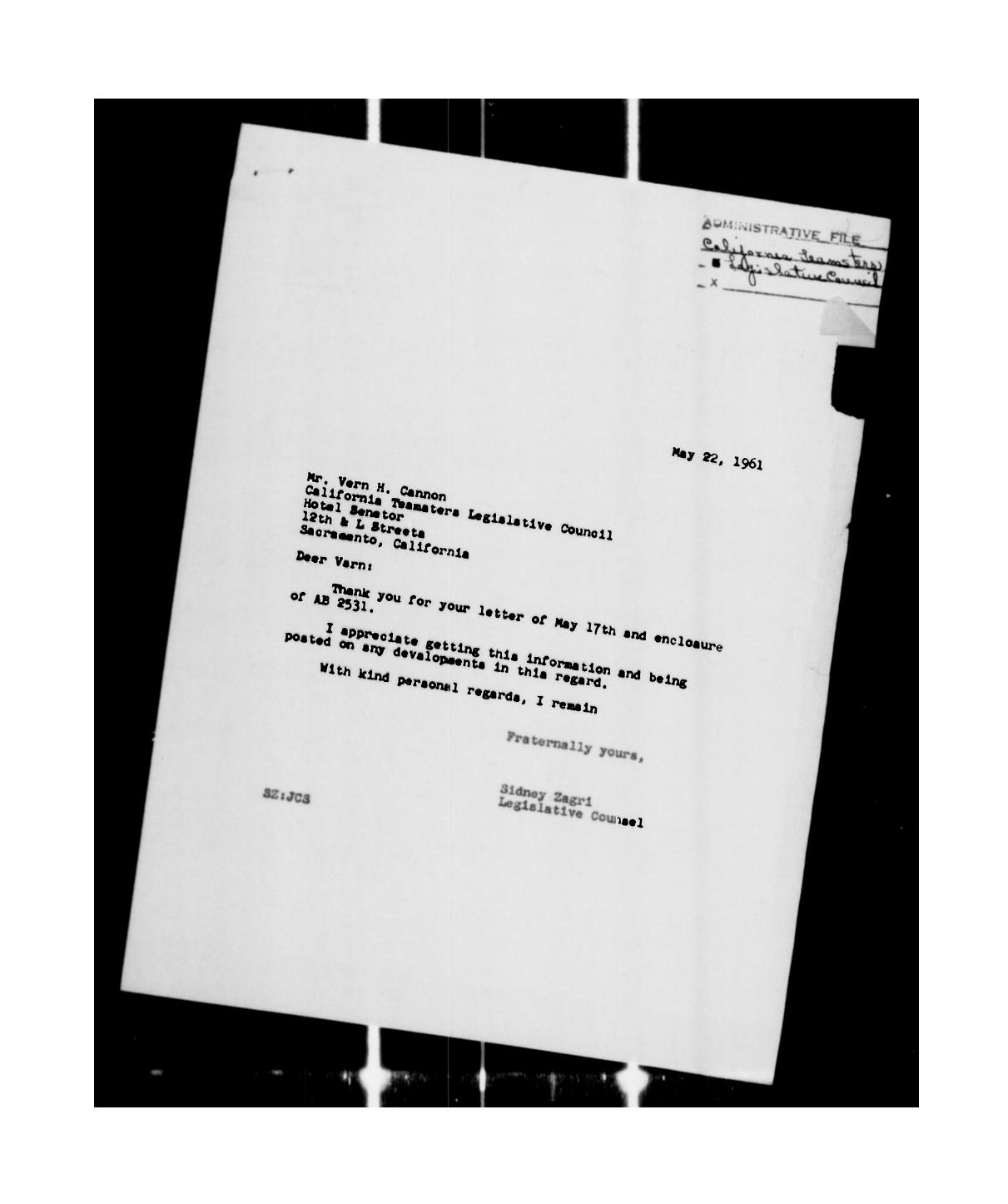
Calif Teanster Segis





# California Teamsters Legislative Council

JOSEPN J. DIVINY, President
JONN M. ANNAND, Vice President
GEORGE E. MOCK, Secretary



HOTEL SENATOR
SACRAMENTO 14, CALIFORNIA
Gilbert 2-5081

YERN H. CANNON, Legislative Representative

COMMITTEE MEMBERS

W. J. Coobey

Me E. Carter

C. W. "Chich" Chapman

Los Angeles

Mike Elorduy Secremento

Stephen Gilligan Sen Francisco

Jack Goldberger Sen Francisco

Fred Hofmann

See Jeen

George A. Hunt Oekland

W. J. Kiser

John Marshall

Los Angeles

Stewart Mason

John H. McLaughlin

Visalia

Ted Merrill Long Beach

Ernest E. Metzinger Los Angeles

Vernon L. Pankey Oakland

Gerald A. Shearin Marysville

Larry M. Smith Sen Diego

Les Summerfield Oakland

Ted C. Wills

H. L. Woxberg

Los Angalas

•

May 17, 1961

Mr. Sidney Zagri, Legislative Counsel International Brotherhood of Teamsters

25 Louisiana Avenue, N. W. Washington I, D. C.

Dear Sid:

Enclosed are the copies you requested of the Railroad sponsored measure, AB 2531. Please see the marked section on Page 2.

The only statement made in committee relating to the bill was a request by the author, Assemblyman Rex Cunningham, asking that it be referred to the appropriate committee for an interim study. This in effect kills the bill for two years, but of course we will testify against this proposal when it is given an interim hearing. At that time we will forward a transcript of the entire testimony to you.

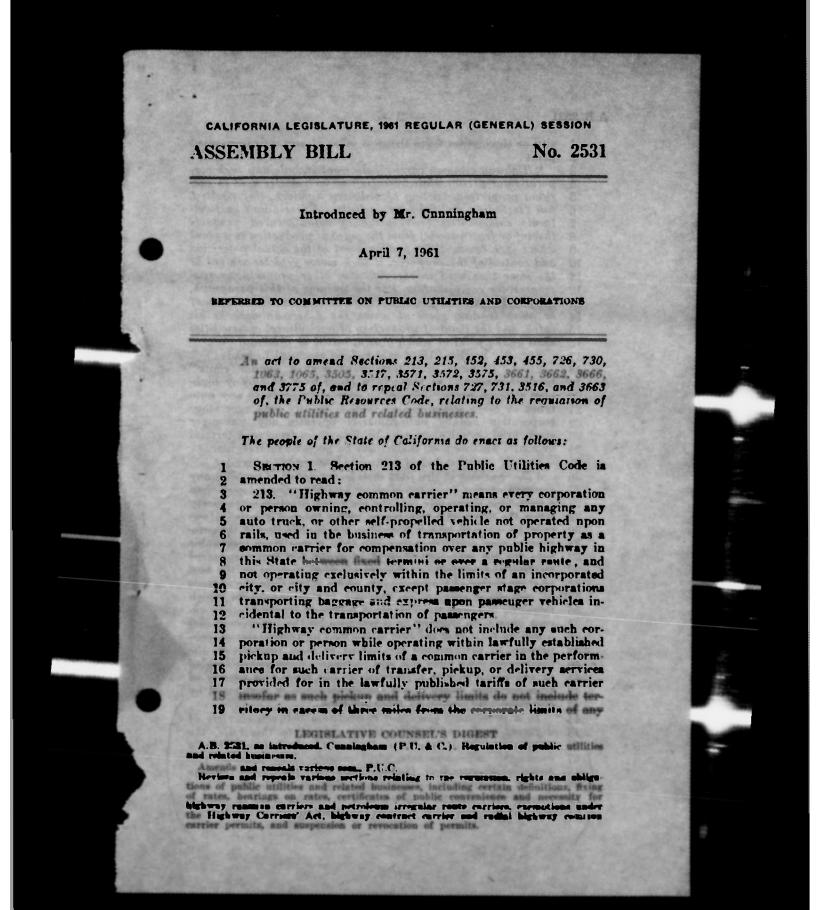
Many thanks for your interest in our legislative activites and for sending us a copy of your letter to Mr. Conboy.

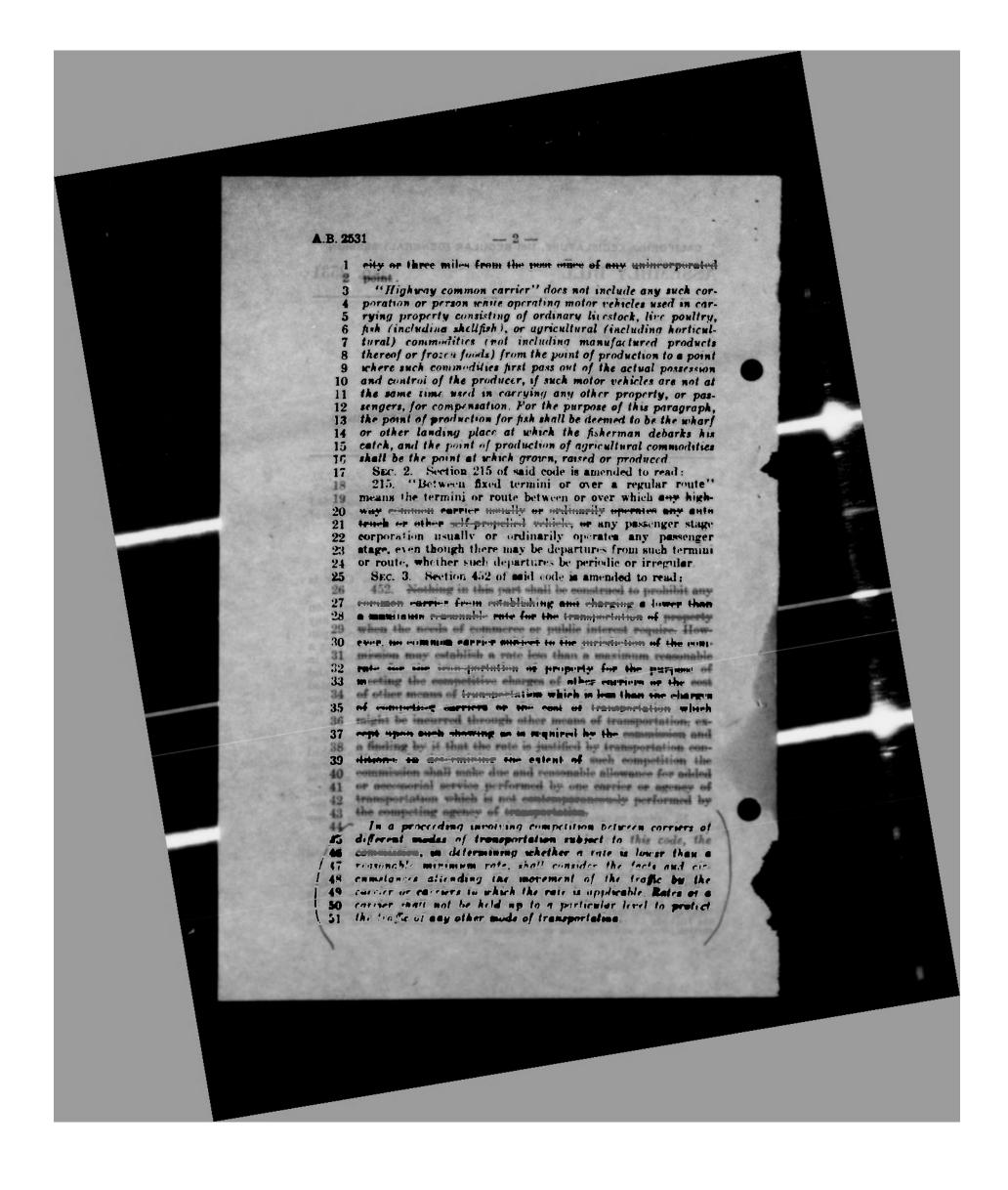
Fraternally,

Vern H. Cannon
Legislative Representative

VHC:jb Enclosures

The California Teamsters Legislative Council represents 270 000 members of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters in the State of California.





SEC. 4. Section 453 of said code is amended to read; 453. No public utility shall, as to rates, charges, service, facilities, or in any other respect, make or grant, gwe, or cause any unitue or unreasonable preference or advantage to any experience of person particular person, company, firm, corporation, association, locality, port, port district, gateway, truncit point, region, district, territory, or any particular description of traffic, in any respect whatsoever; or subject 9 any experience or person particular person, company, firm, 10 corporation, association, locality, port, port district, gateway, 11 transit point, region, district, territory, or any particular 12 description of traffic to any under or unreasonable prejudice
13 or disadvantage. No public utility shall establish or maintain
14 ony unreasonable difference as to runes charges service; facili15 tien or in any other respect, either on between localities or as linewien claims of nervice in any respect whatsverer; pro-wided, however, that this section shall not be construed to apply to discrimination, prejudice, or disadvantage to the commerce of any other public utility. The commission may determine any question of fact arising under this section.

-1-

Sac. 5. Section 455 of said code is amended to read:
455. Whenever any schedule stating an individual or joint rate, classification, contract, practice, or rule, not increasing or resulting in an increase in any rate, is filed with the commission, it may, either upon complaint or upon its own initiapleadings by the interessed millie ntility or utilities, but upon reasonable notice, enter upon a hearing concerning the propriety of such rate, classification, contract, practice, or rule. l'ending the hearing and the decision thereon such rate, o fication, contract, practice or rule shall not go into effect. The period of suspension of such rata, classification, contract, practice, or rule shall not extend beyond 120 days serves beyond the time when it would otherwise go into effect unless musion shall establish the rates, classifications, contracts, prac-

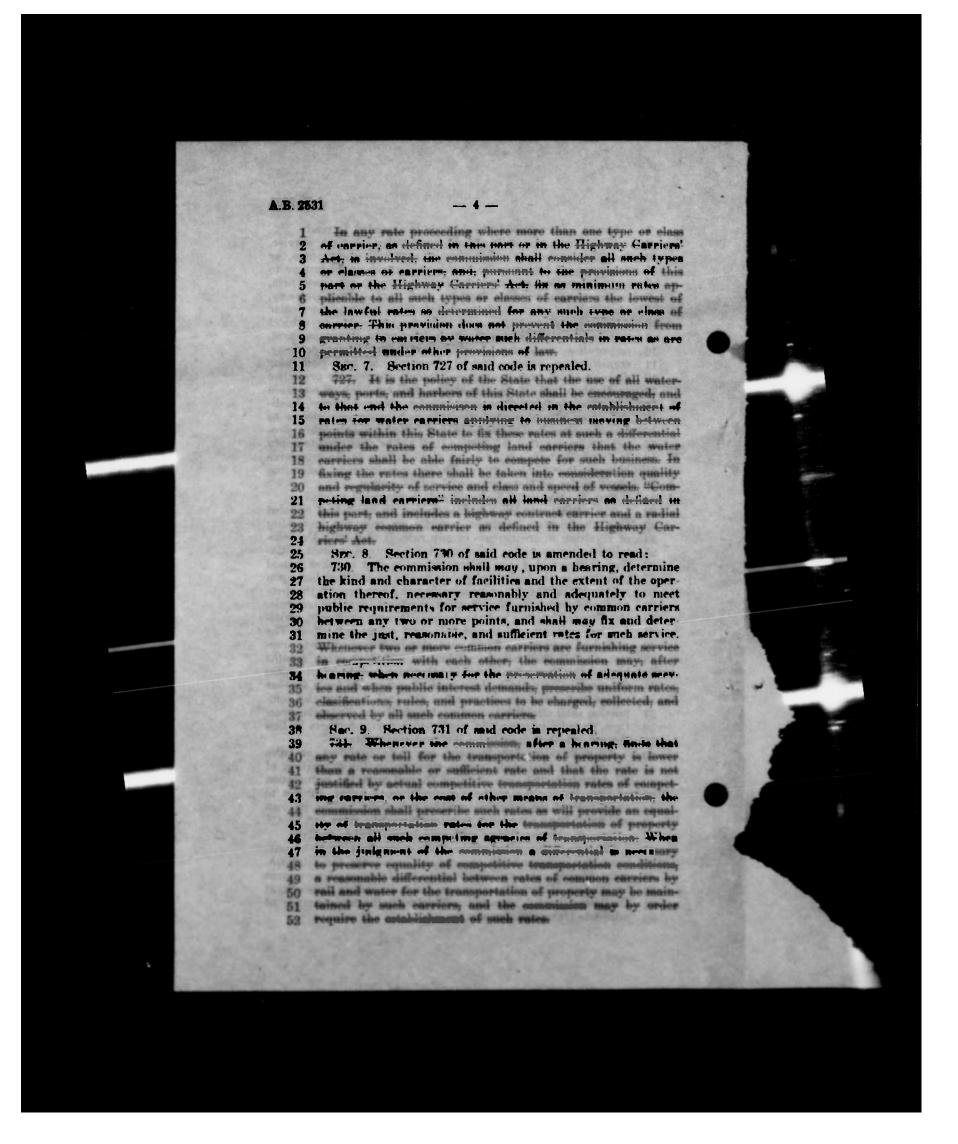
tiers, or rules proposed, in whole or in part, or others in lies thereof, which it finds to be just and reasonable.

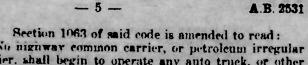
All such rates, elassifications, contracts, practices, or rales not so suspended shall become effective on the expression of 30 days from the time of filing thereof with the commission or such lesser time as the commission may grant, subject to the suppose of the

the power of the community, after a hearing had on its own

the power of the community, after a hearing had on its own motion or upon complaint, to after or modify them.

6. Heation 726 of mid ands is amended to read 726. It is the policy of the State in ratemaking to be parsued by the mannious to anothink encourage the establishment of such rates as will promote the freedom of movement by surriers of agreealtural communities, including livestoch, at the lowest lawful rates assumment with the conintenance of adequate transportation service.





Sec. 10. Section 1063 of said code is amended to read:
1063. No nignway common carrier, or petroleum irregular route carrier, shall begin to operate any auto truck, or other self-propelled vehicle, for the transportation of property for compensation on any public highway in this State without first having obtained from the commission a certificate declaring that public convenience and necessity require such operation. No such certificate shall be required of any highway common No such certificate shall be required of any highway common carrier as to the fixed termini between which or the route over which it was actually operating as a highway common carrier on July 26, 1917, and in good faith continuously there-11 12 after : m.

No such certificate shall be required of any highway common carrier operating other than between fixed termini or over regular routes as to operations which it was and had been regularly consucting on and prior to December 31, 1961, pursuant to operating animority granted by an appropriate permit from this commission; provided, the operations conducted subsequent to December 31, 1961, are no greater in scope than those lawfully conducted under and by writhe of such permit on and prior to December 31, 1961, are no greater in scope than on and prior to December 31, 1501; such highway common carrier shall have on or before January 15, 1962, filed with the commission, in such form as the commission may require, veri fied proof of the seame of its regularly can lucted operations on and prior to December 31, 1961, and which the carrier desired continue; and provided further that the operations conducted substituent to irecomber 31, 1961, are no greater in scope than the operations which the commission shall find upon investigation to have in fact been regularly and lawfully con-29 30 ducted an and prior to December 31, 1961.

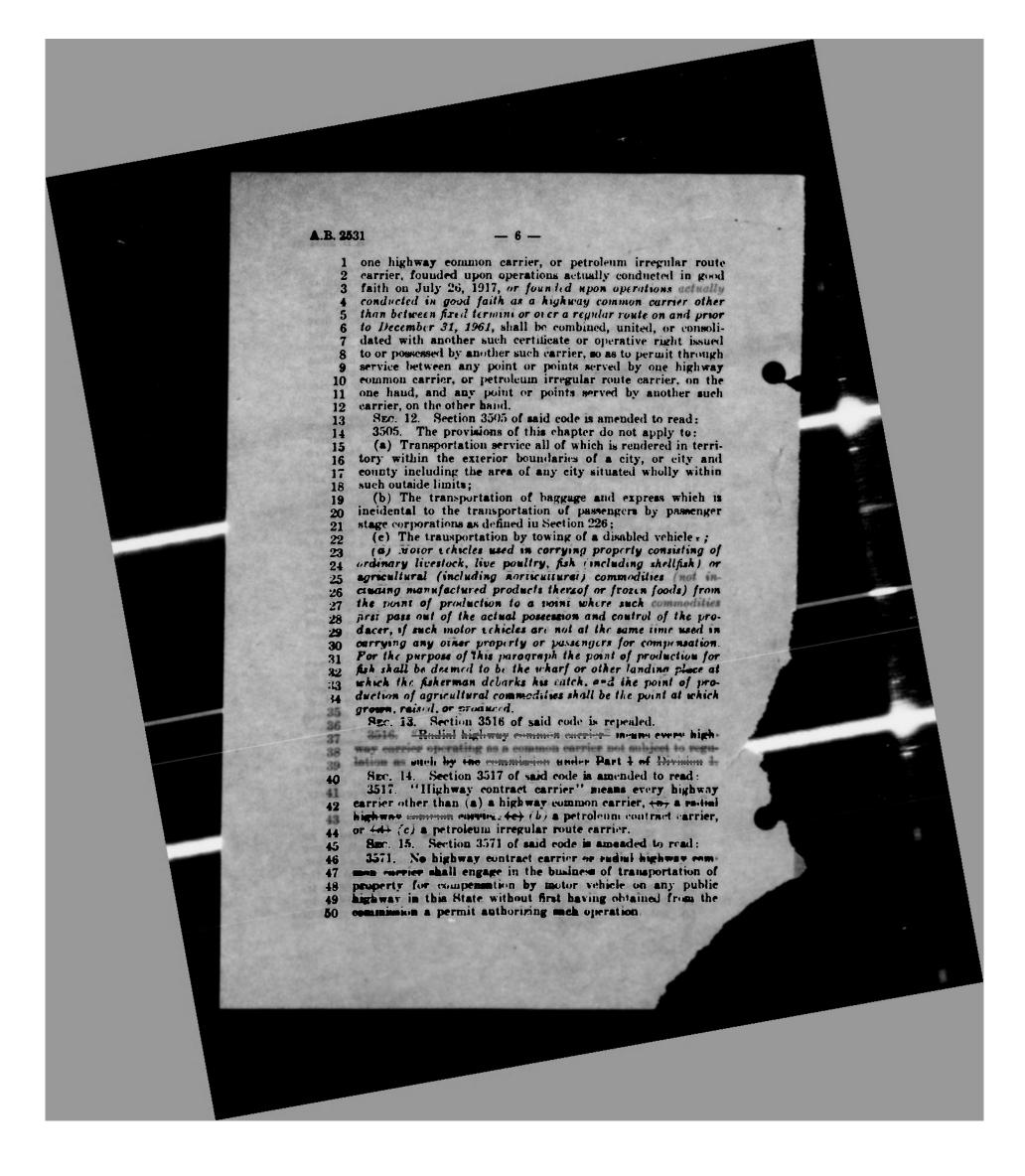
No such certificate shall be required of any highway common 52 carrier for operations exclusively within the limits of a city or 33 city and county, or for the performance of pickup, delivers, 34 or transfer services by such carrier within such carrier's lawfully published pickup and delivery zones, innefer sa such product and delivery zones in the same and delivery zones. In the same and delivery zones is the same and delivery zones.

privilege, franchise or permit held, owned, or obtained by any highway common carrier, or petroleum irregular route carrier, may be sold, leased, transferred, or inherited as other property.

only upon authorization by the commission.

Sec. 11. Section 1065 of said code is amended to read: 1965. Without the express approval of the commission, no

certificate of public convenience and necessity issued to one highway common earrier, or petroleum irregular route earrier, under the provisions of this article, or heretofore samed by the commission to one highway common carrier, or petroleum irregular route earrier, for the transportation of property by auto truck or aelf-properted vehicle, nor any operative right of



Sec. 16. Section 3572 of said code is amended to read: 3572. Any highway carrier applicant desiring a permit to operate as a highway contract carrier or a radial highway common carrier shall file a petition therefor with the commission. The petition shall set forth: (a) The name and address of the applicant.
(b) The names and addresses of its officers, if any.
(c) Full information concerning the financial condition and physical properties of the applicant.

(d) A complete description of both the present and proposed business of the applicant.

(e) The conditions and limitations to be attached to the present and proposed services respecting the person or persons and the number threeof for which the applicant may perform

tronsportation service.

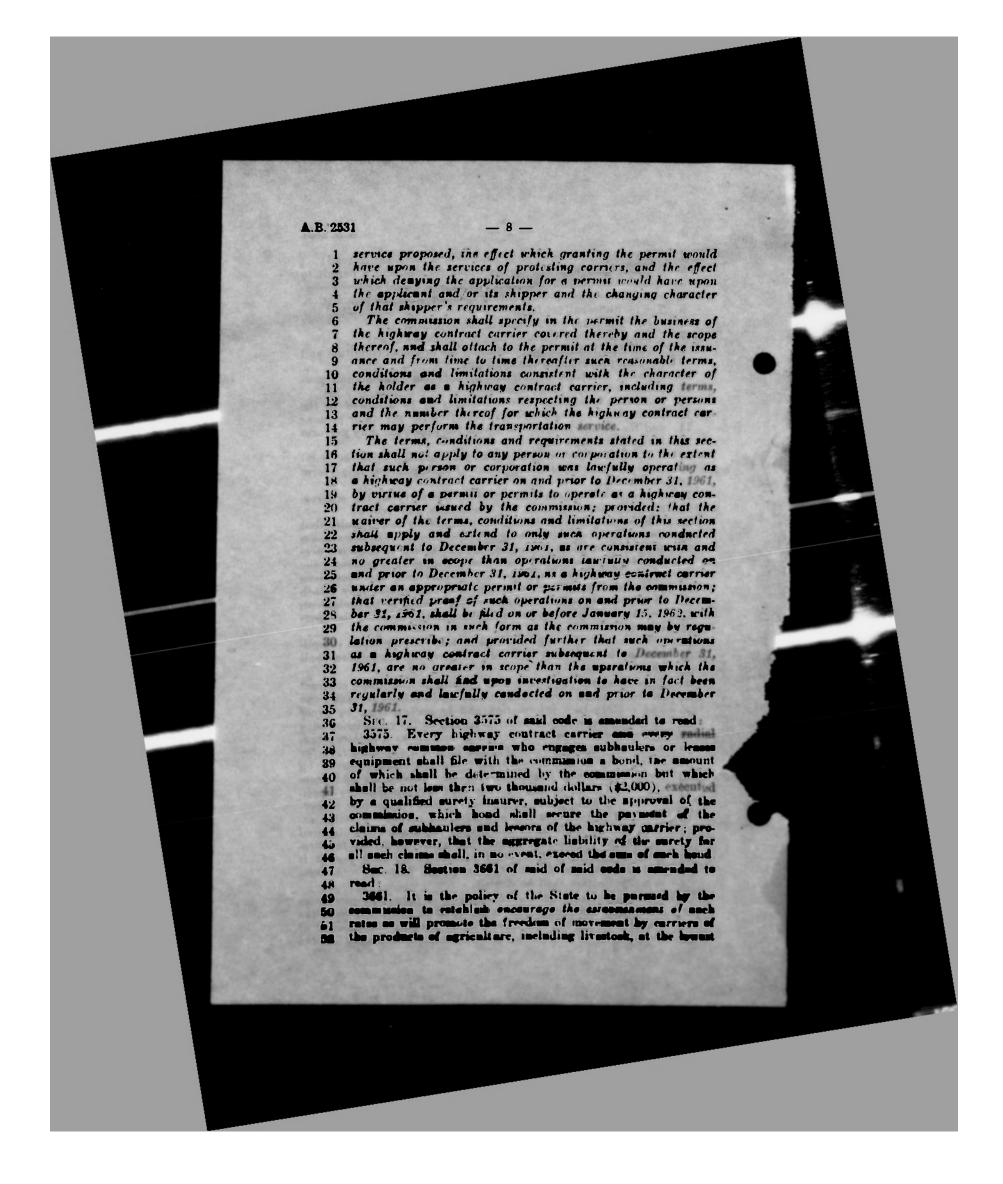
(f) Information concerning all facts vearing upon the finan-cial responsibility and the niness of the applicant to perform 17 (d) (g) Such other information necessary to the enforce-

ment of this chapter as the commission may require. the applicant entablish financial empenability. The commission mit. 14 the commission main root the applicant possession fundament responsibility to mertions the operations proposed; it shall same a permit. The commission may attach to the recent such to and conditions as; in its interest, are required to assure protection to personn utilizing the operation.

once by an applicant with this chapter, the commission shall

Applications for a permit to operate as a highway contract corrier shall be verified under onth and shall be in such form and contain such information and he accompanied by proof of service upon such interested parties as the commission may by requision require. A permit to operate as a highway contract carrier shall be issued to any quairies applicant therefor authorizing in unoise or in part the operations covered by the application if it appears from the application and from the record made at any hearing held thereon that the applicant is fit, willing and able properly and responsibly to perform the service of a highway contract carrier by motor rehield and to conform to the sauvini requirements, rules and regulatures of the commission thereunder, and that the proaperation to the extent outhorized by such permit is he consistent with the public interest; otherwise such application shall be denied.

In determining whether issuance of a parmit to operate as a highway contenct envier is and will be consistent with the public interest, the commission shall consider the number of shippers to be preved by the applicant, the nature of the



A.B. 2531

lawful rates compatible with the maintenance of adequate

Inwful rates compatible with the maintenance of acceptate transportation service.

Sec. 19.— Bortion 3662 of said code is amended to read:

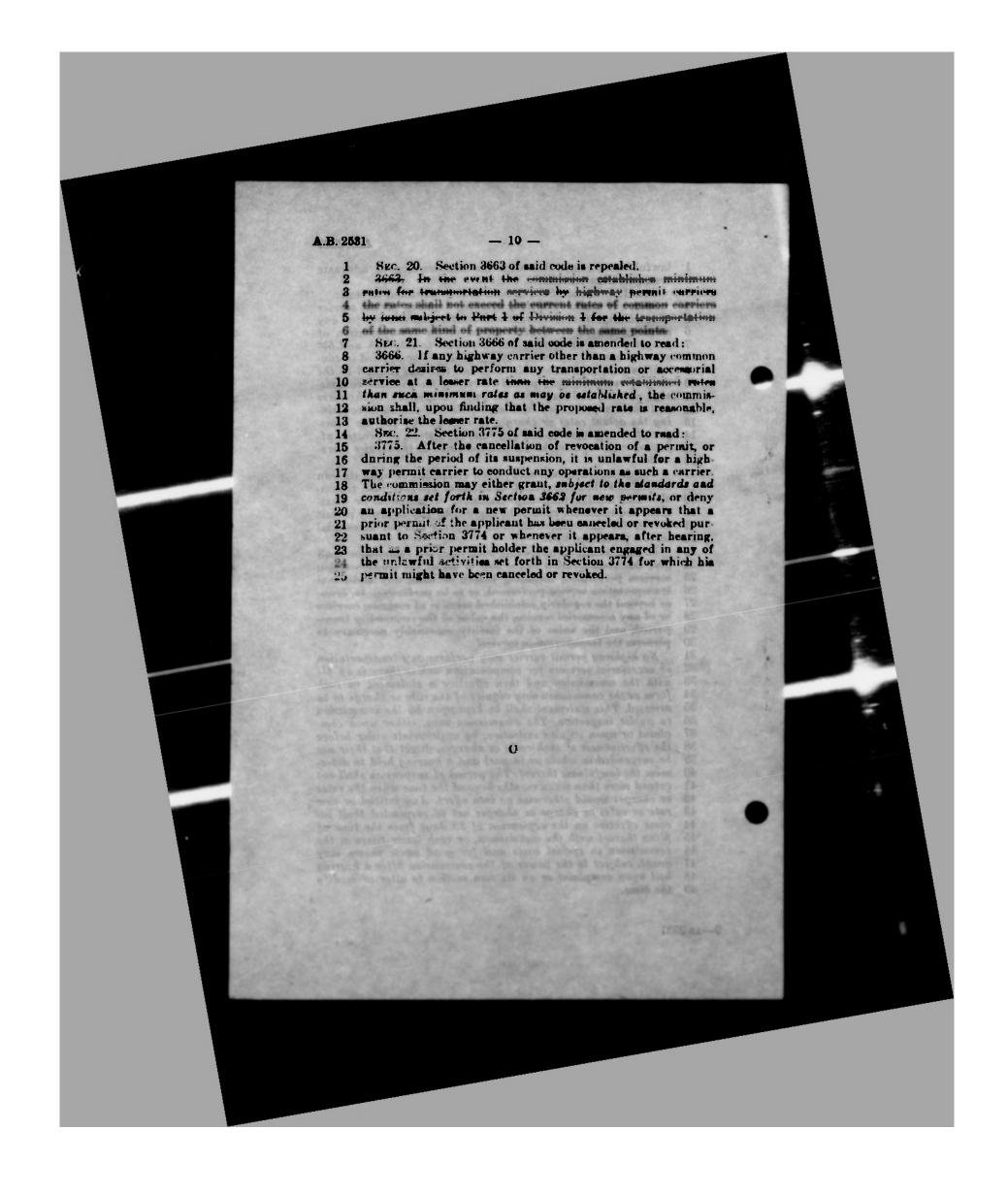
3662. It shall be the duty of every highway permit corrier to establish and observe reasonable rates and charges for any service readered or to be rendered in the transportation of property or in connection therewith and to establish and observe reasonable reasonable rates and charges. It shall be the date of every highway occurs energy to the with the commissions. naction with soid reasonable rates and charges. It shall be the duty of every highway permit corrier to file with the commission, publish, and keep open for public inspection, in the form and moment prescribed by the commission, schedules confaining the actual rates or charges of such corrier for the transportation of property, and any rule, regulation, or practice af facting such rates or charges and the value of the service there under

The commission shall may, upon complaint or upon its own initiative without complaint, establish or approve just, reasonable and nondiscriminatory maximum or minimum or meximum and minimum rates to be charged by any highway permit currier for the transportation of property and for accessorial 17

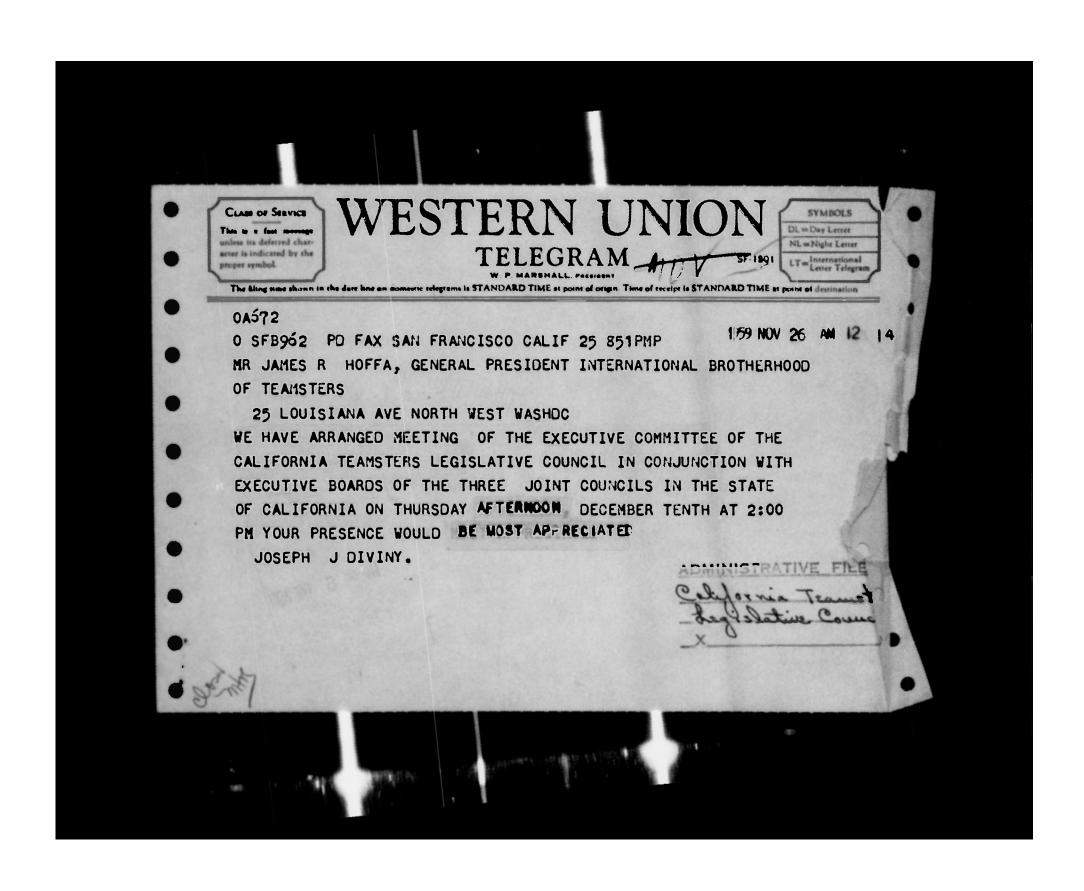
21 carrier for the tromportation of property and for accessions
22 service performed by it.
23 In entablishing or approximate such rates the commission shall give due consideration to the cost of all of the transportation
26 teamportation services performed, or to be performed as acceptant the regularly analytical terminal of community transportation or or any approximation reprint the value of the community transportation of or any approximation reprints the value of the community transportation.

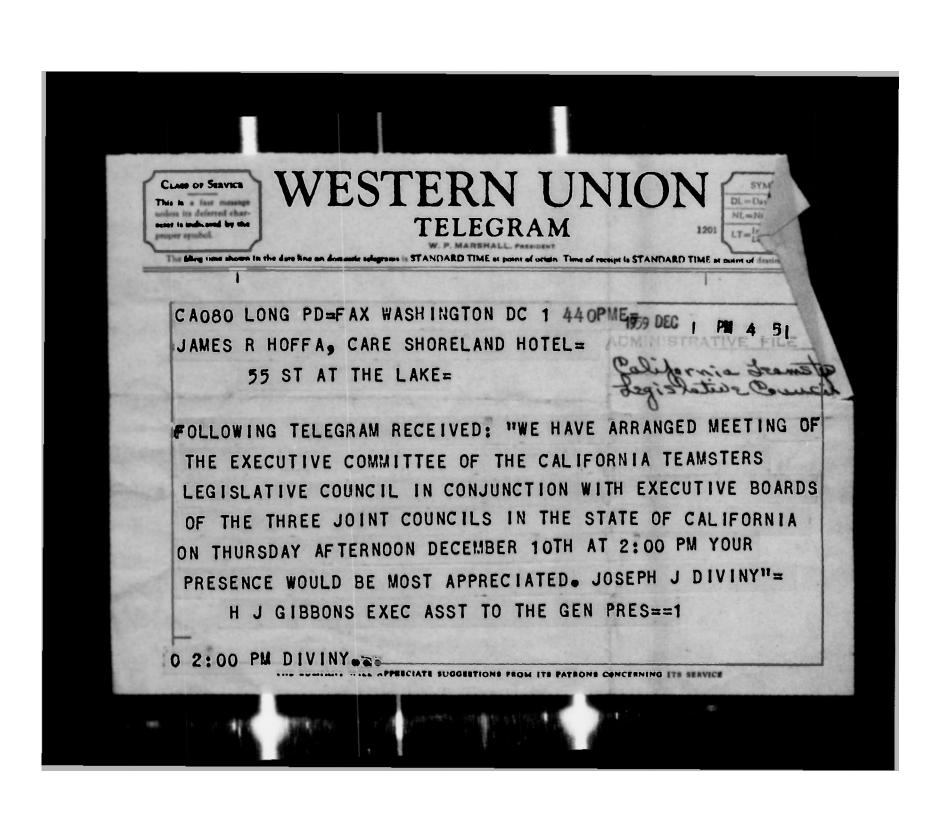
perform the teampertation services

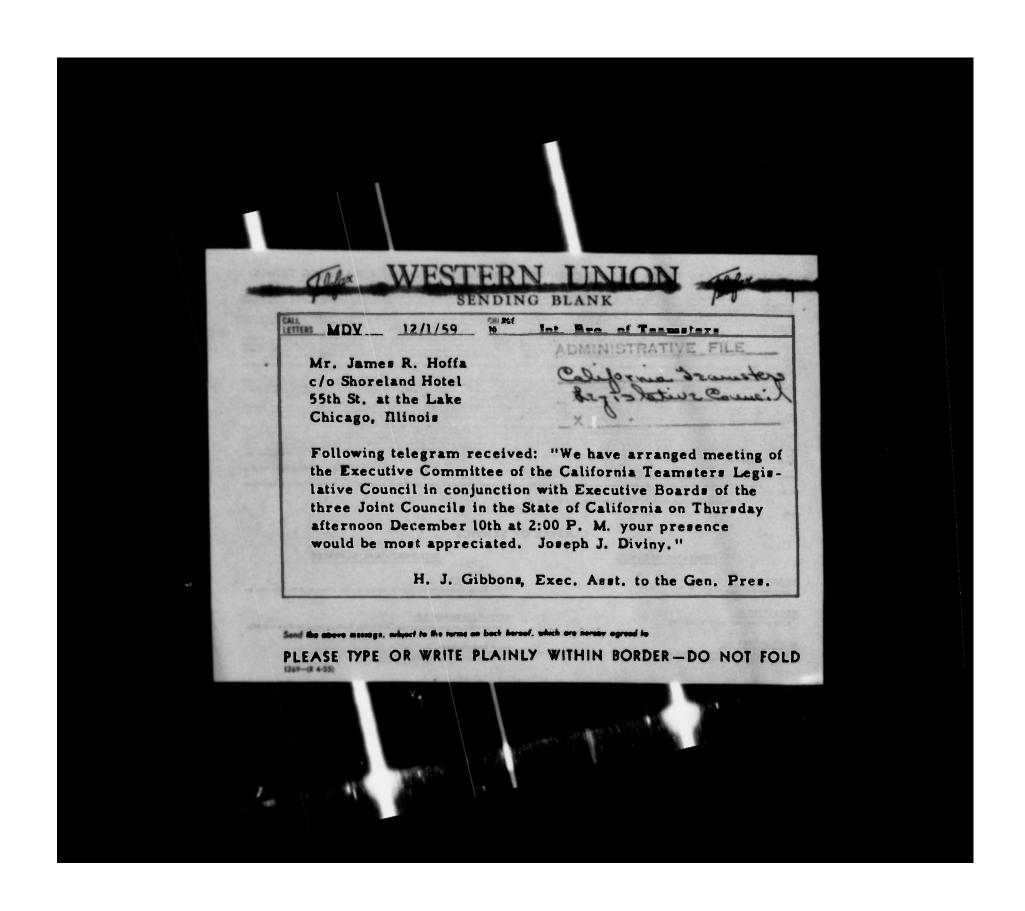
No highway permit carrier may perform any transportation or accessorial services for componsation unless there is an file with the commission and then executive a statement in such form as the commission may require of the rate or charge to be assessed. This statement shall be zero open by the commission to public inspection. The commission may, either upon com-plaint or upon its own initiative, by appropriate order before the efectiveness of such rates or charges, direct that their use he suspenses in whole or in part and a hunring hold to deter-owne the lawfulness thereof. The period of suspension should not extend more than seven months beyond the time when the rates extend were then neven months beyond the time when the relas or charges would otherwise yo sate effect. Any initial or new rate or rates or charge not as encounded shall be-come exercise on the expiration of 30 days from the time of fliny thereof with the commission, or such lessor times on the commission in special cases and for most occur shown may areas, subject to the power of the exercises after a bearing had open complaint or on its own metion to alter or modify

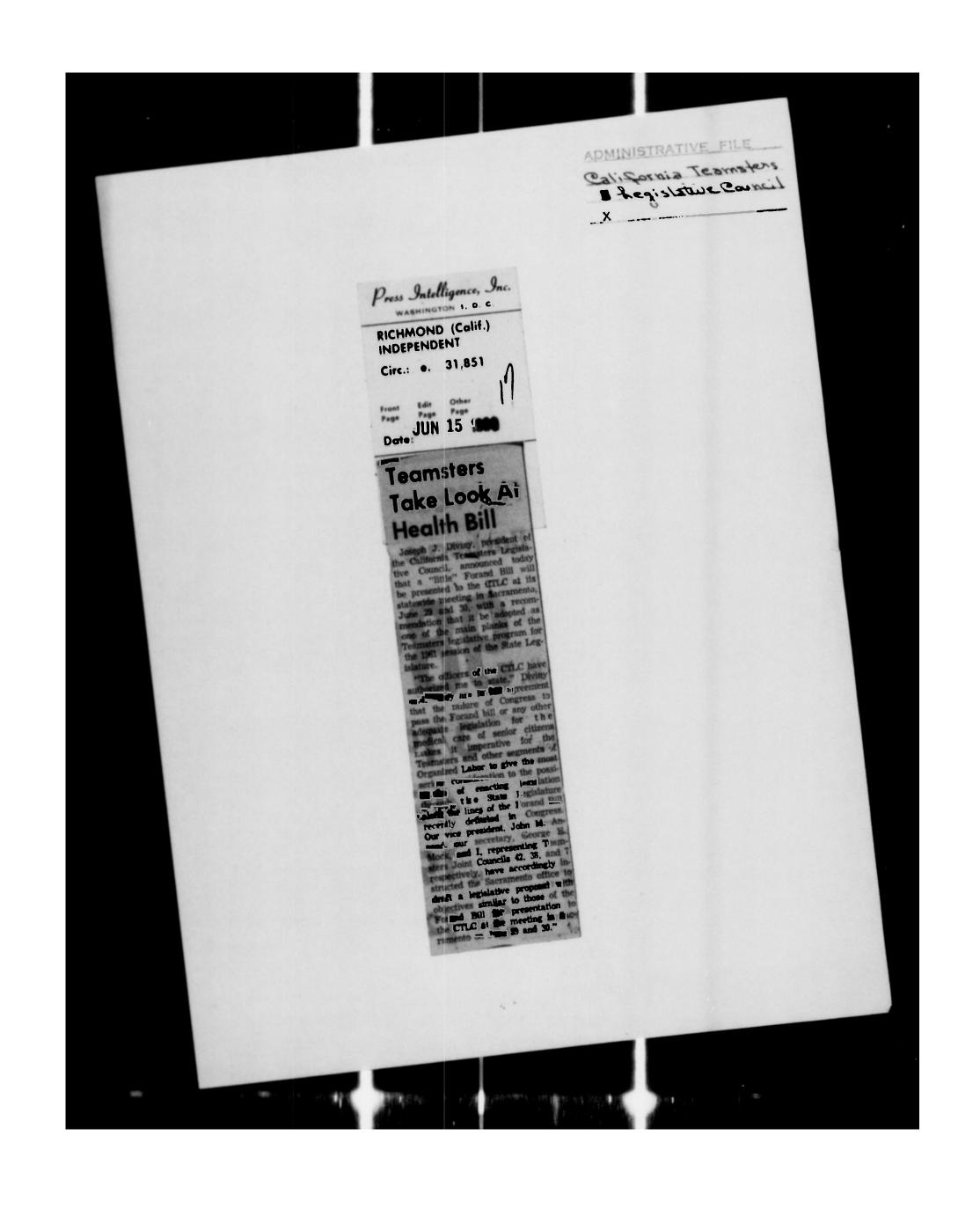














ADMINISTRATIVE FILE California desmeters

Press Intelligence, Inc.

SAN FRANCISCO (Colf.) EXAMINER

Circ.: m. 254,279 S. 483,661

Teamsters Approve
Brown Labor Bill

Town Labor Teams a proposal set of items of good union practice. White reserving the right object at teginative hearings to unreasonable rostrictions to unreasonable rostrictions to unreasonable rostrictions. The object at teginative hearings to unreasonable rostrictions to unreasonable rostrictions. The object at teginative hearings to unreasonable rostrictions to unreasonable rostrictions. The object at teginative hearings clear that thoy approved the Governor's object at teginative hearings of interest to unreasonable rostrictions. The object at teginative hearings of the union's formula Legislative Council. Diving said there was nothing in the Governor's hill continue to proposals. The object of meetings all Brown proposals.

So me laborites, however, have questioned whether the proposals are a proposal to four year terms and United States Senators to six."

ADMINISTRATIVE FILE California Learnstry

Press Intelligence, Inc.

SAN JOSE (Calif.)
MERCURY

Circ.: m. 59,177 5. 94,904

Date:

Teamsters'.
Officials Due At Monterey

MONTEREY — A discussion of Gov. Edmund G. Brown's labor reform bill is expected today by the California legislative council of the Western Conference of Teamstern.

The conference, representing 389,000 members in 12 Western states, Hawaii and Western Canada, upens a meeting here to day.

MANGETATIVE FILE California Lausters Legislative Coursil Press Intelligence, Inc. WASHINGTON 1, D. C. SAN FRANCISCO (Calif.) CHRONICLE Circ.: m. 194,400 S. 252,426 Date: JAN 30 1959 Temmsters OK
One of Brown's
Lobor Bills MONTEREY, Jan

forms Teamster afficials onitorsed one of Governor Edmund G Brown's two labor
hills here today, but said
to make a
study of the other one
Officers of the California
Comment
by Joseph Diviny, of
Francisco, said the hill
furindistional disputes
approved "in principle."
The other hill design with
labor usion reforms was not
endorsed. "We are going to
closely," Diviny said.

Pross Intelligence, Inc. WASHINGTON 1. D. C. ADMINISTRATIVE FILE California Deamsters SAN JOSE (Calif.) NEWS I dag : a lative Counci Circ.: e. /51,095

Brown Facing Tough Tash

Governor elect Edmund Ci. Brown on Jan. 5 will be facing up to wint the bull-fighters call "the moment of truth." the day of reality. With the final strains of the Victory Ball band just a memory, he will be buckling down to the arduous job of trying to make campaign pledges come

One of his promises is most formidable. This consisted of declaring that he will democratise labor unions in the state. It remains to be seen whether his proposals will meet with stiff resistance from the very people who ardently supported his campaign for elaction.

At this writing, there is no question but that his opposition to labor legislation is tremendous, powerful — and at the same time has him in a kind of bind because many were his staunchest backers.

many were his staunchest backers.

The big Teamsters Union has already gone on record as being feroclously opposed to any legislation on the State level.
The Teamsters (and this is a most dubious
statement considering the physical existence of one James R. Hoffa: claim that
they can clean their own house and sel
up their own rules that would protect the
rank and file from undemocratic practices.
They and other unions see no need for new
laws. laws.

Another complication derives from the fact that much Federal legislation overlaps in several areas of the will be advanced by Brown. This program and it has not had much publicity, is embodied in 23 points developed some times ago by the new Governor. It touches upon welfare funds, union finances and union democracy.

welfare funds, union finances and union democracy.

There is also no telling what the new Congress will be doing when it convenes and again takes up the matter of labor legislation which failed to come into being last year. Brown has a tough row to hoe in this as well in the quantion of water rights. We wish him well. He will need

Legislative Council

Press Intelligence, Inc.

SAN FRANCISCO (Calif.) EXAMINER

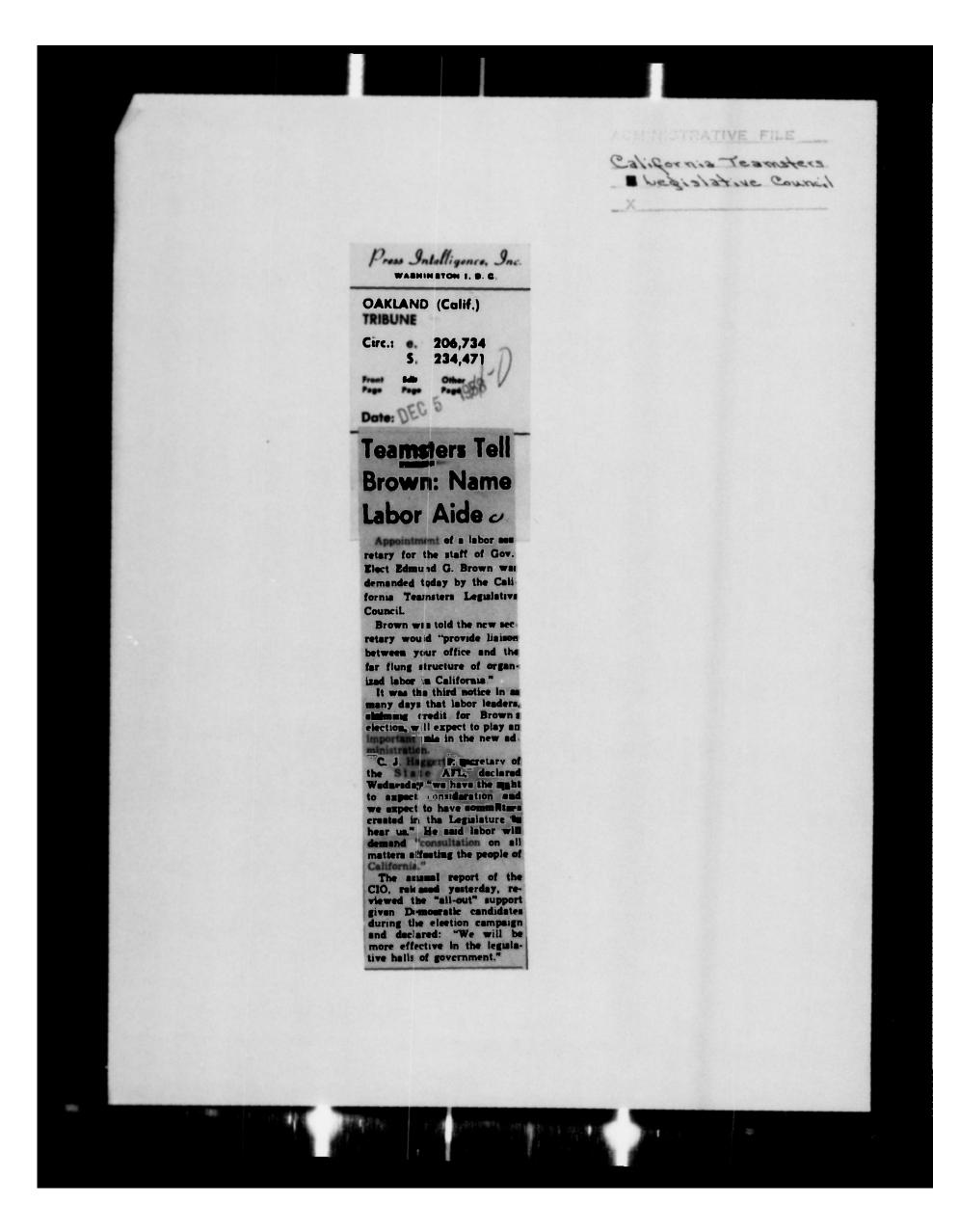
Circ.: m. 254,279 S. 483,661

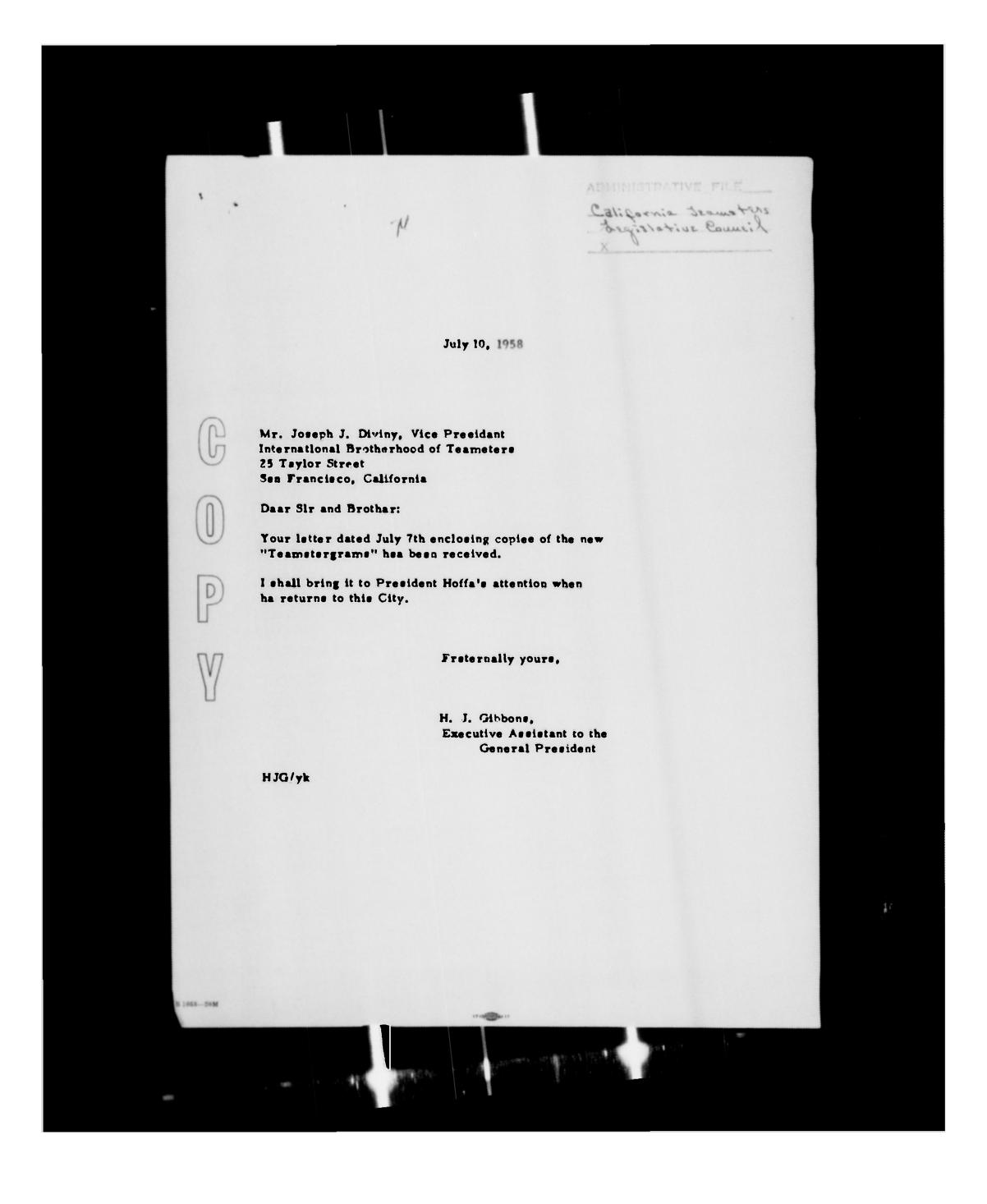
Brown Asked to Add Union Man to Staff

The California Tramstera Legislative Council Vesterday asked Governor-elect Edmund G. Brown to see a new seems

G. Brown to nod a new some tary to his staff "to proute and the far flung structure of organized labor in Collifornia."

The council sulhorized the request the day before C. J. Haggerty, necretary of the State AFL, discinsed he had told Brown that arganized labor expects to be consulted on all institute of State policy. The Tammelers' legislative organization in Render "in President Joseph J. Diviny of Son Francisco, an international vice president and president of the Boy Artistary George E. Motif of fluore president, and Vice Typical and John M. Annual of Teamstone of Teamstone





# California Teamsters Legislative Council

JOSEPH DIVINY, President JACK ANNAND, Vice-President GEORGE MOCK, Secretary



HOTEL SENATOR SACRAMENTO 14, CALIFORNIA Gilbert 2-5061

July 7, 1958

Fraternally yours,

YERN H. CANNON, Legislative Representative

Mr. James R. Hoffa, General President

International Brotherhood of Teamsters

25 Louisiana Avenue, N. W.

Washington 1, D. C.

Dear Sir and Brother:

COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Me E. Cater

Edward Davis

Mike Elorduy Sacramento

William Fowler

Stephen Gilligan San Francisco

Jack Goldberger San Francisco

Fred Hofmann San Jose

George A. Hunt Oakland

Los Angeles

John Marshall Los Angeles

Albert A Marty Sacremento

Stewart Mason San Bernardino

Long Beach

Gerald A. Shearin Marysvilla

Les Summerfield Oakland

Vernon L. Pankey Oakland

Robert D. Ussery Senta Barbara

> H. L. Waxburg Los Angeles

Joseph J. Diviny President

Our California Teamsters Legislative Council has begun

issuing a new bulletin entitled "TEAMSTERGRAMS" which goes to all members of our State Legislature, to

select public officials and prominent individuals.

all of the State's Constitutional Officers, to the Secretaries of all California Teamster Locals, and additional

I am enclosing two copies of our first edition for your

JJD:jb

Enclosures (2)



The California Teamsters Legislative Council represents 270,000 members of the International Brotherhood of Teemsters in the State of California.

# TEAMSTERGRAMS

California Teamsters Legislative Council



JOSEPH J. DIVINY

JOHN M. ANNAND

GEORGE E. MOCK

VERN H. CANNON Legislative Representative

Gilbert 2-5081

SACRAMENTO



EXECUTIVE

# HOTEL SENATOR

MEMBERS Ele E. Certer

COMMITTEE

Edward Davis

Mike Elorduy Secremento

William Fowler Fresno

Stephen Gilligan San Francisco

Jack Goldberger San Francisco

Fred Hofmann San Jose

George A. Hunt Oakland

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Abot A. Hoty

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Vernon L. Pankey

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H. L. Wosburg

(1)

July 7, 1958

SACRAMENTO--This is the first edition of TEAMSTERGRAMS, an information instrument of the California Teamsters Legislative Council.

TEAMSTERGRAMS will be devoted to the dissemination of information about the objectives and the activities of the Council.

Anyone who is not now on the mailing list to receive copies of TEAMSTERGRAMS as they are issued, and who desires to be placed on the mailing list, may communicate with the Council at its offices in Sacramento.

## TEAMSTER ENDORSED CANDIDATES SUCCESSFUL AT POLLS

The three Joint Councils of Teamsters in California endorsed a total of 81 candidates of both parties for state offices at the recent primary election and, in all but one instance, Teamster endorsed candidates won their own party nominations or the nominations of both parties. Teamster endorsed candidates of both parties who oppose "right-to-work" legislation, ran well ahead of their opponents.

#### TEAMSTER ENDORSEMENT PROCEDURE

Grass roots participation in the endorsement of candidates for federal and state offices and statewide propositions, on the California ballot, is assured as a result of the recent adoption of a system of endorsements by the California Teamsters Legislativa Council.

The three Joint Councils of Teamsters in the state, working in conjunction with each of the Teamster Local Unions within its area, may make endorsements of all candidates that coma within its sphere of jurisdiction, and relay them to the California Teamsters Legislative Council.

Prior to each primary and general election, the Californis Teamsters

Legislative Council will hold a formal endorsement conference. Acting upon the recommendations and the representations of the Joint Councils, the CTLC may make endorsements for all candidates for the United States Congress from

California, for all State Senators and State Assemblymen, and for all statewide propositions on the ballot. Voting membership of the conference will consist of two delegates from each of the state's 134 Teamster Local Unions, with each delegate entitled to one vote, and with each of the three Joint Councils being entitled to one delegate with one vote.

The CTLC endorsement conference for the general election on November 4, 1958, will be held at 10 a.m. on Monday, August 11, at the Fairmont Hotel in San Francisco. The Executive Committee of the CTLC will meet at the hotel at 9 a.m. on the same day.

#### UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE COVERAGE HAS GONE DOWN HILL

Research by the Cannery Division of the California Teamsters Legislative

Council has revealed that when California's unemployment insurance laws were

first adopted in 1938, the maximum weekly benefit amount was approximately 66

per cent of the average weekly wage. Today the state's maximum weekly benefit

amount is less than 50 per cent of the average weekly wage. Also, the percentage

of unemployed workers with wages earned in covered employment who are eligible

to receive unemployment insurance is considerably lower than the percentage in

1938.

#### INDIANA "RIGHT-TO-WORKERS" GO DOWN IN DEFEAT

Five members of the Indiana State Legislature who voted for that state's
"right-to-work" law were defeated in the primary election held there recently.

One of those defeated was a co-author of the measure.

## TEAMSTERS SEEK OFFICIAL "VOTER REGISTRATION WEEK"

The California Teamsters Legislative Council has requested Governor Goodwin

J. Knight to proclaim an official "Voter Registration Week" to encourage

non-registered citizens to register for voting at the California general election on

November 4. Registration closes on September 11 for the November balloting.

Field surveys by the CTLC have revealed that hundreds of thousands of citizens among minority groups have lost their voting rights during the past 10 years because of disinterest in political subjects.

The CTLC believes that a non-partisan registration crusade, sparked by the

Governor's proclamation, and actively supported by civic organizations, fraternal societies, service clubs, labor unions, industrial agencies and other groups undoubtedly would result in the re-registration of tens of thousands of Californians who have disenfranchised themselves.

## MONEY SOUGHT FOR R-T-W BRAINWASHING CAMPAIGN

National headquarters of the right-to-work movement, in Wsshington, D. C., is making a widespread and extended direct mail campaign among Californis business firms, seeking campaign funds for the forthcoming battle of the ballots.

One of the principal uses to which the organization intends to put its campaign funds is in advertising in small local newspapers throughout the state.

Right-to-work leaders know that of California's more than 14,000,000 residents, approximately 9,000,000 live in rural and suburban areas, and are more influenced by their hometown weekly and daily newspapers than they are by the news and editorial material in metropolitan publications.

By using the news and advertising pages of hundreds of hometown weeklies and dailies in California, the R-T-W supporters hope to brainwash millions of California voters prior to the general election on November 4.

--END--

# TEAMSTERGRAM

California Teamsters Legislative Council



JOSEPH J. DIVINY

HOTEL SENATOR

(1)

JOHN M. ANNAND Vice-President

GEORGE E. MOCK

VERN N. CANNON Legislative Representative



GIIbert 2-5081

SACRAMENTO

#### EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Erle E. Carter **Edward Davis** 

William Fowler

Stephen Gilligan San Francisco Jack Goldberge

Fred Hofmann

George A. Hunt Oakland

John Marshall

Abort A. Marty

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J. Knight to proclaim an official "Voter Registration Week" to encourage

non-registered Citizens to register for voting at the California general election on

November 4. Registration closes on September 11 for the November balloting.

Field surveys by the CTLC have revealed that hundreds of thousands of citisens among minority groups have lost their voting rights during the past 10 years because of disinterest in political subjects.

The CTLC believes that s non-partisan registration crusade, sparked by the

Governor's proclamation, and actively supported by civic organizations, fraternal societies, service clubs, labor unions, industrial agencies and other groups undoubtedly would result in the re-registration of tens of thousands of Californians who have disanfranchised themselves.

#### MONEY SOUGHT FOR R-T-W BRAINWASHING CAMPAIGN

National headquarters of the right-to-work movement, in Washington, D. C., is making a widespread and extended direct mail campaign among California business firms, seeking campaign funds for the forthcoming battle of the ballots.

One of the principal uses to which the organization intends to put its campaign funds is in advertising in small local newspapers throughout the state.

Right-to-work leaders know that of California's more than 14,000,000 residents, approximately 9,000,000 live in rural and suburban areas, and are more influenced by their hometown weekly and daily newspapers than they are by the news and editorial material in metropolitan publications.

By using the news and advertising pages of hundreds of hometown weeklies and dailies in California, the R-T-W supporters hope to brainwash millions of California voters prior to the general election on November 4.

# California Teamsters Legislative Council

JOSEPH DIVINY, President JACK ANNAMD, Vice-President GEORGE MOCK, Secretary



HOTEL SENATOR

VERN N. CANNON, Legislative Representative

COMMITTED MEMBERS

Blo E. Carter

Edward Davis

Mike Elorduy Sacramento

William Fowler

Stephen Gilligan San Francisco

Jack Goldberger

See Prescisco

George A. Hunt

Los Angeles

John Marshall Los Angeles

Albert A. Marty

Sacramento Stewart Hason

Ted Merrill

Long Beach

Gerald A. Shearin Marysville

Les Summerfield Oakland

Vernon L. Pankey

Robert D. Ussery Sente Berbere

H. L. Woxburg

SACRAMENTO 14, CALIFORNIA Gilbert 2-5081

California deamsters.

1 degislative Council

June 4, 1958

Mr. James R. Hoffa, General President International Brotherhood of Teamsters 25 Louisiana Avenue, N. W. Washington 1, D. C.

Dear Sir and Brother:

No doubt you have noted in our Teamster publications that tha Californie Teamsters Legislative Council has employed the services of Mr. Richard Amador, of Stockton, to work throughout the state organizing our Spanish-speaking voters and the membere of other minority groupe in our campaign against the right-to-work movement.

Dick Amador has been very successful in his endeavors, and I am communicating with you to ascertain if you would find his assistance useful to you in your area. Many of our Teamster officials throughout the state have reported that he has achieved splendid resulte for them in their areas and it may be that he could be helpful in your jurisdiction. If so, please let me know, and we can work out details to assign him to operate under your direction for as much time as possible.

You might find him to be an invaluable aid in registering voters among minority groupe, in settling conflicts and misunderstandings that may exist in their areas in relation to our objectives, and in organizing compact groups of energetic and informed individuels to carry our messages to their own people.

As you know, almost all of the Latin-Americans, Negroes



The California Teemsters Legislative Council represents 270,000 members of the International Brotherhood of Teemsters in the State of California

end other minority groups are generally found within the realm of our wage and salary workers, but presently too large a segment of those groups do not possess a firm understanding of Organized Labor's aims, ideals and objectives.

Even more disturbing is the fact that a large number of them harbor misunderstandings, prejudices and even hostility toward Organised Labor. Some newspapers, and some other forms of mass media, have contributed to this unfortunate area of misunderstanding, and there appears to be little hope that those propaganda media will change their ways within the near future.

Encouraging the members of our minority communities to participate in pro-labor activities is an essential ingredient in the success of Organised Labor's program on behalf of our own members and for all people who work for wages and salaries. We must educate and we must inform the members of our various minority groups that their objectives, and the objectives of Organized Labor, are in harmony with one another.

To sttain that worthwhile goal we must endeavor to alter several basic notions now too firmly smbedded in the minds of too many members of those groups. When we do, we will gain the active and wholehearted support of hundreds of thousands of them here in California. This objective, when schieved, will multiply the prestige, the leadership and the strength of our Trade Union Movement.

Freternally yours,

Vern H. Cannon
Legislative Representative

VHC:jb

# California Teamsters Legislative Council

JOSEPH DIVINY, President JACK ANNAND, Vice-President GEORGE MOCK, Secretary



HOTEL SENATOR SACRAMENTO 14, CALIFORNIA Gilbert 2-5001

VERN N. CANNON, Legislative Representative

COMMITTEE MEMBERS

M. L. Cote

Edward Davis

Mike Elorduy

William Fowler Fresto

Stephen Gilligan San Francisco

Jack Goldberger San Francisco

Fred Hofmann Sen Jose

Los Angeles

John Marshall Los Angeles

Albert A. Marty Secremento

Stewart Mason San Bernardino

Ted Merrill Long Beach

Gerald A. Shearin

Les Summerfield

Vernon L. Pankey

Robert D. Ussery Sente Barbara

H. L. Woxburg Los Angeles

California teamsters Legislative Council

May 19, 1958

## CONFIDENTIAL

TO: All members of the Executive Committee California Teamsters Legislative Council

Attached ie the second stage of the report on Senator Knowland's activities while he was a State Senator and State Assemblyman in the 1930's.

So far as we can ascertain, it is the only material that proves that Knowland was as reactionary as a fledgling legislator as he is today.

Freternally yours,

Vern H. Cannon Legislative Representative

VHC:Jb

Enclosure



The California Teamsters Legislative Council represents 270,000 members of the International Brotherhood

Mr. Frad Dutton
Brown-for-Governor Headquarters
902 Market Street
San Franciaco, California

#### Dear Frad:

Enclosed is a copy of a report on Senator Knowland's activities as a State Lagislator in Sacramento.

I do not consider this report a definitive one because it could stand more extensive research in many respects. However, due to the May 10 deadlins, it is being sent along in this form now for your scrutiny. Then, when you have determined which points should be more extensively researched, we can pin-point out efforts on them.

There is considerable political ammunition readily available in this report. The report shows some of Senator Knowland's votes against labor, against the old-aged, against the needy, against veterans, against the dairy industry and other segments of agriculture, his efforts to shift added costs of government onto the backs of the consumer, his legislative efforts to favor public utilities and chain storss, his efforts to inaugurate draetic slashes in the pay of state employees and other actions of discrimination against them. These are only a few of the items of interest developed in the report.

Studying 11,864 pages of ancient legislative journals and histories, line-by-lina, has been a monumental task for the time and assistance allowed. It has been like distilling all of the salt water in San Francisco Bay in order to obtain one bucketful of fresh water. Thousands of legislative items were studied and discarded as being useless for the purposes of this report.

In addition to the official records (which at this late date oftentimes do not reveal much of the real meaning of bills), it may be that research in newspapers might offer a fertile field for further information. This should not be difficult aince the report specifies dates.

Going beyond the official records might result in some interesting information being revealed. For instance, you will note how consistently

Mr. Fred Dutton -2-Mey 7, 1958 Senetor Knowlend voted egainst egricultural marketing egreements-usually being the lone holdout egainst that type of legislation. Why should he have been the sole opponent? Certainly the records do not reveal his motives. However, it is well known that Safewey Stores, Inc., hee long been a foremost opponent of eny type of agricultural controls (especially on milk). Safewey had its home offices in Oskland in those days (still doss) end one could epeculete on whether the influence of this large chain store organisation in Oakland, and its huge advertising budget, might have affected the Senetor in his voting. Possibly other equally interesting connections might be developed if epeculation were backed by further research. At eny rate, the enclosed report certainly should serve as a suitable springboard for political ection. Yours very sincerely, Pet Mertin PM:jb Enclosure cc: Attorney General Brown

The following report is intended to reflect certain aspects of the legislative record of William &. Knowland while he was a member of the California Lagielature.

The period covered is from the start of the 1933 Regular Session through the adjournment of the 1938 Extraordinary Session.

In reporting Knowland's votes on individual bills, reference will be made to the Journal wherein such vote is recorded, by date and page number. All such references for the years 1933 and 1934 are to the Assembly Journals and for the years 1935, 1937 and 1938 are to the Senate Journals.

The objective of this report is to attempt to establish, by the record, Knowland's conservatism and his lack of sympathy for liberal and progressive ideas. Consequently, the voting record reported here has been selected to emphasiae those characteristics of his. Under the miscellaneous heading, numerous votes are recorded which do not necessarily bear on the principal objective of this report, but which may suggest a basis for exploration of other pertinent matters, or provide a clue to particular situations which could be exploited. It should be borne in mind that votes which might be construed as favoring liberal or progressive ideas have not been reported.

The method followed in this research has been to scan every page of the appropriate Journals (thousands of pages) wherein a vote on any issue might appear. Each recorded vote has been analysed with respect to the issue involved—passage of a bill, constitutional amendment or resolution; adoption of a report, approval of a motion, approval of amendments, concurrence in amendments by the opposite house, concurrence in conference report, legislative procedure, the subject matter (the substantive matter of legislation, or committee reports, proposed amendments, and so forth, procedural aspects such as second or third reading, call of the house, motions to table, re-refer, and so forth), the result of the vote, the actual vote cast by Knowland, and the date and page reference.

The volume of material which has been handled with the allowable time has prevented exhaustive research into the effect, either good or bad, which may have resulted from the passage or non-passage of the legislation which has been the subject matter of the votes which have been recorded. Legislation is generally only identified in the Journals by titles which are frequently obscure insofar as the actual subject matter involved is concerned. This is particularly true of legislation which amends codes or acts. It has not been possible to consult the codes or statutes in all instances, and research of that type was not followed unless the vote indicated a substantial controversy existed or the subject was part of a small minority. In the instances of bills which did not become law, the original bill itself would be the best source of information on the potential effect of the proposal. However, some of them are not readily available. The conclusion drawn under these limitations is that an individual vote may be cited as evidence of an attitude toward the subject matter of the vote and of the day.

#### VOTING RECORD

In outlining the record of significant votes hereafter, the classifications used are of necessity arbitrary and are not mutually exclusive. For example, some bills under "Old Age Security" also might well be under "Welfare." An effort has been made to classify items under the most logical heading. However, the possibilities of combining or further separating these groupings should not be ovarlooked.

Only in those cases where the records at hand readily reveal the final disposition of the legislation under consideration have any comments of this nature been included. Thus legislation passed or refused passage, adopted or refused adoption, refer only to the action of the particular House as effected by the particular recorded vote.

#### BANKING

Assembly Joint Resolution 15. Memorialises Congress to provide a system of deposit insurance to protect depositors. Passed 62-1. Knowland present but not voting. Assembly Journal March 24, 1933, Page 1428.

## EDUCATION

Senate Constitutional Amendment 30. Re: taxation and support of the public achools, refused passage 41-36. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal April 20, 1933, Page 2509. Further amendments were made to this bill on reconsideration and it was finally passed. See Assembly Journal May 1, 1933, Page 3057, for report of special committee. (Knowland a member) Recommended state support of public schools from proceeds of 2¢ sales tax. See "Fiscal Affairs" for more information regarding this bill.

Assembly Bill 1223. Relating to the organisation, government and control of state teachara colleges. Passed 42-33. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal April 21, 1933, Page 2574. On April 24, 1933, Knowland moved to reconsider the vote whereby the bill was passed and reconsideration was granted, 42-38. Knowland voting Aye. Assembly Journal April 24, 1933, Page 2671. The bill was taken up immediately by unanimous consent and refused passage, 39-40. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal April 24, 1933, Page 2671. Specifically, this bill amended Sections 5.1, 5.10, 5.120, 5.133, 5.134, 5.180, 5.181, 5.182, 5.2, 5.20, 5.21, 5.23, 5.25, 5.26, 5.40, 5.44, 5.540, 5.60, 5.61, 5.62, 5.70, 5.80, 5.84, 5.86, 5.87, 5.88, 5.89, 5.90, 5.91, 5.92, 5.93, 5.100, 5.101, 5.102, 5.103, 5.104, 5.105, 5.110 and 5.112 of the School Code.

# EMPLOYMENT

Assembly Bill 894. Requiring security for payment of wages in the mining industry. Passed 60-5. Knowland did not vote on this measure although he is recorded as voting on other measures both prior to and subsequently on this day. Assembly Journal March 14, 1933, Page 1100.

Assembly Bill 2363. Limiting the number of cars in a train. Refused passage 34-41. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal April 27, 1933, Page 2864. Was reconsidered and re-referred to committee on Rules where it died.

Assembly Bill 1021. To amend Saction 1 of Women's Labor Law adopted March 22, 1911. Refused passage 25-47. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal May 3, 1933. Pags 3203.

Assembly Bill 339. Relating to the use of detectives or spotters in their reports as basis for discipline of employee, requiring a hearing. Refused passage 35-42. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal May 3, 1933, Page 3204.

Senate Concurrent Resolution 30. To request the Governor to apply for Reconstruction Finance Corporation loans for highway purposes. Approved 55-14. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal May 4, 1933, Page 3284.

Assambly Bill 878. Providing for Unemployment Compensation. Passed 45-27. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal May 11, 1933, Page 3783.

Senate Concurrent Resolution 14. Recommending establishment of a state hospital for persons injured in industrial work. Passed 46-18. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal May 12, 1933, Page 3997.

Senste Bill 24. To limit the number of cars in a train. Passed 22-16. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal March 20, 1935, Page 585.

Assembly Bill 608. To limit the hours of employment of persons engaged sa servants or domestic labor. Refused passage 7-25. Knowlend voted No. Senata Journal April 25, 1933, Page 1507.

Assembly Bill 45. To limit the hours of labor of domestic workers. Refused passage 10-18. Knowland not voting. Senate Journal Msy 17, 1935, Page 2140.

Senate Bill 879. To add Section 6902 to the Labor Code relating to train crews. Refused passage 14-25. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal May 6, 1937, Page 2260.

Senste Bill 729. Limiting hours of labor of domestic help. Refused passage 17-17. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal May 14, 1937, Page 2550.

Assembly Bill 103. To sdd Section 207.5 to Labor Code relating to the payment of wages. Passed 22-15. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal May 24, 1937, Page 2882.

Assembly Bill 269. Relating to the use of spotters or detectives for disciplining employees. Refused passage 16-22. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal May 26, 1937, Page 3015.

#### FISCAL AFFAIRS

Assembly Bill 675. This was the budget bill for the biennium. Knowland apparently worked very hard for its passage, voting against all efforts to amend from the floor, demanding roll calls on the same. Passed 76-0. Knowland voted Aya. Assembly Journal April 7, 1933, Page 1982.

Assembly Bill 164. To permit the use of funds derived from Vehicle Taxes for epecial assessment proceedings, and the purchase of bonds. Passed 56-17. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal April 10, 1933, Page 2023.

Senate Constitutional Amendment 30. This was a proposed constitutional amendment, which was intended to ra-organize the taxation system of California. As finally passed it provided for a shifting of utility taxes to the counties, and the imposition of a 2% salas tax to provide state support for schools. Numerous votes were taken on the bill, on amendments and on parliamentary procedures relative to the bill. Reference should be had to the index of the Assembly Journal for 1933, Page 4942, for reference to these votes. Knowland played a prominent part in the consideration of the measure, which was very controversial. The amendment was adopted 67-10 with Knowland voting Aye. Assembly Journal May 2, 1933, Page 3110.

Report of Joint Legislative Tax Committee of which Knowlend was a membar relates to Senate Constitutional Amendment 30. Assembly Journal April 29, 1933, Page 2966. Modification of the recommendations made by this report were made in a report of a select committee of which Knowland was a member. See Assembly Journal May 1, 1933, Pages 3057 and 3058.

Assembly Bill 675. Budget bill. On concurrence in Senate amendments. Knowland voted No. Concurrence approved 41-39. Assembly Journal May 4, 1933, Page 3234.

Assembly Bill 2429. Income tax act. Passed 47-30. Knowland voted Aye. Assembly Journal July 22, 1933, Page 4416.

Senate Bill 1211. Sales Tax Act. Passed 57-21. Knowland voted Aye. Assambly Journal July 22, 1933, Page 4421. Knowland was member of Free Conference Committee on this bill.

Assembly Bill 94. For the relief of assessment districts and to permit tham to undergo bankruptcy. Urgency clause refused adoption 25-12. Knowland voted No. Bill passed 22-12. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal January 24, 1935, Page 209.

Appointed to Joint Committee to consider a revenue and taxation program. Senate Journal April 18, 1935, Page 1298.

Assembly Constitutional Amendment 20. Relating to the relief of assessment districts. Adopted 28-2. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal April 29, 1935, Page 1576.

Report of special committee to formulate a taxation and revenue program. This report recommended increase in sales tax from 2% to 3%. Also a use tax. Increased income taxes, particularly on state employees. A real estate transfer tax, and a state tax on motor vehicles in lieu of local taxes. Report approved 30-6. Knowland voted Aye. Senate Journal May 16, 1935, Page 2052.

Senate Constitutional Amendment 19, Prohibiting tax exempt bonds. Refused passage 19-20. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal May 22, 1935, Page 2246.

Assembly Bill 700. Budget bill. Passed 32-0. Knowland voted Aye. Senate Journal May 31, 1935, Page 2608.

### HOUSING

Assembly Bill 374. To provide for low cost housing through limited dividend housing corporations. (This law has never been used in Californie so far as is known.) Paceed 53-15. Knowland voted Aye. Assembly Journal April 10, 1933, Page 2024.

Assembly Bill 98. Public Housing Account. Passed 31-0. Knowland not voting. Senate Journal May 10, 1935, Page 2942.

Assembly Bill 4. Housing Authority Act. Amendments were proposed to prevent revenue bonds from being paid out of taxes or assessment on other real property. These amendments were defeated 15-21. Knowland voted Aye. The bill was passed 32-5. Knowland voted Aye. Senate Journal March 12, 1938, Page 133.

# LABOR UNIONS

Assembly Bill 315. Regulating agreements between employers and employees. Proposed amendments including restrictive clauses that would make agreeing not to join a union illegal were refused adoption by a vote of 8-63. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal April 27, 1933, Page 2839. Bill passed 64-8. Knowland voted Aye. Assembly Journal April 27, 1933, Page 2840.

Assembly Bill 454. Outlawing labor contract provisions against belonging to a labor union. Passed 64-3. Knowland not voting although recorded on both the immediately prior and immediately subsequent rolls. Assembly Journal May 4, 1933, Page 3310. Bill subsequently died in Senate Committee.

Accembly Bill 162. To limit the jurisdiction of courts over labor disputes. Refueed passage 8-27. Knowland voted Aye. Senate Journal June 15, 1933, Page 3200.

Assembly Concurrent Resolution 18. Relating to a legislative pardon for Thomae J. Mooney. Refused adoption 5-34. Knowland voted No. Senats Journal March 16, 1937, Page 825. Remarks by Knowland in Senate Journal on March 17, 1937, Page 855.

Assembly Concurrent Resolution 33. To request Governor to pardon Thomas J. Mooney. Refused adoption 8-30. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal April 7, 1937, Page 1507.

Assembly Bill 2326. To add Section 1 1/2 and amend Section 1 of an "Act Regulating Advertising During a Strike or Lockout" approved June 17, 1913. Refused cassage 19-20. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal May 20, 1937, Page 2742.

#### OLD AUE SECURITY

Assembly Joint Resolution 6. Memorializing Congress to enact an old age cension bill and to study the Townsend plan. Adopted 29-7. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal January 22, 1935, Page 168.

Senate Joint Resolution 2. Memorializing Congress and the President to enact legislation embodying the Townsend plan. Adopted 22-12. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal January 22, 1935, Page 169.

Assembly Joint Resolution 39. Memorializing Congress to adopt the Townsend olan. Refused adoption 17-21. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal March 12, 1935, Page 475. Knowland explained his "no" vote as being against the Townsend olan, not against old age pension. Senate Journal March 12, 1935, Page 482. Reconsideration granted 21-19. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal March 19, 1935, Page 567. Adopted 21-19. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal March 19, 1935, Page 572.

Assembly Bill 767. To amend the Old Age Security Act of Californie. An amendment to the bill was offered to increase old age assistance from not less than 20 nor more than 35 to 50 a month. This amendment was defeated 14-20. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal June 11, 1935, Page 3007. The bill cassed 33-0. Knowland voted Age. Senate Journal Juna 11, 1935, Page 3008.

Senate Bill 159. To amend Section 4 of Old Age Security Act relating to relief from liens on property of recioients. Passed 32-0. Knowland oresent but not voting. Senate Journal January 1, 1937, Page 315.

Senate Bill 391. To add Chapter 1 (Sections 2000 to 2225 inclusive) to Division III of the Welfare and Institutions Code relative to needy aged. Passed 31-0. Knowland not voting although recorded on rolls immediately prior and subsequent. Senate Journal May 6, 1937, Page 2271.

Passed 33-3. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal March 12, 1938, Page 140.

# STATE EMPLOYEES

Knewland was a member of a subcommittee comprising three members of the Ways and Means Committee which made a special study of ways to effect savings in budget relating to state employees. This report recommended graduated salary reductions on a scale of from 5%

on \$100 to 37% on \$1,200 per month. It also recommended

- 1. No new positions
- 2. No new employees
- 3. Elimination of unnecessary positions
- 4. No salary increase during biennium
- 5. Reduced sickleave allowance
  6. Bight-hour day for all employees
- 7. No paid overtime
- 8. Required vacation without pay.

The measures were designed to save £15 million. This report is orinted beginning with Page 1077 of the Assembly Journal for March 13, 1933.

Assembly Constitutional Amendment 3. Amend Section 23 of Article IV relating to compensation of members of the Legislature. Refused adoption 41-35. Knowland voted Aye. Assembly Journal April 25, 1933, Page 2682.

Assembly Constitutional Amendment 26. Relative to length of legislative term and nay of legislators. Refused passage 47-27. Knowland voted Aye. Assembly Journal April 25, 1933, Page 2684.

Assembly Bill 722. To add Section lua to the "State Civil Service Act," relating to the abolition of state jobs. Passed 63-1. Knowland voted Aye. Assembly Journal March 27, 1933, Page 1487. On concurrence in Senate amendment which were concurred 53-1, Knowland voted Aye. Assembly Journal April 28, 1933, Page 2916.

Assembly Bill 700. To prescribe salary classifications and salaries. This bill implemented the graduated salary reductions recommended by the subcommittee of which Knowland was a member (note above). It was amended during consideration both by committee and from the fleor. Passed 69-0. Knowland voted Aye. Assembly Journal May 5, 1933, Page 3426. It was vetoed by the Governor and the veto sustained 42-34. Knowland voted to over-ride veto. Assembly Journal July 18, 1933, Page 4293.

Assembly Bill 1310. To amend Section 2, 3, and 14 and add Section 3a of State Civil Service Act and to repeal Section 686 of the Political Code. Refused passage 23-39. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal May 5, 1933, Page 3392.

Assembly Bill 2068. Amend Section 10 of the State Civil Service Act to require cayment of fee for making application for state 10bs. Passed 40-10. Knowland voted Aye. Assembly Journal May 5, 1933, Page 3411. Bill later died in Senate Committee.

Assembly Constitutional Amendment 121. To amend Section 23 of Article IV relating to compensation of Legislators. Passed 59-18. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal May 12, 1933, Page 3891. Later died in Senate Committee.

## UTILITIES

Senator Dempater offered a resolution requesting the Railroad Commission to out the rates of certain utility companies. Adopted 35-28. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal April 19, 1933, Page 2386. On April 20, 1933, the action was reconsidered 60-1. Knowland voted Aye on reconsideration. Assembly Journal, Page 2426.

Assembly Bill 2341. To reduce rates charged by utilities for heat, light and power. Refused passege 19-53. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal May 6, 1933, Page 3533.

Senate Bill 319. To smend Section 13 of Public Utilities Act relating to rates. Refused passage 30-36. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal May 12, 1933, Page 4032.

Senate Concurrent Resolution 5. Relating to a study by an interim committee of the control of public ownership of utilities. Passed 27-8. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal June 11, 1935, Page 2987.

Senate Bill 731. To investigate the feasibility of public ownership of electric facilities. Refused passage 25-o. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal June 12, 1935, Page 3901.

Senate Bill 285. Rural Electrification Administration Cooperative enabling act. Passed 30-0. Knowland not voting. Senate Journal April 14, 1937, Page 1700.

# WELFARE

Assembly Bill 37. To permit persons transporting goods for the relief of unemployment to register vehicles used for that purpose free of charge. The urgency clause was refused adoption on January 26, 1935, by a vote of 9-19. Knowland not voting. Senate Journal, Page 301. Knowland demanded roll call on reconsideration which was granted 31-3 with Knowland voting No. Senate Journal March 12, 1935, Page 480. Urgency clause adopted 29-2. Knowland voting No. Senate Journal March 12, 1935, Page 481. Passed 32-1. Knowland voting No. Senate Journal March 13, 1935, Page 494.

Senate Bill 38. Rehabilitation Act for the relief of unemployment by cooperative undertakings. Urgency clause refused edoption 19-19. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal April 1, 1935, Page 797. Bill ruled dead as result.

Appointed to Interim Committee on Cost of Illness and Medical Care. Senate Journal May 1, 1935, Page 2076.

Assembly Bill 121. Relief Act--providing for cooperative self-help and exchange of labor for commodities. Refused passage 12-24. Knowland not voting. Senste Journal May 17, 1935, Page 2147.

Assembly Bill 653. To permit eities and counties to have their own relief agencies. Passed 33-4. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal June 11, 1935, Page 3916.

Assembly Bill 360. Relating to length of residence for eligibility for relief. Refused passage 10-18. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal June 15, 1935, Page 3223.

## WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION

Assembly Bill 1815. Amends Section 29 of 1917 Workmen's Compensation Act. Passed 55-0. Knowland present but not voting. Assembly Journal March 17, 1933, Page 1242.

Senate Bill IIII. To amend Section 14 of 1917 Workmen's Comoansation Act relating to death benefita. Refused passage 40-36. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal May 9, 1933, Page 3791.

Senate Bill 680. To extend Werkmen's Compensation to railway workers. Refused passage 10-26. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal April 15, 1937, Page 1748.

Assembly Resolution. To study Workmen's Compensation Act.
Passed 29-6. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal May 28, 1937, Page 3435.

## NATURAL RESOURCES

Senate Joint Resolution 4. Knowland withheld consent on request to take up resolution without reference to file on January 13, 1933. Assembly Journal, Page 394. This resolution memorialized Congress to transfer jurisdiction of certain oil bearing lands in Kern County from the Navy to the Department of the Interior. Department of the Interior administration would have permitted the State and County to share in rent and/or royalty resulting from the development of the oil resources, which were in a Naval Reserve. The Navy indicated that the lands were not valuable for national defense in a letter to the Governor. See Assembly Journal March 7, 1933, Page 923. When the resolution came up for adoption on January 19, 1933, on a metion to take up without reference to committee or file it was adopted by a vote of 59 to 11 with Knowland voting No. Assembly Journal, Page 495.

Assembly Bill 2374. Regulating the importation of illegally produced crude oil. Passed 57-7. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal April 27, 1933, Page 2862.

Assembly Bill 2410. Relating to the formation of mining districts. Passed 52-17. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal May6, 1933, Page 3507. Bill later died in Senate Committee.

Assembly Bill 1944. To create a mining and development board. Passed 57-6. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal May 12, 1933, Page 4084. Later died in Senate Committee.

Assembly Bill 2132. To make the provisions of the N.I.R.A. applicable in Californie en an amendment to except cil wells producting less than 50 barrels per day from production limitations. Knowland did not vote. Bill passed 70-4. Knowland voted Aye. Assembly Journal July 25, 1933, Page 4457.

Assembly Bill 1684. To amend Section 23 and repeal Section 24 of the Oil Leasing Act of May 25, 1921, as amended. Knowland voted against an amendment which would have increased royalty rata from 16 2/3% to 25%. Bill passed 36-2. Knowland voted Aye. Senate Journal May 30, 1935, Page 2549.

Senate Bill 780. Relating to the importation of illegally produced gas or oil. Passed 25-11. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal June 11, 1935, Page 2983.

Senate Bill 103. To permit leasing tidelands for oil production. Refused passage 14-24. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal April 19, 1937, Page 1795.

#### MORTGAGES AND DEBTORS

A motion was made to request the Governor to declare a moratorium on the foreclosure of deeds of trust end mortgages for 30 days. A further motion was made to refer the motion to the Judiciary Committee which was carried by a vote of 44-31. Knowland voted Aye. Assembly Journal, Page 845.

Assembly Joint Resolution 24. Memorializing Congress to enact a 2-year moratorium on foreclosures. Passed 51-4. Knowland present. not voting. Assembly Journal March 23, 1933, Page 1428.

Assembly Bill 781. An act to amend Sections 692, 702, 726 of, end to add Sections 725, 725a end 725b to the Code of Civil Procedure and to receal Sections 2920, 2924, 2924a, and 2932 of the civil code relating to trust deeds and mortgages. Passed 41-28. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal April 18, 1933, Page 2341.

Assembly Constitutional Amendment 6. Relating to deficiency judgments. Refused passage 50-28. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal April 19, 1933, Page 2372.

Senate Bill 253. Releting to deficiency judgements. Amend Section 726 of the Code of Civil Procedure. Refused passage 18-15. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal April 25, 1933, Page 1503. Reconsideration was granted on April 29, 1935, but the bill was again refused passage 19-19. Knowland voted No again. Senate Journal April 29, 1935, Page 1572.

Senate Bill 252. Relating to mortgages. Amends Section 2924 of the Civil Code. Refused passage 16-22. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal April 29, 1935, Page 1571.

Senate Bill 573. To add Sections 2953 and 2954 to the Civil Code releting to mortgeges. Passed 33-0. Knowland not voting. Senate Journal April 14, 1937, Page 1700.

# MISCELLANEOUS

Assembly Joint Resolution 14. Memorialized Congress to repeal the federal tax on gasoline. Refused adoption 34-39. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal January 26, 1933, Page 675.

Assembly Bill 140. Recealing Sections 9a, 9b, 9c and 9d of the California Heal Estate Act relating to Real Estate Brokers' Bonds passed 53-18. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal March 13, 1933, Page 1063.

Assembly Bill 1272. Provided for directional and cautionary marking of State Highwaya. Passed 57-16. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal March 13, 1933, Page 1094.

Assembly Bill 715. Abolition of the death penalty. Passed 45-31. Knowland veted Aye. Assembly Journal March 15, 1933, Page 1149.

Assembly Bill 411. Amend Section 1174 of the Code of Civil Procedure affecting proceedings for forcible entrees. Refused passage 36-24. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal March 22, 1933, Page 1340. On reconsideration which was had 53-7, Knowland voted Aye; and then on passage of the bill which was passed 51-15, he voted Aye. Assembly Journal March 24, 1933, Page 1433.

Assembly Bill 782. Amending Section 132 of the Civil Code relating to final judgements in divorce proceedings. Refused passage 22-55. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal March 29, 1933, Page 1549.

Assembly Bill 175. To repeal the state law regarding the posmeasion of stills. Passed 42-34. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal March 30, 1933, Page 1599.

Assembly Bill 948. To reveal the allowance made for National Guard uniforms. Refused passage 22-28. Knowland voted Aye and gave notice of intention to move for reconsideration. Assembly Journal April 14, 1933, Page 2241.

Assembly Bill 246. To provide for the registration of annitary efficers. Refused bassage 30-33. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal April 18, 1933, Page 2300. On reconsideration passed 45-28. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal May 2, 1933, Page 3129.

Assembly Bill 217. To give San Francisco state tidelands for airport purposes. Passed 49-4. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal April 18, 1933, Page 2323.

Assembly Bill 2350. Relating to purchases of manufactured articles by the state or its subdivisions. Passed 45-10. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal April 18, 1933, Page 2336.

Assembly Bill 2328. Relating to compensation of appraisers amending Section 609 or the Probate Code. Passed 62-7. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal April 28, 1933, Page 2908.

Assembly Bill 262. Relating to oreliminary examination in eriminal proceedings. Passed 54-19. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal April 28, 1933, Page 2908.

Assembly Bill 2352. Relating to a tax on cleomargarine. Paaned 42-26. Knowland voted No. Assembly Journal May 6, 1933, Page 3527. Bill was very controversial. Vetoed by Governor.

Assembly Bill 259. Central Valley Project Authorization. Passed 55-3. Knowland not voting. Assembly Journal May 11, 1933, Page 3741.

Assembly Bill 578. Relating to a tax on eleomargarine. Passed 33-1. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal April 4, 1935, Page 861.

Appointed on special committee to investigate the execution of Rush Griffin.

Senate Bill 498. To add Chapter 9 of Division IV to Agriculture Code relating to the market of fluid milk and cream. Passed 28-1. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal May 2, 1935, Page 1668.

Senate Bill 1102. To add Chapter 10 of Division IV to Agriculture Code relating to the marketing of fluid milk and cream. Passed 27-1. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal May 8, 1935, Page 1842.

Passed 29-10. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal May 20, 1935, Page 2188.

Senate Bill 353. To repeal Chapter 1029 of Statutes of 1933 relating to Agricultural Marketing Agreements. Although Knowland had voted for the bill originally on the question of approval of a free conference committee report, he voted No. The report was approved 31-1. Senate Journal May 24, 1935, Page 2326. The Assembly amendments appear to be relatively innocuous and Knowland did not vote on the question of concurrence with those amendments.

Senate Bill 1123. To submit to electors the question of whether chain stores should be licensed. Passed 24-14. Knowland voted Aye. Senate Journal May 27, 1935, Page 2411.

Assembly Bill 2365. To license chain stores. This was a very centreversial bill. Knowland's remarks opposing are printed in Jeurnal for May 29, 1935, Pages 2482 and 2483. Bill passed 34-4. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal May 29, 1935, Page 2488.

Senate Bill 287. Relating to codes of fair competition for certain trades and industries. Refused passage 15-20. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal May 28, 1935, Page 2443. On reconsideration bill passed 27-7. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal June 3, 1935, Page 2655.

Assembly Bill 2386. To add Chapter 8 of Division VI to Agrieulture Code relating to the marketing of milk and dairy products. Passed 24-1. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal June 1, 1935, Page 2640.

Senate Bill 1086. Relating to marketing agreements, agricultural standards, etc. Passed 34-1. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal May 5, 1935, Page 2740.

Assembly Bill 329. Relating to codes of fair competition for eartein industries and tredes. Passed 22-9. Knowlend voted No. Senete Journel June 16, 1935, Page 3625.

Remerka of Knowland regarding Supreme Court Reorganization plan orevented in the Journal for March 4, 1937, Page 497.

Resolution opposing court reorganization approved 24-14. Knowlend voted Aye. Senete Journal March 3, 1937, Page 465.

Senete Constitutionel Amendment 9. Providing an exemption from taxation of real property for veterans to extent of \$1,000 of velue. Passed 30-8. Knowlend voted No. Senate Journel April 20, 1937, Page 1811.

Senete Bill 509. Amend Section 3612 of Political Code regarding veterans tax exemptions under the Constitution. Passed 26-6. Knowlend voted No. Senate Journal April 20, 1937, Page 1812.

Senate Bill 75. To add Article la to Chapter I, Division III ef Agricultural Code relating to slaughterhouses for processing dog food. Passed 34-2. Knowlend voted No. Senate Journal May 13, 1937, Page 2509.

Assembly Bill 2122. To edd Articles 2a and 4 to Chapter 10, Division IV of the Agriculture Code relating to minimum price for milk. Paased 25-11. Knowland voted No. Senate Journal May 25, 1937, Page 2961.

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

William Fife Knowland served one term in the Assembly and one term in the Senate of the Californie Legislature. He represented tha lith Assembly District, Alameda County, in 1933 and 1934, and the 16th Senatorial District, Alameda County in 1935, 1936, 1937 and 1938. His occupation was listed as "Publisher" and his party affiliation as Republican during the antire time he was a member of the Legislature.

#### Year 1933

As freshmen assemblyman in 1933, he was chairman of the Committee on Hospitals and Asylums and a member of the Committees on Crime Problems, Elections, Revenue and Taxation, State Grounds and Parks, Universities and Ways and Means.

Ha was author or eo-author of 116 bills, two Constitutional Amendments, two Concurrent Resolutions and one Joint Resolution. Of the 116 bills, sixteen became law, and of these sixteen, Assemblyman Knowland was the main or sole author of six. Ninty-two bills died in committee. Four were killed in committee. One was tabled in the Assembly and one was refused passage by the Assembly. Two were vetoed by the Governor. One Concurrent Resolution was filed with the Secretary of State. One Concurrent Resolution and one Joint Resolution ware killed in committee and two Constitutional Amendments died in committee.

Of the total of 2,443 bills introduced into the Assembly, 27 par cent became law. Of the 116 bills authored by Assemblyman Knowland, approximately 14 par cent became law.

The six bills of which Assemblyman Knowland was the sole or main author and which became law were:

Assembly Bill 3 (Chapter 39, Statutes of 1933) An act prohibiting the possession of all devices or attachments of any kind, designed used or intended for use in silencing the report of a firearm, and providing a penalty for violation thereof.

Assembly Bill II (Chapter 337, Statutes of 1933) An act to amend the title and Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 7 of "An act to regulate the possession and transportation of any form of shell, cartridge or bomb containing or capable of emitting tear gas and providing penalties for violation thereof" approved May 28, 1931, and to add Sections 2a and 2b of said act relating to the possession, transportation and sale of tear gas shells, cartridges, bombs or weapons.

Assembly Bill 733 (Chapter 572, Statutes of 1933) An act to add a new section, to be numbered 4, to an act entitled "An act providing for the exhibit of the products and resources of the State of Californie at the Chicago World's Fair Centennial Celebration to be held at Chicago, Illinois, in 1933, creating the Californie World's Fair Cantennial Celebration Commission and defining its powers and duties, and making an appropriation therefore, approved June 12, 1931, relating to powers and duties of said Commission, and declaring the urgency thereof.

Assambly Bill 2286 (Chaoter 948, Statutes of 1933) An act declining the State of Crlifornie to accept money from the estate of Hotfilter for the purpose of arecting s fountain within the State Capitol grounds.

Assembly Bill 2621 (Chapter 1048, Statutes of 1933) An ect to amend Saction 6 3/4 of the Inharitence Tex Act, relating to exemptions end rates of tex.

### Year 1935

As a frashmen Sanetor in 1935, Senator Knowland was Chairman of the Committae on Building and Loan Associations, and a member of the Committees on Education, Elections, Finance, Hospitals and Asylums, Prisons and Reformatories, Revenue and Texation, Rules, and Universities and Taachers Colleges.

He was author or co-author of eighteen bills, five Concurrent Resolutions, one Constitutional Amendment and one Joint Resolution. Of the eighteen bills, six became law, and the Senator was sole or main author of all of these. Eleven bills died in committee and one was not signed by the Governor. Five Concurrent Resolutions, one Joint Resolution and one Constitutional Amendment were filed with the Secretary of State.

Of the total of 1,134 bills introduced into the Senata 27.5 oer cent became lew. Of the eighteen bills authored by Sanator Knowland, 33 1/3 oer eent became law.

The aix bills euthored by Senstor Knowland which became law were:

Senata Bill 99 (Chapter 250, Statutes of 1935) An act to amend Sections 4-151 and 4-221 of the School Code, all relating to unapportioned county school funds.

Seneta Bill 227 (Cheoter 126, Statutes of 1935) An act prohibiting the use of certain cames, except by blind persons, providing oroteotion egainst eccidents to such persons and providing penalties fer violations thereof.

Senete Bill 377 (Chapter 129, Statutes of 1935) An act to velidate the organisation and existence of regional park districts.

Senate Bill 561 (Chapter 642, Statutes of 1935) An act to emend Sections 194, 195, 196, 197, 198 and 188 of, and to edd new sections to be numbered 199, 200, 201, 202, 203 and 204 to, the Streets and Highways Code, relating to ellocations and expenditure of moneys from the State Highway Fund within cities, and providing a promadure therefore.

Senata Bill 566 (Chapter 574, Statutes of 1935) An act to provide means for making applicable to judges of the superior courts the eroviaions of Section 26 of Article VI of the Constitution of this atate relating to the method of selecting judges.

Senate Bill 604 (Chapter 575, Statutes of 1935) An act to add Sections 476, 477, 478, and 479 to the Political Code, relating to the cowers and duties of the Attorney General.

#### Year 1937

In the 1937 measion of the Legislature the Senator was Chairman of the Committee on Revenue and Taxation and a member of the Committees on Building and Loan Associations, Education, Finance, Rules, and Universities and State Collages.

He was the author or co-author of thirty-four bills, one Conatitutional Amendment and three Concurrent Resolutions. Of the thirty-four bills, fifteen became law, and the Senator was sole author of all of thesa. Sixteen bills died in committee and three were pocket vetoed by the Governor. Three Concurrent Resolutions and one Constitutional Amendment were filed with the Secretary of State.

Of the total of 1,165 bills introduced into the Senate, 27.7 per cent became law. Of the 34 bills authored by Senator Knowland, 44 par cent become law.

The 15 bills authored by Senator Knowland which became law are:

Senete Bill 45 (Chapter 45, Stetutes of 1937) An act granting certain salt mersh, tide and submerged lands of the State of Californie to the City of Oekland, including the management, use and control thereof.

Senata Bill 135 (Chapter 589, Statutes of 1937) An act to amend Sections 11, 13, 15, 15c and 21 of, and to add Section 11a to an act entitled "An act to provide for the organization, incorporation, and government of municipal utility districts, authorizing such districts to incur bonded indebtedness for the acquisition and construction of works and procerty, end to levy and collect taxes to pay the principal and interast thereon", approved May 23, 1921, as amended, relating to the tenure and powers of the gamerel manager, the redemption of and signatures to bonds, civil service, and the establishment of a retirament system, all releting to municipal utility districts.

Senete Bill 173 (Chapter 27, Statutes of 1937) An act to amend Section 4 of the County Water Districts Act relating to elections under the euthority of said act.

Senete Bill 187 (Chapter 262, Stetutes of 1937) An act to add Chapter IIIe, comprising Sections 1334 to 1334.6, inclusive, to Title X of Part II of the Penal Code, relating to the attendance of witnesses without the state in criminal proceedings.

Senete Bill 259 (Chapter 171, Statutes of 1937) An act relating to out-of-atate parolee supervision end authorizing and directing the Governor to enter into compects therefor.

Senate Bill 264 (Chepter 839, Statutes of 1937) An act to add

Section 134 to the Streets and Highways Code, relating to the acquisition of property within cities for highway purposes.

Senate Bill hts (Chapter 300, Statutes of 1937) An act to repeal an act entitled "An act providing for the setting aside of moneys raised for building purposes by school districts for three fiscal years and the expenditures of such moneys thereafter", approved April 22, 1929, and to add to Chapter I of Part III of Division IV of the School Code a new Article to be known as Article IIa, relating to accumulation and expenditure of funds by school districts for capital outlay purposes.

Senate Bill 636 (Chapter 96, Statutes of 1937) An act to a-mend Section I of an act entitled "An act granting certain tidelands and submerged lands of the State of California to the city of Oakland and regulating the management, usa and control thereof," approved May 1, 1911, relating to the use and transfer of such lands; declaring the urgency thereof; and providing this act shall take effect immediately.

Senate Bill 799 (Chapter 59, Statutes of 1937) An act to repeal an act entitled "An act to permit governing boards of school
districts to provide for the payment of retirement salaries to the
teachers and other employees thereof in the manner prescribed by this
act", approved June 19, 1929, and to add a new part to Division V of
the School Code, to be known as Part V, containing Sections 5.1100,
5.1101, 5.1102, 5.1103, 5.1104, 5.1105, 5.1106, 5.1107, 5.1108, 5.1109,
5.1110 and 5.1111 all relating to the retirement by school districts
of employees, and declaring the urgency hereof, and providing that
this act shall take effect immediately.

Senate Bill 894 (Chapter 28, Statutes of 1937) An act to amend an act entitled "An act authorizing the investment and reinvestment and disposition of any moneys in any sinking fund of any county, city and county, or incorporated city or town, and repealing an act entitled "An act authorizing the investment and reinvestment and discosition of any moneys in any sinking fund of any county, city and county, or incorporated city or town", approved March 3, 1909, approved April 3, 1911, by amending Section I, relating to the investment of moneys in the sinking funds of counties, cities and counties, incorporated cities and towns.

Senate Bill 895 (Chapter 222, Statutes of 1937) An act to amend Section 61 of the Bank Act, relating to investments in registered warrants of this State.

Senate Bill 897 (Chapter 223, Statutes of 1937) An act to add Section 663b to the Political Code, relating to the collection of taxes and empowering the State Board of Control to discharge certain state departments, boards, commissions, officers or employees from accountability for the collection of taxes, the amount of which does not justify the cost of their collection.

Senate Bill 898 (Chapter 842, Statutes of 1937) An act to amend Section 4 of an act entitled "An act to authorize and control the deposit in banks of money belonging to or in the custody of any county, city and county, town, municipality or other public or municipal corporation within the State, and to repeal all acts or parts

of acts in conflict with this act", approved April 28, 1933, relative to registered warrants.

Senate Bill 699 (Chapter 903, Statutes of 1937) An act to amend an act entitled "An act authorizing the investment and reinvestment and dispositions of any surplus moneys in the treasury of any county, oity and county, incorporated city or town, or municipal utility district, or flood control district", approved April 23, 1913, es amended, by amending Section I, relating to the investment of surplus moneys in treasury of any county, city and county, incorporated city or town, municipal utility district or flood control district.

Senate Bill 1151 (Chapter 830, Statutes of 1937) An act making an appropriation for the support of the Railroad Commission of the State of Californie, to take effect immediately.

#### Year 1938

At the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature in March 1938, Senator Knowland introduced Senate Bill 3, an act to amend Sections 8, 9, 10, 12, 33, 38a, 39, 42, 49, 78, 83, 85a and 86 of, and to add Sections 3a, 75a, and 83b to, an act entitled "An act to provide for the ereation, establishment, and adjustment with other systems, of a retirement system for employees of the State of California and make an appropriation therefore", approved June 9, 1931, relating to the State Employees' Retirement System and to retirement of employees of the University of California. This bill was passed and became Chapter 12, Statutes of 1938.

# California Teamsters Legislative Council

JOSEPH DIVINY. President
JACK ANNAND, Vice-President
GEORGE MOCK, Secretary



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California deamsters

Bagislative Council

#### CONFIDENTIAL

TO: All members of the Executive Committee
California Teamsters Legislative Council

Attached is a file of correspondence relative to our Council's representations to the Attorney General on the subject of corrective legislation affecting the California Unemployment Insurance Cods.

Attorney General Brown's general acceptance of these proposals could result in a significant and vitally beneficial revision of the Code in the best interests of all working people.

Fraternally yours,

Vern H. Cannon Legislative Representative

VHC:Jb

Enclosure



The California Teamsters Legislative Council represents 270,000 members of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters in the State of California,

EDMUND G. BROWN
Attorney General
State Building
San Francisco 2, Californie

May 9, 1958

Mr. Pat Martin Calif. Teamsters Legislative Council Hotel Senator Sacramento 14, Californie

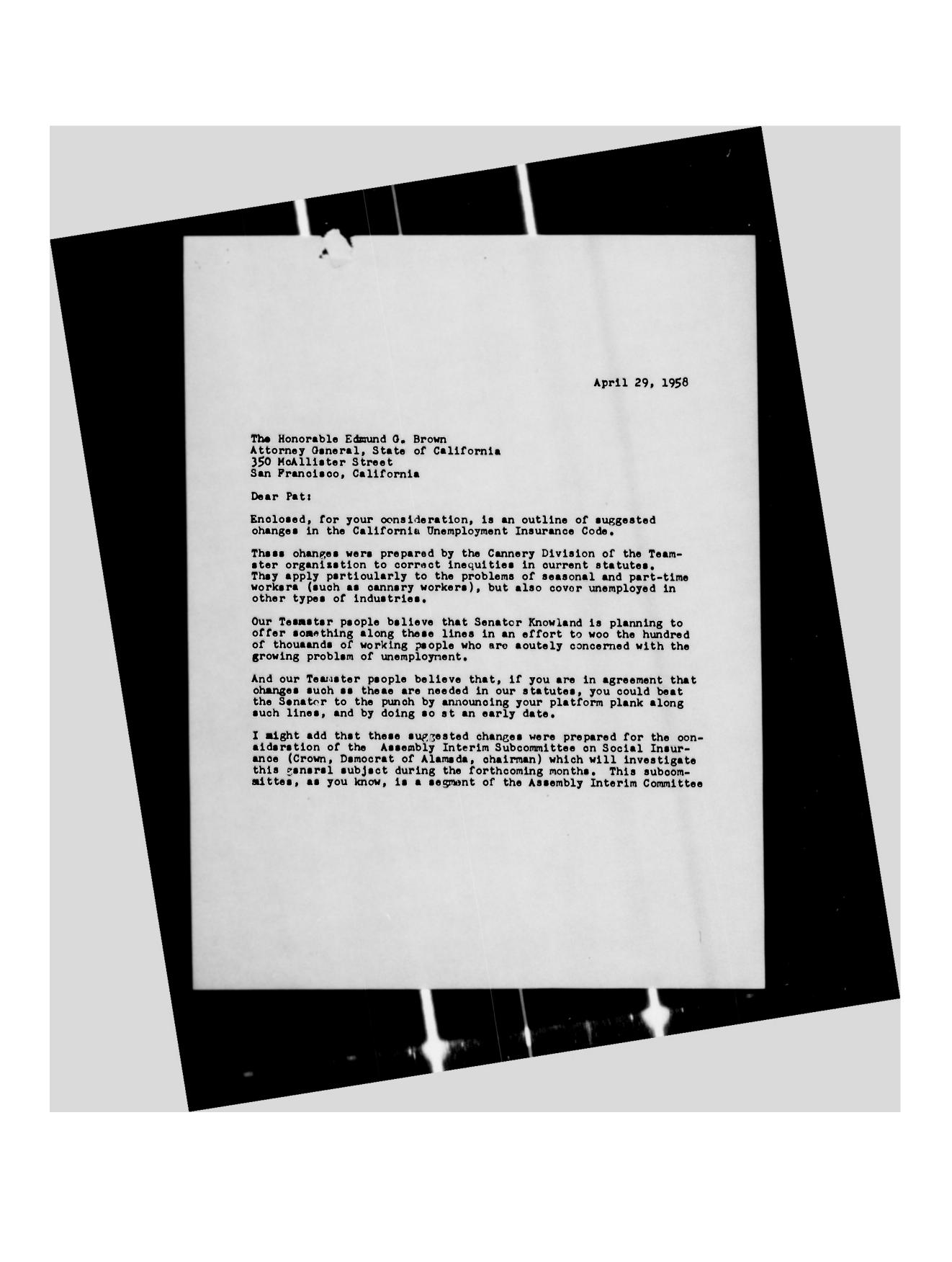
Dear Pat:

All the suggestions contained in the Californie Unemployment Insurance Code seem reasonable to me. I am having them checked and as soon as they are approved, I will ask you to prepare a statement.

Sincerely,

/s/ Pat
EDMUND G. BROWN
ATTORNEY GENERAL

BGB:BB



The Honorable Edmund G. Brown April 29, 1958 on Finance and Insurance, of which Assemblyman Unruh is the chairman. Unruh has some definite (and constructive) ideas of his own on how future accial insurance legislation should be generated. Perhaps a combination of his proposals, and some changes such as incorporated in the enclosed, might offer you sound grounds for formulating a program of your own on this increasingly important matter. I hope that this material and these recommandations will find favor with you and that they will prove helpful to you in your cruaade. Yours very sincerely, Pat Martin PM: jb Enclosure co: Mr. Fred Dutton

PROPOSALS FOR LEGISLATIVE CHANGES IN THE CALIFORNIA UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE CODE

## Introduction

The problems of unemployed cennery workers are in part (I) identical with those of unemployed workers in other industries (though these problems are sometimes particularly acute for cannery workers) and in part (II) peculiar to highly seasonal industries of which food processing is the classic exemple.

This memorendum makes proposals for Legisletive action with respect to both these types of problems from the point of view of cannery workers.

I

PROBLEMS COMMON TO ALL UNEMPLOYED WORKERS

## Preliminery Remarks

In a period of high and protracted unemployment which is concurrent with e rise in the cost of living, emphasis should be placed on increese in the weekly benefit amount and an extension of the period for which benefits are paid. Hence the following proposals:

# 1. Extended Duration of Benefits

In normal years some 30 to 46 percent of cannery workers exhaust their benefits. This is due to the fact that many cannery workers do not become entitled to the maximum of 26 weeks. We recommend therefore, an extension of the benefit period in all ceses to 35 weeks.

# 2. Increase in the Weekly Benefit Amount

The latest amendment to the Californie Unemployment Insurance Code tended to favor the higher earning brackets. In view of the still rising cost of living we advocate an amendment of Section 1280, so that the minimum benefit amount shall be \$30.00 e week and the maximum \$50.00, or 50 percent of their average weekly eernings.

# 3. An Increase in the Amount of Non-Deductible Earnings

The previsions of Section 1279 have not been changed for many years. This allows a claimant to earn 3.00 without any deduction being mede on his weekly benefit amount. The figure is so low as to discourage cleimants from taking casual jobs or making

efforts to prove their economic circumstances. \$3.00 is out of line with the current wage scales. At the time this figure was arrived at, it represented approximately one day's work. Section 1279 should be amended to read \$10.00.

#### 4. Elimination of the Waiting Period

The waiting period serves two purposes: Administratively, it allows time for the processing of a claim so that checks will be in the local office by the time the claimant makes his second report to the local office. It also eliminates from the unemployment system cases of transitional unemployment when the worker is moving from one job to another, but for workers who are unemployed for any length of time, the omission of that one week of benefits due to the waiting period is a significant factor. Accordingly, we recommend an amendment to Section 1254(c) by adding:

"Any waiting period served in accordance with the provisions of this section and of 1253(d) shall be paid as a week of benefits after the 5th consecutive week of unemployment".

Alternatively, 1253(d) should be eliminated altogether and a regulation be adopted in Article 22, allowing the Department for administrative reasons to delay payment of the first week of unemployment after the filing of an initial claim until the second report date.

# 5. Provision for Dependents.

Unlike some other states, California makes no provisions for the added need for unemployment insurance in the case of claimants with dependents. We recommend that Californie follow the pattern of those states which provide a provision for dependents. To reduce employer objections, the dependency allotment should not be chargeable to the employer's account.

# Problems of Qualifying Earnings

# Preliminary Remarks

Sections 1277 (Lag quarter earnings) and 1281 (75 percent rule) were added to the California Unemployment Insurance Code on the assumption that wages in covered employment were indicative of attachment to the labor market and consequently, claimants without earnings in covered employment for a considerable period of the base period or subsequent to the filing of a claim might reasonably be assumed to be unattached, as a general rule, to the labor market. This assumption was never acund, particularly for cannery workers, since it expluded from consideration all wages in non-subject employment. A number of our members do agricultural work or domestic work, or work in other states. Mone of these earnings were available for the purposes of Section 1277 or 1281. The assumption that wages in covered employment are a fair indication of attachment to the labor market is patently absurd in a period of protracted unemployment. The effect of these provisions

on cannery workers is severe and will become increasingly severe as unemployment remain: at or near its present high level. We recommend therefore, the following amendments:

- 1. Repeal Section 1277 and 1281.
- 2. If outright repeal is politically impractical, we recommend the following amendment to Section 1277:

"For the purposes of this section, wages include any and all compensational compensation for personal services whether performed as an employee or as an independent contractor, and all payments of unemployment insurance disability benefits paid in accordance with the provisions of the Californie Unemployment Insurance Code".

The effect of this amendment would be to modify very considerably the effect of Section 1277 upon those who at present who do not qualify because of their wages in agriculture or domestic service, or out of atate, eannot be used to satisfy the requirements of 1277: and further it would be of great benefit to those who do not qualify at present under 1277 because they were receiving disability insurance as compensation for wage loss due to sickness.

II

PROBLEMS OF PARTICULAR IMPORTANCE TO CANNERY WORKERS

# Preliminary Remarks

There are three problems of particular and special importance to cannery workers.

1. The requirement for independent search for work

In most instances, the search for work is unproductive. The requirement for cannery workers to seek work during the off season is, in the great majority of instances, futile and degrading, and tends to bring the law into disrepute because essentially the independent search for work is unrealistic.

2. A presumption of unavailability due to a pattern of seasonal work only

The presumption of unavailability arising from a pattern of seasonal work only has never been applied to any except cannery workers. We consider this to be discriminatory.

3. Disqualification for domestic leaving

This is particularly hard on our women members who leave work for domestic reasons at the end of the season, since they have

virtually no hope of obtaining employment until the beginning of the next seeson some four or five months later.

- 1. Efforts to seek work on own behalf
- (a) We would prefer to eliminate the provision of 1253(c). This however, may be an impractical position to take.
- (b) Eliminate the seek-work clause from 1253(c) and add the following to Section 1257:

"1257(c) without good cause refused to seek suitable work on his own behalf when notified by the Department".

The effect of this would be to put the onus on the Department of Employment to specify what is suitable work and to make a determination to that effect.

2. Presumption of unavailability arising from a pattern of seasonal work only

Amend 1253(c) by adding:

"In the absence of any voluntary restriction as to wages, hours and conditions of work, a claimant is available for work in the locality in which he earned his base period wages."

Such provision would eliminate the whole concept of presumption of unavailability in the case of permanent residents of a locality. It would not exempt those of our members who habitually return to their homes out of state.

# 3. Domestic circumstances

Reveal the whole of Section 1264, but for the sake of employers amand Section 1030 and 1032 to read:

"left the employer's employ voluntarily for reasons not attributable to the employer".

We recognize the employers have a case for arguing that their reserve account should not be charged when the claimant has left empleyment for domestic reasons. We also recognize in many instances a claimant who leaves for domestic reasons is not available for work while those domestic reasons are still operative but 1264 imposes an arbitrary and unreasonable rule that works great hardship, particularly on female cannery workers. We believe that a fair solution would be to eliminate Section 1264 and to amend Sections 1030 and 1032 as preposed.

April 10, 1958

California Teamsters Legislative Council

California Jeamsters Legislative Council

## PRIMARY REGISTRATIONS BY SENATORIAL DISTRICTS

Dist.	Incumbent	Demo.	%	Rep.	%	Other	Total	
2	Collier	14,211	60.87	8,342	36.07	596	23,149	
4	Buach	16,128	55.17	12,343	42.41	688	29,159	
8	Sutton	14,121	58.16	9,827	40.81	364	24,312	
12	Abehire	33,487	52.38	28,903	44.44	1,262	63,652	
14	McCarthy	238,641	57.89	139,637	36.57	8,608	386,886	
16	Breed	250,482	59.52	164,675	37.64	12,140	427,297	
18	Thompson	105,162	57.24	94,425	45.60	7,671	207,258	
20	Short	55,740	60.00	35,635	38.39	2,037	93,412	
22	Donnelly	37,881	58.83	24,084	38.19	1,159	63,124	
28	Brown	4.112	53.24	3,489	45.19	148	7,749	
32	Williams	33,804	60.35	21,525	38.39	714	56,043	
34	Doreey	69,812	65.84	34,592	32.54	2,265	106,669	
36	Gregory	99.146	56.62	70,922	40,51	5,375	175,443	
38	Richarde	1,443,856	55.96	1,049,233	40.58	85,192	2,578,281	
40	Kraft	179,525	51.25	163,425	46.15	11,728	354,678	

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PRIMARY	REGISTRATIONS	BY ASSEMBLY	DISTRICTS

Dist.	Incumbent	Demo.	%	Rep.	%	Other	Total
1	Belotti	41,740	58.73	28,700	40.42	1,453	71,893
2	Davis	40,669	64.51	20,782	33.38	1,538	62,989
4	Sadgwick	33,258	56.27	25,068	42,37	1,083	59,409
6	Lindsay	43,731	59.05	29,885	40.25	1,681	74,296
8	MacBrida	58,271	62.12	33,813	36.03	1,718	93,802
9	Nielsen	51,819	64.34	27,283	33.78	1,461	80,563
10	Doyle	55,225	53.68	45,732	44.46	2,444	103,401
11	Masterson	45,976	70.60	18,344	28.15	1,425	65,745
14	Crown	33.590	57.91	22.772	39.26	1,639	58,001
15	Lincoln	39.976	59.21	26,070	38.51	1,500	67,546
16	Dahl	21,656	38.77	32,593	58,34	1,459	55,708
18	Mulford	28,234	47.71	28,760	48.56	2,110	59,104
19	Meyers	44, 239	56.40	31,672	40.60	1,511	77,422
20	Burton	34,144	71.00	12,719	26.45	1,229	48,092
21	Weinberger	30,343	45.90	34,371	51.96	1,741	66,465
22	Busterud	43,027	59.72	28,290	39.16	1,645	72,962
23	O'Connell	49.000	76.56	14,721	22.96	1,015	64,736
24	Gaffney	37,888	66.31	17,864	31.22	1,457	57,209
25	Francia	48,792	54.71	38,107	42.80	2,263	89,162
26	Britschgi	46,127	48.02	47, 294	49.16	2,707	96,128
28	Bradley	60,848	49.83	56,774	46.47	4,399	122,040
29	Allen	44,314	52.00	37,651	44.19	3,222	85,218
32	Henderson	46,014	65.71	22,073	31.42	2,212	70,299
33	Hansen	43,814	67.38	20,089	30.76	1,741	65,544

Prima	ry Registration		-2-				
Dist.	Incumbent	Demo.	<u>%</u> _	Rep.	. <u>%</u>	Other	Total
34	Pattaa	30,131	53.75	24,705	44,10	1,535	56,371
35	Frew	45,384	62.91	26,441	36,66	1,070	72,895
36	Holmee	44, 423	49.87	42,649	47,83	2,607	89,679
37	Cunningham	37,584	59.66	24,046	38,19	1,548	63,178
39	Kelly		Figures no	t available	from Cou	nty Clerk	
40	Elliott	31,076	79.48	7,499	18.97	1,336	39,911
41	Miller	62,873	57.61	42,855	39.17	3,383	109,111
42	March	55,796	57.42	38,387	37,43	3,411	97,594
43	Tbelin	26,470	38.39	40,402	58.55	2,134	69,006
44	Klockeiem	41,476	56.71	30,344	41.91	2,013	73,833
45	Andereon	36,518	70.19	14,378	27.50	1,682	52,578
46	Chapal	54,906	49.45	53,314	48.01	3,741	111,961
47	Stewart	24,573	36.02	41,386	60.73	2,532	68,491
48	Lanterman	28,306	35.00	49,860	62.25	2,427	80,693
49	Geddae	44,457	47.05	47,796	50.20	2,901	95,154
50	Erwin	74,903	53.50	61,942	44.02	4,078	140,923
51	Munnell	77,990	73.49	26,141	24.62	2,411	106,542
52	Bonalli	44,954	63.23	24,440	34.36	1,928	71,322
53	Burke	36,809	45,43	41,571	51.23	2,766	81,146
54	Colliar	34,612	52.42	30,114	45.60	2,239	66,965
55	Kilpatrick	38,044	79.16	9,576	19.79	1,033	48,653
56	Johneon	47,730	51.83	40,652	44.12	4,409	92.691
57	Conrad	35,610	48.88	34,889	47.66	3,442	73,943
58	Shell	35,829	45.89	39,150	50.12	3.292	78, 271

Primary Registrations by Assembly Districts -3-								
Dist.	Incumbent	Demo.	%	Rep.	%	Other	Total	
59	Rees	35,244	51.01	31,515	45.65	2,803	69,562	
60	Levering	31,926	37.22	48,353	58.19	3,187	83,464	
61	Mc Millan	81,812	69.32	32,570	27.54	4,360	118,742	
62	Hawkins	36,797	74.89	11,461	23.26	1,387	49,640	
63	Allen	37,741	57.12	26,259	39.68	2,697	66,697	
64	Cusanovich	61,563	51.62	54,274	45,54	3,934	119,771	
65	Unruh	32,792	60.55	19,424	35.92	2,148	54, 364	
66	Wilson	40,251	65.90	19.739	32.29	1,816	61,606	
67	Dille	58,154	66.78	26,546	31.60	2,949	87,649	
68	Thomas	64,101	70.43	24,612	27.03	2,787	91,500	
69	Porter	62,767	66.80	28,997	30.31	3,386	94,148	
70	Grant	67,776	55.49	50,787	41.55	3,787	122,350	
71	Backstrand	53,535	49.53	50,164	46.38	4, 495	108,194	
72	Niebat	51,950	60.12	32,207	37.26	1,289	86,446	
73	Beaver	47,196	53.08	38,715	43,54	3,086	88,997	
74	Summer	32,499	38.23	49,319	58.00	3,278	85,096	
75	Hanna	59, 243	51.07	51,769	44.62	4,931	115,943	
76	House	13,285	60.00	7,929	35.90	904	22,118	
77	Hegland	48,788	48.78	47,902	47.90	3,496	100,186	
78	Luckel	45,272	47.25	49,279	50.43	3,173	97,724	
79	Crawford	50,827	57.59	34,640	39.24	2,759	88,226	
80	Schrade	34,638	50.65	31,604	46.13	2,300	68,542	

PRIMARY REGISTRATIONS BY CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS	PRIMARY REGISTRA	ATIONS BY	<b>CONGRESSIONAL</b>	DISTRICTS
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. . .

Dist.	Incumbant	Demo.	<u>%</u>	Rep.	%	Other	Total
1	Scuddar	120,312	52.76	102,761	45.04	5,149	228,222
2	Engle	111,286	60.10	71,467	38.58	4.087	185,829
3	Mose	144,027	62.33	83,453	36.10	4,056	231,365
4	Mailliard	177,609	54,44	94,333	42.26	4,907	216,849
5	Shellay	121,032	71.11	45,304	25.54	3,701	170,037
6	Baldwin	133,861	61.69	78,762	36.76	4,230	217,173
7	Allen	91,693	54.03	72,998	43.01	5,009	169,700
8	Miller	158,647	61.71	91,387	35,17	7,121	257,155
9	Younger	94,919	51.35	85,401	46.16	4,970	185,290
10	Gubser	128,672	50.62	117,008	46.06	8,669	254,349
11	McFall	93,621	60.00	59,719	38.27	3,140	156,536
12	Siek	118,272	66.40	55,991	31.60	4,842	178,855
13	Teagua	112,138	53.63	91,400	43.25	5,690	209,228
14	Hagen	115,196	64.30	61,033	34.08	3,335	179,564
15	McDonough	106, 362	53.41	84,833	42.61	8,137	199,132
16	Jackson	67,170	43.85	79,868	52.15	5,988	153,026
17	King	177,161	60.85	104,472	39.31	9,577	291,110
18	Hoemer	109,252	55.71	81,131	41.37	5,800	196,183
19	Hollifield	145,584	73.11	48,018	24.12	5,429	199,031
20	Smith	51,043	36.49	81,788	59.63	4,666	137,497
21	Hiestand	146,975	51.19	131,102	45.68	9,321	287,398
22	Holt	97,173	50.36	89,163	46.11	7,378	193,714
23	Doyle	145,765	68.08	63,013	29.43	5,345	214,123
24	Lipscomb	82,342	51.75	70,766	44.46	6,548	159,656
25	Hillings	156,169	49.33	151,309	47.72	9,745	317,223

## . . . . Primary Registrations by Congressional Districts -2-Dist. Incumbent Other Demo. % Rep. 4 Total Roosavelt 158,860 26 63,770 27.81 7,358 69.34 229,988 Sheppard 99,146 56.62 70,922 40.51 5,375 175,443 27 143,990 28 Utt 140,530 47.46 48.64 11,705 296,225 66,820 Saund 52.92 130,312 29 58,093 44.61 5,402 30 Wilson 130,737 51.14 254,492 115,523 45.67 8,232 The state of the s

California transters Legislative Come; ?

CALIFORNIA TEAMSTERS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL Account No. 09-034

FINANCIAL STATEMENT - MAY 1 - MAY 19, 1958

Cash on Hand May 1, 1958

\$1864.11

RECEIPTS:

Joint Council No. 7 \$1000.00 Joint Council No. 38 \$1000.00 Right-to-Work (reimbursemnts) \$1040.00

Miscellaneous \$ 9.12

\$4913.23

\$3049.12

DISBURSEMENTS:

Salaries: \$1325.74 \$1325.74

Representative Expense

Travel \$ 453.44 Miscellaneous \$ 90.00

\$ 210. 35 \$ 210. 35

\$3049.12

\$ 543.44

Legialative Entertainment

**Public Relations** 

**\$** 173.65 **\$** 173.65

Office

 Supplies
 \$ 169.42

 Equipment
 \$ 304.11

 Rent-Telephones
 \$ 183.07
 \$656.60

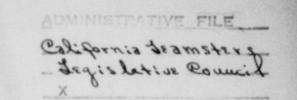
Miscellaneous Expense

Petty Cash, postage, etc. \$ 87.12 \$ 87.12 \$2996.90

CASH ASSETS AND FUNDS. MAY 19, 1958

\$1916.33

MACO.



CALIFORNIA TEAMSTERS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, ACCOUNT NO. 2 (RIGHT-TO-WORK ACCOUNT) Account No. 015-987

FINANCIAL STATEMENT MAY 1 - 19, 1958

Cash on Hand May 1, 1958

\$19,775.78

RECEIPTS

California Research Council \$ 250.00 \$ 250.00 \$ 250.00

\$20,025.78

DISBURSEMENTS:

Total Salary \$ 520.00 \$ 520.00 California Research Council \$ 700.00 \$ 700.00

Office

Supplies Equipment \$ 85.33 \*Rent, Telephones \$ 780.00

\$ 903.37

Expenses Travel

\$ 977.71

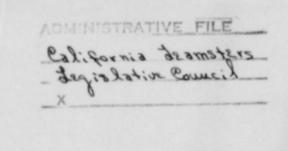
\$ 19.27 Miscellaneous \$ 3, 120. 35 \$ 996.98

CASH ASSETS AND FUNDS.

MAY 19, 1958

\$16,905.43

\*Includes re-imburaement. March. April rent.



CALIFORNIA TEAMSTERS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ACCOUNT NO. 09-034

FINANCIAL STATEMENT - APRIL 1958

Cash on Hand April 1, 1958

\$2005.50

RECEIPTS:

Joint Councila 7, 38, 42 Right-to-Work Acct. No. 015-987

Salary, Expenses

\$3874.00

\$1869.12

\$ 373.23

\$4743.12

\$ 458.28

\$ 373.23

\$6748.62

DISBURSEMENTS

Salaries: \$1615.38 \$1615.38

Rspreaentative Expense

Legislative Entertainment

Travel \$ 338.28
Miscellaneous \$ 120.00

Public Relations \$ 90.37 \$ 90.37

California Research Council \$ 350.00 \$ 350.00

Office

 Supplies
 \$ 276.72

 Equipment
 \$ 318.53

 Rent-Telephones
 \$ 463.58
 \$1058.83

Miscellaneoua Expense

 Internal Revenue
 \$ 788.50

 Unempl. Comp.
 \$ 75.92

 Patrick Comp.
 \$ 75.00

Petty Cash, Postage, etc. \$ 74.00 \$938.42 \$4884.51

CASH ASSETS AND FUNDS, APRIL 30, 1958

\$1864.11

ADMINISTRATIVE FILE California des maters.
Lisures suitaleignes

CALIFORNIA TEAMSTERS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL. ACCOUNT NO. 2 (RIGHT-TO-WORK ACCOUNT) Account No. 015-987

FINANCIAL STATEMENT - APRIL 1958

Cash on Hand April 1, 1958

\$----.00

RECEIPTS

Joint Council No. 42

\$22,000.00

\$ 5.10

\$22,000.00

\$22,000.00

DISBURSEMENTS:

Travel Expenees \$1869.12

\$1869.12

California Research Council

\$ 350.00 \$ 350.00

Office

Supplies (check bk prtd)

\$ 5.10

\$ 2,224.22

CASH ASSETS AND FUNDS.

APRIL 30, 1958

\$19,775.78

JOSEPH DIVINY, President JACK ANNAND, Vice-President GEORGE MOCK, Secretary



HOTEL SENATOR SACRAMENTO 14, CALIFORNIA Gilbert 2-5081

VERN N. CANNON, Logislative Representative

COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Erle E. Carter Martinez

Edward Davis

Mike Elorduy

William Fowler Fresno

Stephen Gilligan San Francisco

Jack Goldberger

Fred Hofmann San Jose

Paul D. Jones Los Angeles

John Marshall Los Angeles

Albert A. Marty

Stewart Mason San Bernardino

Ted Merrill

. Long Beach Gerald A. Shearin Marysville

Les Summorfiold

Vernon L. Pankey

Robert D. Ussery

Santa Barbara

N. L. Wesburg



California Teamsters April 10, 1958

Dear Sir and Brother:

Enclosed is a copy of a report prepared

by this office on some of the actions of the

Lagislaturs of interest to ail Teamsters.

Fraternally yours,

Vern H. Cannon Legislative Representative

VHC:jb

Enclosure



The Celifornia Teamsters Legislative Council represents 270,000 members of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters in the State of Celifornia,

SACRAMENTO -- The budget and special essesions of the legislature of the past few weeks failed to produce a single piece of legislation detrimental to the primary interests of organized labor.

This is in contrast to the usual session during which eniping at organised labor is the order of the day for a minority of the legislators who are avowed opponents of the economic and moral theory of collective bargaining and other beneficial features of the trade union movement.

Defeated in the legislature by the vigilance of organised labor, however, detrectors of the union movement oftentimes endeavor to achieve their objectives in other ways, such as the use of the initiative petition to place constitutional propositions on the ballot.

The current initiative petition being circulated in an effort to secure eufficient signatures to qualify the so-called right-to-work proposition for a place on the ballot in the general election next November is a classic example of that type of legislative and political maneuvering.

## Unemployment Insurance Study

......

Tha gross inequalities existing in our present unemployment insurance laws, which impose genuine hardships on seasonal and part-time workers, are becoming more apparent day by day as unemployment increases in Californie.

The Californie Teamsters Laglelative Council is preseing for a legislative investigation so that the inequalities might be removed at the next session of the legislature, which begins next January.

Getting the investigation underway now is vital to many of our Teamsters, and to othere is organised labor, because much study must precede any major changes is laws as involved and complicated as those dealing with unemployment insurance.

Getting that phase of the project out of the way within the next few months could mean corrective legislative action by this time next year. If the study should be delayed, corrective legislation probably could not be enacted until the spring of 1961—a long time to wait for those who suffer inequality under the law.

The existing shortcomings were written into law at a time when the number of unemployed was at a low point and few organisations or individuels were perticularly interested. But the Californie Teamsters Legislative Council recognised the danger signals even then and worked hard to forewarn the legislature. The Council's wernings are coming home to roost and the legislature is now taking steps to inquire into the problem.

Three major points in our unemployment insurance program are under scrutiny.

One is the long, six-weeks waiting period bafore an eligible unemployed worker can expect to receive unemployment insurance benefits. We believe that this waiting pariod should be restored to the former one of two weeks. Not many families are in an economic position to withstand a payless six weeks before unemployment insurance relieves a family's situation when the man who brings home the bacon is out of work.

As a matter of fact, missing just one weekly paycheck is something of a calamity for families who have many mouths to feed and many financial obligations to meet. These are facts of life that our Californie Teamsters Legislative Council constantly impresses upon our legislators on behalf of our own distressed members and on behalf of all working men and women.

The second inequality in the law deals with the so-called "high quarterly aarnings". This is a mathematical formula conceived by some legal minds with little regard for the humanities involved in the problems of the average unem-

ployed worker and his family. It is probably one of the most confusing and least understood of all facets of our unemployment insurance laws. Revising that section of the law, and making its details easily understood by the average individuel is one of the principal objectives of our Californie Teamsters Legislative Council.

The Californie Teamaters Legislative Council also is working diligently to extend the present 26 weeks benefit period to 39 weeks, in those instances where an unemployed worker is deserving of additional assistance.

In ail truth, any time limit of one week, or of 39 weeks, on unemployment insurance benefits for a worthy and available worker, is a moral blight on our American way of life.

The question of whether a man and his family are hungry for one week, or for 39 weeks, is an academic one that might be of passing interest to a statistician, but it is one of pressing, immediate and vital importance to the unemployed worker and to his family.

All of these inequalities in the law will be examined by the legislative investigating committee partly because of the insistence of the California Teamatera Legislative Council.

The Teamaters Legislative Council has requested that the study be conducted by the Assembly Interim Subcommittee on Social Insurance, of which Assemblyman Robert W. Crown, Democrat of Alameda County, is chairman.

Crown's committee is a unit of the Assembly Interim Committee on Finance and Insurance, of which Assemblymen Jesse M. Unruh, Democrat of Loa Angeles County, is chairman.

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### Workmen's Compensation

Workmen's compensation for disaster workers and civil defense was limited to \$2,500 in a law passed in 1956 and that ceiling would be removed by an act approved at this session of the legislature.

At hearinge this limitation was criticized by the California Teamsters

Legislative Council and by many city officials. Removal of the ceiling would

bring the usual workmen's compensation formulas into full operation.

Assemblyman Vernon Kilpatrick, Democrat of Los Angeles, eponsored the bill at this eession to remove the \$2,500 ceiling.

Kilpatrick became aware of the shortcomings in this provision of the law when one of hie constituents was injured in an industrial accident and the cost of hie medical and hospitalisation services rose above that \$2,500 figure.

The Industrial Accident Commission, for some reason (although the accident was not associated with disaster or state security of any type) applied that section of the law to this particular claim, and limited the workman's compensation to \$2,500.

The serious import of that decision immediately became apparent. The commission could, in any instance, declare that a worker's injuries could be classified under the "disaster" clause (and in these days what couldn't be classified under "disaster") and that any worker should not be compensated more than \$2,500 for any industrial injury, regardless of the seriousness of its nature.

For a man who has lost an arm or a leg on the job, and faces a \$10,000 medical and hospital bill, the \$2,500 limitation in the law provides small compensation for his physical, mental and financial loss.

Assemblyman Kilpatrick plugged that loophole in the statutes with his bill so that, regardless of the occupation of the worker, in any type of industrial

activity covered by the Labor Code, there will be no ceiling on the financial relief that a worker may obtain when he is injured on the job.

### "Right-to-Work Chickens"

Thousands of Teamster workers in the California poultry industry who have lost their jobs during the past few years because of unfair out-of-state competition may regain them before long as a result of legislation approved by the Assembly and the Senate and sent to the governor for his approval. The California Teamsters Legislative Council led the battle for enactment of the legislation, which was authored by Assemblyman Richard McCollister, Republican of Marin County.

During the past 10 years the producers of chickens in other states, particularly in right-to-work states where wage scales and living conditions are substandard, have been slaughtering their flocks and shipping them to California for sale to consumers.

The situation has become so serious that in some sections of the state 49 out of svery 50 chickens sold are from some other state.

In addition, a health problem is involved, because the chickens shipped here are 10 days to two weeks longer dead than those slaughtered in California for sale on the California retail market.

This out-of-state competition has become so fierce that many long established poultry firms in California, and thousands of their workers, have closed their business doors or become members of the ranks of the unemployed.

This session of the legislature has attempted to correct that condition by authorising the creation of the California Poultry Promotion Council.

This is a movement strongly supported by the California Teamsters

Legislative Council.

Under this legislation, chicken growers will be given an opportunity to contribute voluntarily to a promotional fund to extoll the higher qualities of chickens raised, slaughtered and placed on retail sale in Celifornie, to offset the compatition of out-of-state chicken producers.

There are no boycott implications in this legislation.

Rether, it is designed to offer California producers of chickens an opportunity to compate on a fair basis with out-of-state operators to restore the California poultry industry to its one-time commanding position in our economy, and to regain the lost jobs that have caused so much distress to Teamsters whose livelihood is so closely aligned to the success of that California industry.

### Small Craft Harbors

One in every 10 families in California is an evowed small craft enthusiest.

That means that thousands of California Teamster families are among those who enjoy that type of outdoor recreation.

They will be intensely interested to learn that, at this session of the legislature, the budget of the state was amended to provide additional funds for small
craft harbor planning and construction. The California Teamsters Legislative
Council was active in promoting thus legislative project.

Under the guidance of Senator John J. Hollister, Jr. (Democrat of Santa Barbara), the legislature approved and sent to the governor, for his approval, amendments to the budget calling for an expenditure during the forthcoming fiscal year of \$5,750,000 for small craft harbor purposes.

Those appropriations represent an abrupt departure from previous actions of the legislature, which has, up to now, considered small craft harbor develop-

ment something like a "country cousin" or a "poor relative".

Of the eum involved, \$5,000,000 would come from the state's investment fund, which is derived from the state's royalties on state-owned oil end gas properties. And the other \$750,000 would come from the Motor Vehicle Revolving Fund, which is devoted to highway construction activities.

The motor vehicle revolving fund hee enjoyed, over a long period of years, the unclaimed tax refund which purchasers of marine fuels have been entitled to claim, but which few have bothered to claim. It is estimated that these available marine fuel tax refunds represent millions of dollars each year. Small craft enthusiasts have long demanded that these unclaimed refunds should be employed for small craft harbor development and not for highway construction.

This year, for the first time, some of those unclaimed tax refunds will be used for small craft harbor development purposes, thanks to the interest in the subject by Senator Hollister and his feilow legislators.

## Powere Hits Right-to-Work

Members of organized lebor received important assistance in their campeign egainet right-to-work legislation when Lieutenant Governor Harold J.

Powere announced his opposition to any such type of laws.

"I feel the so-called right-to-work law would impair the hard-won right of collective bargaining now enjoyed by the rank and file of working men and women," Powere declared.

And he added, "I do not believe government should be used to restrict the right of either management or labor to bargain collectively on a voluntary basis."

The lieutenant governor struck at the heart of the shortcoming in right-to-work legislation when he said, "The main purpose of so-called right-to-work

legislation is not to guarantee snybody a job, but to outlaw the union shop under which labor disputes happily have been kept to a minimum for many years in California."

The state's second ranking official showed his appreciation of organized labor's efforts to work with management on problems of mutual interest when he stated, "I have the utmost confidence in the ability and good sense of labor and mangement to work out their problems without being hampered by restrictive laws."

The statement by Powers further undercuts efforts of some organized groups to secure enactment of right-to-work legislation through an initiative petition on the general election ballot next November.

## Right-to-Work Filing Dates

Members of our Tesmster Unions, and members of other segments of the trade union movement, are swaiting the arrival of April 23 with keen interest.

That is the day when aponsors of the right-to-work initiative petition must take their first filing of names obtained to qualify it for the November ballot.

The number of signatures reported at that time may afford some indication of how the public is responding to pleas to endorse that type of legislation.

Final filing date for signatures is June 8 st which time the petition must carry a total of st least 322,429 valid signatures to qualify.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

4-10-58

JOSEPH DIVINY, President
JACK ANHAND, Vice-President
GEORGE MOCK, Secretary



HOTEL SENATOR
SACRAMENTO 14, CALIFORNIA
GIBbert 2-5081

VERN H. CANNON, Logislative Representative

#### -

Erie E. Carter

Edward Davis Stockton

Mike Elorduy

William Fowler

Stephen Gilligan San Francisco

San Francisco

Jack Goldberger
San Francisco

Fred Hofmann San Jose

George A. Hunt Ookland

Paul D. Jones

Los Angeles

John Marshall Los Angeles

Albert A. Marty Secremento

San Bernardino

Ted Merrill Long Beach

Gerald A. Shearin Marysville

Les Summerfield Oakland

Vernon L. Pankey Oakland

Robert D. Ussery Santo Berbero

H. L. Woxburg Los Angeles 翻

ADMINISTRATIVE FILE

California Teamsters

Regislative Council

April 3, 1958

### Dear Sir and Brother:

The attached letters are typical of the many received from Legislators, State Officials and Department Heade. These letters are in response to the additional pages furnished to bring their copies of "Members of the California Legislature and Other State Officials" up to date.

Fraternally yours,

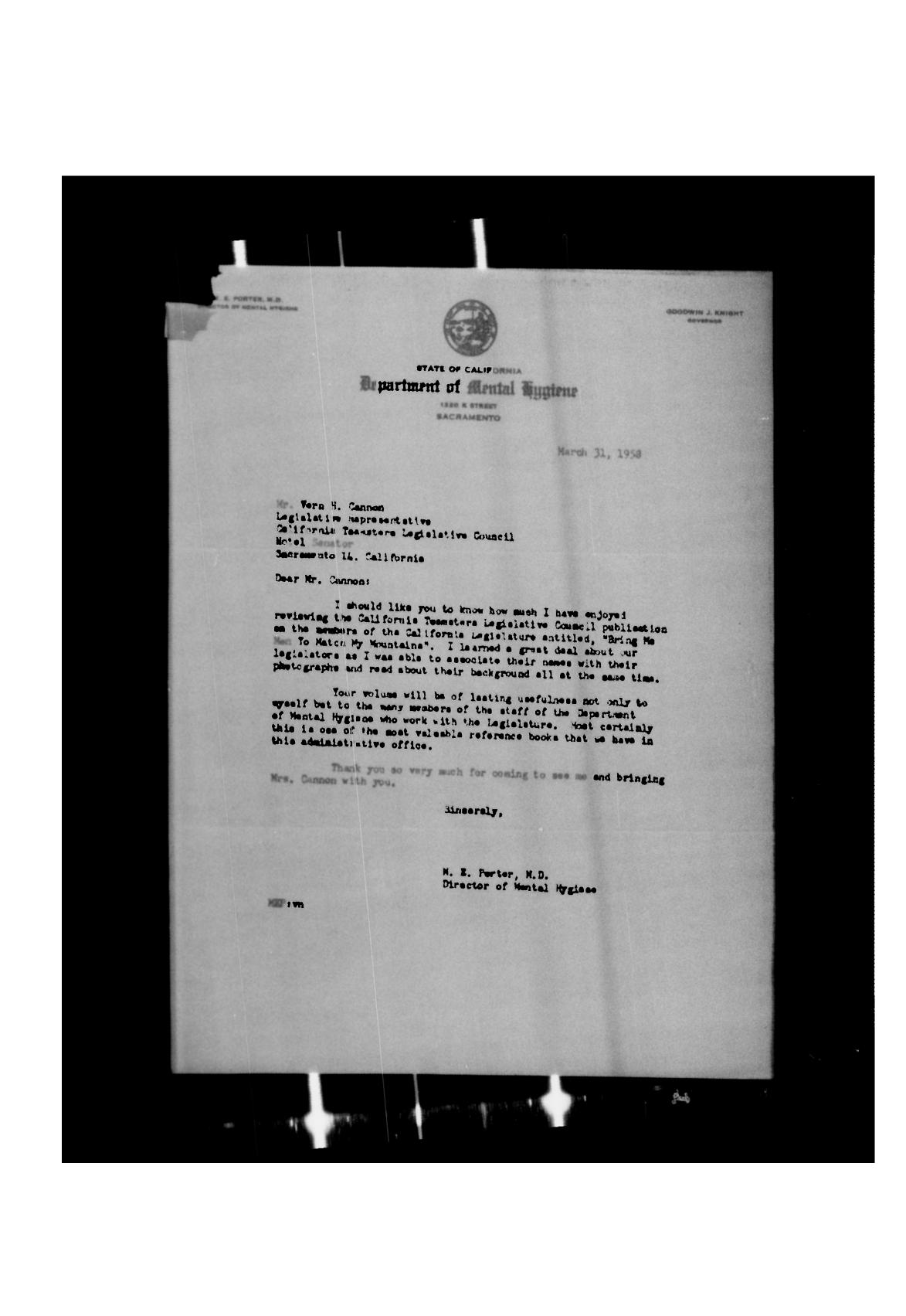
Vern Cannon

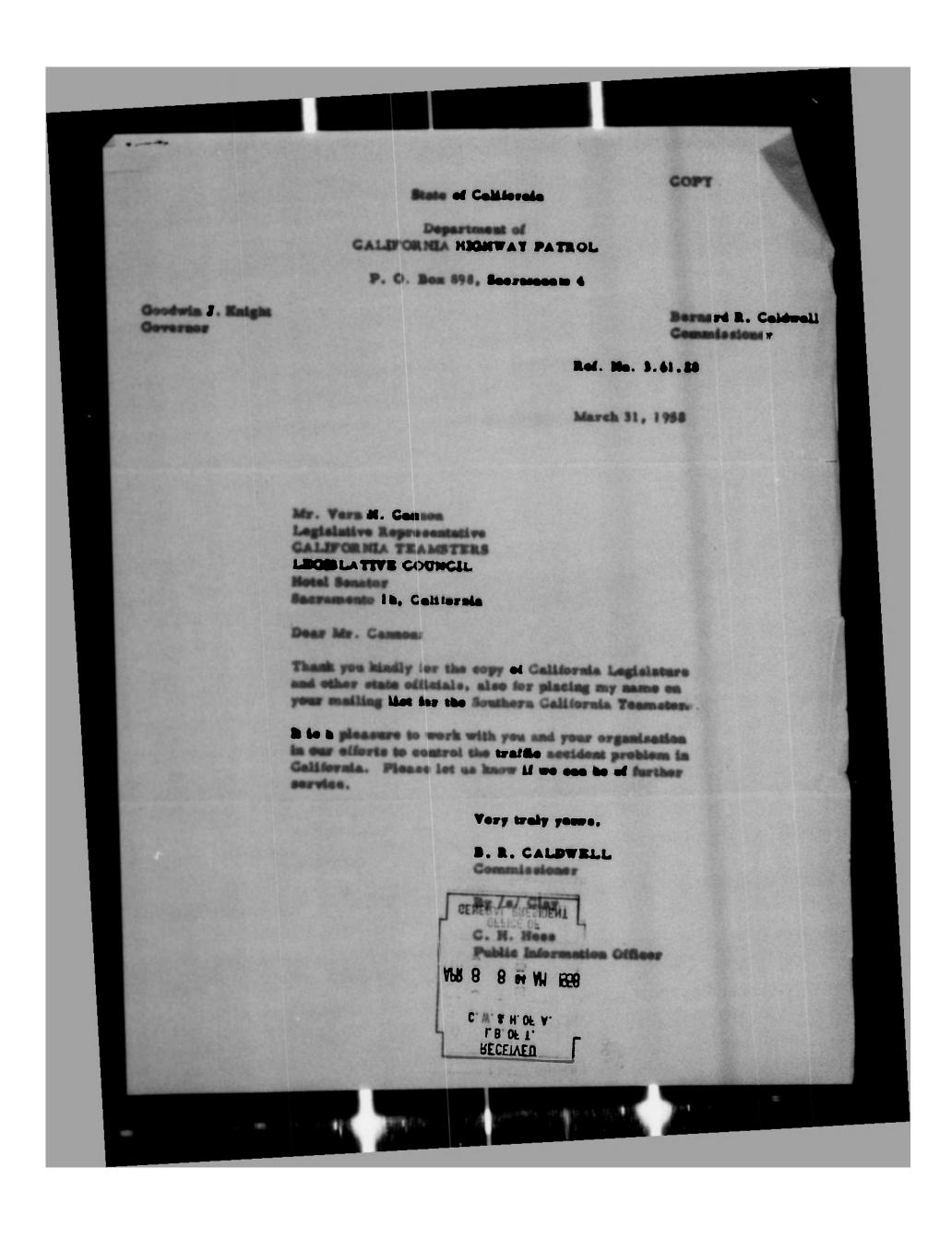
Vern H. Cannon
Legislative Representative

VHC:jb

Enclosures

The California Teamsters Legislative Council represents 270,000 members of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters in the State of California.





JOSEPH DIVINY, President JACK ANNAND, Vice-President GEORGE NOCK, Secretary



HOTEL SENATOR
SAGRAMENTO 14, CALIFORNIA
Gilbort 2-5081

VERN H. CANNON, Legislative Representative

-

Erle E. Carter Martinez

Edward Davis Stockton

Mike Elorduy Sacramento

William Fowler Fresno

Stephen Gilligan San Francisco

Jack Goldberger San Francisco

Fred Hofmann San Jose

George A. Hunt Oakland

Paul D. Jones Los Angeles

John Marshall Los Angeles

Albert A. Marty Sacramento

Stewart Mason San Bernardino

> Ted Merrill Long Beach

Gerald A. Shearin Marysville

Les Summerfield Ookland

Vernon L. Pankey

Robert D. Ussery Santa Barbara

H. L. Woxburg Los Angeles

California Le a matera

ADMINISTRATIVE FILE

March 26, 1958

Dear Sir and Brother:

The attached letter is typical of the many received from Legislators, State Officials and Department Heads. These letters are in response to the additional pages furnished to bring their copies of "Members of the California Legislature and Other State Officiala" up to date.

Fraternally yours,

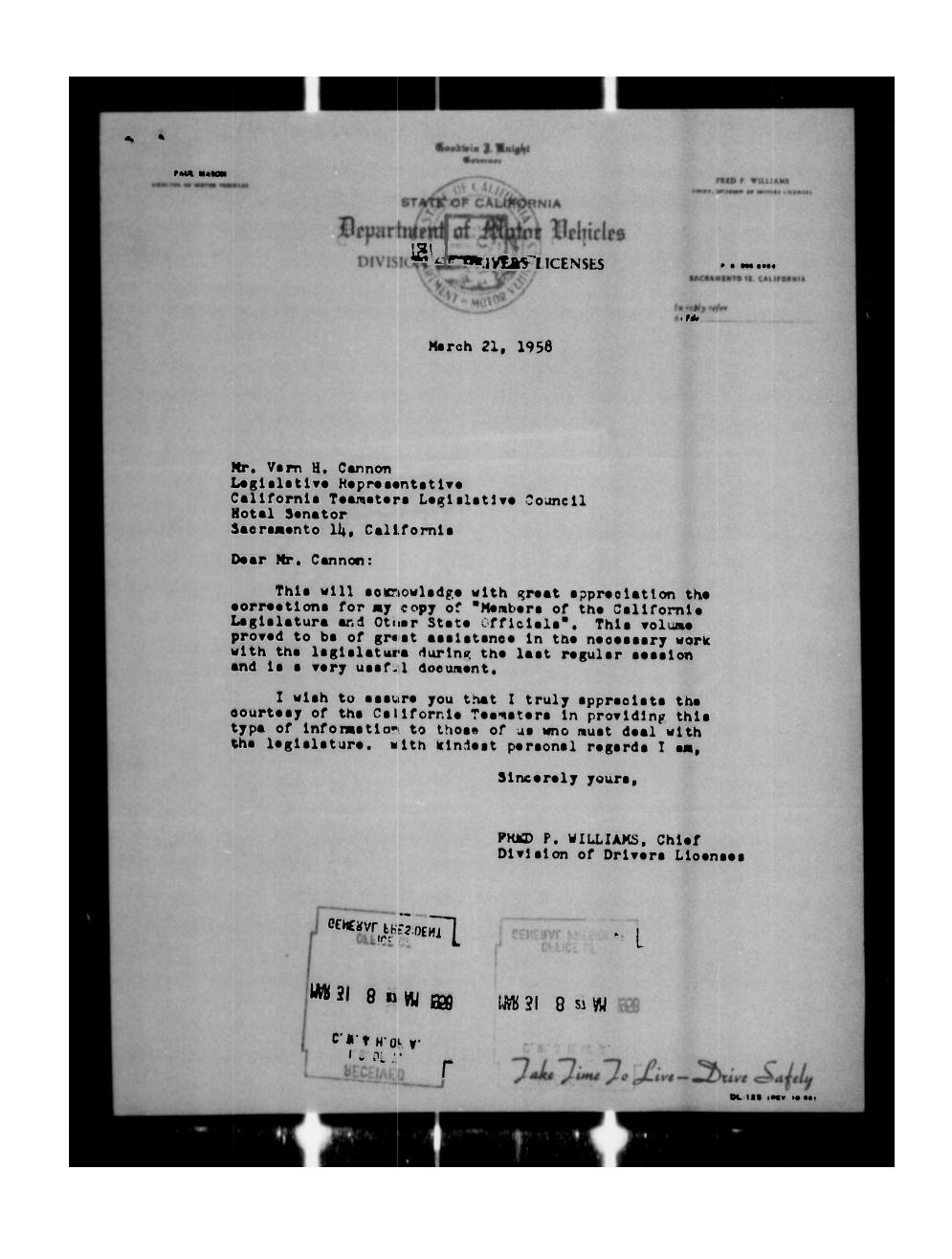
Vein Cannon

Vern H. Cannon Legislative Representative

**V**HC:jb

Encloaure

The California Teamsters Legislative Council represents 270,000 members of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters in the State of California.



MINISTRATIVE FILE

Press Intelligence, Inc.

LOS ANGELES HERALD & EXPRESS

Circ.: e. 340,335

Date # 1858

Si. Cal. Labor News

## **Teamsters Expand Legislative Council**

By FRED H. WEIGEL

Plans for expansion of the state-wide legislative council of the Teamsters Union, which faces expulsion from the California AFL, were announced today as delegates to a San Francisco conference returned

sia council, it was an nonged, will not only have the promotion of legislation on a state level beneficial to the union members, but the will serve as an organization to sometimate Teamster political totivities with those of other unions.

In long as the Teamsters Dimens stays in the State AFL it will continue to pay the teemt per capita tax to group, but when it is this money will go to the legislative council, which will be composed of members, it was an

though the Teamsters is ousted from the state AFL-which is expected in this month or in early Apell, it will continue to work with unions remaining in the federation, it was stated.

JOSEPH DIVINY, President
JACK ANNAND, Vice-President
GEORGE MOCK, Secretary



HOTEL SENATOR
SACRAMENTO 14, CALIFORNIA
GIIbert 2-5081

March 7, 1958 - Legislative Council

VERN H. CANNON, Legislative Representative

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Sie E Carter

Edward Davis Stockton

Mike Elorduy Secremento

William Fowler Fresno

Stephen Gilligan Francisco

San Francisco

Fred Hofmann
San Jose

Jack Goldberger

George A. Hunt

Qakland

Los Angeles John Marshall

Los Angeles

Albert A. Marty

Stewart Mason

San Bernardino

Ted Merrill Long Beach

Gerald A. Shearin Marysville

Les Summarfield Oakland

Vernon L. Pankey Oakland

Robert D. Ussery Santa Barbara

H. L. Woxburg Los Angeles

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ABIANUSTRATIVE FILE

California Teamstris

To: Members of the Executive Committee, California Teamsters Legislative Council

From: Vern Cannon

Considerable opposition has arisen against AB ll (McColliater) the bill for which the Governor called a special aession as an aid for the poultry industry in California.

Informed sources here report that the pros and the cons are about 50-50 at this time.

Meanwhile, Assemblyman Winton (Merced) and Assemblyman Hanaen (Fresno) have reported opposition in their areas and have offered a compromise measure, AB 25 (copy enclosed) as their solution to the problem Assemblyman Hansen, of course, is Chairman of the Assembly Agriculture Committee, before which this legislative subject will be heard.

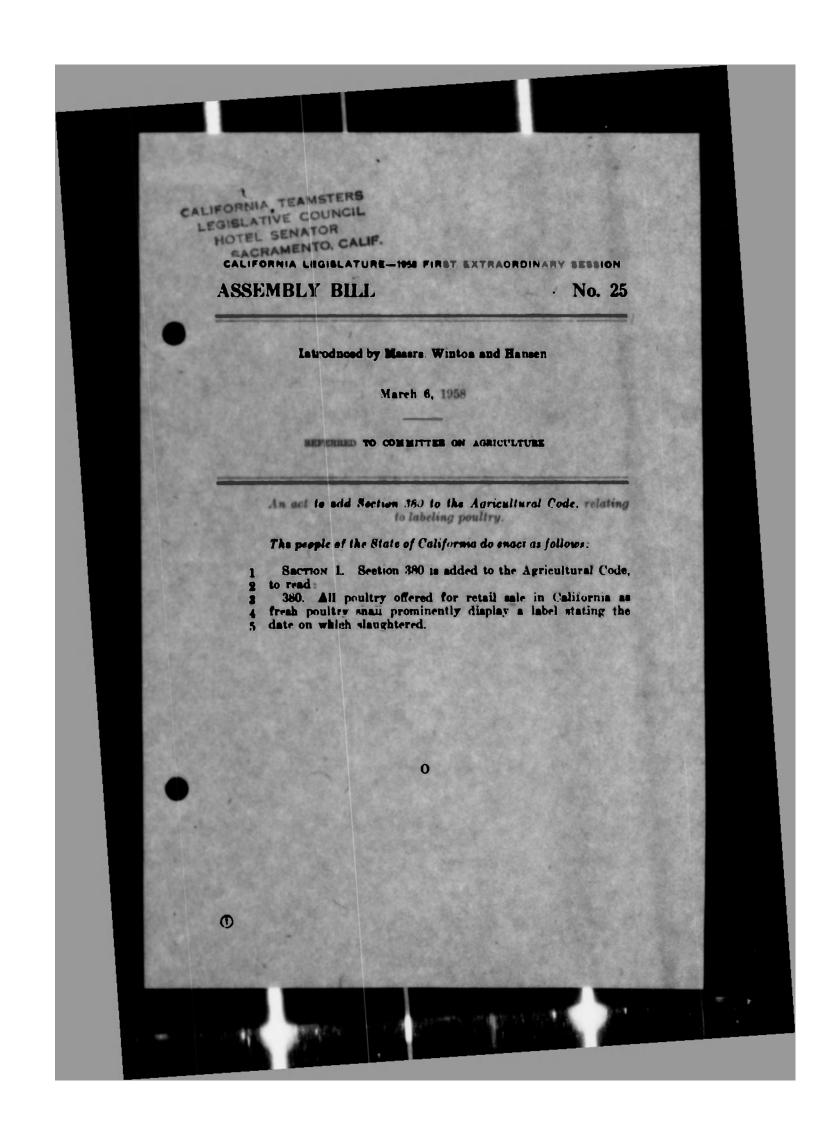
I am informed that, in addition to the present wordage of AB 25, amendments will be offered to require the blue label to carry information on the date and the place of slaughtar of the poultry placed on sale.

The Californie Farm Bureau is leading the fight against McCollister's bill, AB 11.

Fraternally yours,

Vern H. Cannon Legislative Representative

The Celifornia Teamsters Legislative Council represents 270,000 members of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters in the State of Celifornia



JOSEPH DIVINY, President JACK ANNAND, Vice-President GEORGE MOCR. Secretary



HOTEL SENATOR SACRAMENTO 14, CALIFORNIA Gilbert 2 5001

VERN H. CANNON, L.

CALICOTRIS TERMSTERS

I Legislative Countil

To:

COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Me E. Corter Martines

Edward Davis

Mike Elorduy Sacramento

William Fowler Fresno

Stephen Gilligan

San Francisco

Jack Goldberger San Francisco

Fred Hofmann San Jose

George A. Hunt Oakland

Los Angeles

John Marshall Los Angeles

Albert A. Marty

Stewart Mason San Bernardino

Ted Merrill Long Beach

Les Summerfield Oakland

Vernon L. Pankey Oakland

Robert D. Ussery

H. L. Woxburg Los Angeles

March 6, 1958

Members of the Executive Committee Californie Teamatera Legislative Council

From: Vern Cannon

Enclosed is a Press Card issued in your name by the Californie Highway Patrol.

The Patrol issues these cards to individuels who are interested in promoting public consciousness of the importance of highway safety programs and hopes that each of those who are privileged to carry one of these cards will assist the Department in its endeavors.

Also enclosed, for your information, is copy of an editorial appearing in today's edition of The Sacramento Union.

Fraternally yours,

Vern

Vern H. Cannon Legislative Representative



The California Teamsters Legislative Council represents 270,000 members of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters in the State of California.

#### THE SACRAMENTO UNION

Thursday Morning, March 6, 1958

### RIGHT TO WORK

A lot of steam is being generated over the "right to work" proposal for which petitions are now being circulated to have it placed on the bellot this year. Those who are opposed to it - and they are bitter in their opposition - refer to it as the "right to wreck" law, and predict dire things for the atste's economy should it become the law of California.

Whether the proposal is good or evil, we do not presume to know. But the official records show what it has done - or failed to do - in the 18 states where it prevails.

In 13 of those states for the year 1939 to 1953 the increase in trade union membership has been 192.1 per cent and in other states where such memberships are compelled by law the increase has been 187.8 per cent, according to the Mational Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.

In Mational Labor Relations Board elections in rightto-work states to decide whether workers would or would not choose union representation, the no-choice percentage was 40.5 for 1955-56. And in other states having compulsory principle the percentage was 35.3 for the same years.

According to the U. S. Department of Commerce survey of current business, in the right-to-work states the hourly ineresse in wages, 1952-56, represented 20.9 per cent, as against 18.6 per cent in non-right-to-work states.

According to the government's reports, personal income changes in right-to-work states represented 61.2 per cent and in the other states 58.6 per cent. According to the U. S. Department of Commerce, ratail salss trends in right-to-work atates, showed the average increase for 1948-56 was 55.3 per cent and in other states 45 per cent.

In manufacturing, contract construction, transportation, bank daposits and motor vehicle registrations, right-to-work atates outgained other sections of the country where compulsory unionism prevailed.

CALIFORNIA STATE LEGISLATURE

RICHARD H. MCCOLLISTER

Assemblyman For

Marin And Sonoma Counties

Majority Floor Leader

February 27, 1958

Mr. Vern Cannon
Legislative Representative
California Teamsters Council
Senator Hotal
Sacramento, California

Dear Vern;

I presume you have noted the items in today's newspapers which recite the most important fact that Governor Knight will expand his special session agenda so as to include my industry bill for the creation of a California Poultry Promotion Council.

The creation of this Council for the express purpose of adepting a distinctive insignis for California poultry products and for the undertaking of such advertising programs as may educate the consuming public to purchase Californie grown and raised poultry is truly imperative to the proposition of keeping the California poultry industry from going bankrupt.

From my frequent conferences on this with Governor Knight, with members of his staff, and with leaders in the poultry industry throughout the State of California, I know that all persons concerned appreciate the support was received from the Teamsters. Of course, I happen to personally know that you, yourself, took a hold of this subject, for the relationship it bears to good labor relations and the continued employment of some of your members; that you singularly organized the undertaking within your own organization, and that we all have one Vern Cannon to thank for the pile of pertinent telegrams on behalf of this poultry measure which reached Governor Knight.

More power to you, Vern, it was great.

Very truly yours,

RHMc; jw

R. H. MCCOLLISTER

JOSEPH DIVINY, President
JACK ANNAND, Vice-President
BEORGE MOCK, Secretary



HOTEL SENATOR
SACRAMENTO 14, CALIFORNIA
Gilbert 2-5081

VERN H. CANNON, Legislative Representative

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Erle E. Carter Martinez

Edward Davis Stockton

Mike Elorduy Secremento

William Fowler Fresno

Stephen Gilligan San Francisco

Jack Goldberger San Francisco

Fred Hofmann San Jose

George A. Hunt Oakland

> Paul D. Joses Los Angeles

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Ted Marie Long Beach

Gerald A. Shearin Marysville

Les Summarfield Oakland

Vernon L. Pankey

Robert D. Ussery Santa Barbara

H. L. Woxburg Los Angeles

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Caligornia Teamsters

March 5, 1958

To: Mambers of the Executive Committee
California Teemsters Legislative Council

From: Vern H. Cannon

Re: Hearing on Poultry Industry Legislation

Enclosed is copy of AB 11 (McCollister and others) which will be given a Committee hearing on Wednesday, March 12, at 3 P.M., Room 4202, State Cepitol Annex, Sacramento.

This is the bill that the Governor put on special call to be considered at this session of the Legislature and in which many of our Locale and members are keenly interested.

Arrangements are being made to have officers of our interested Locals invited to appear before the Agriculture Committee to testify on behalf of the measure.

If there are any individuels in your area who would like to testify please notify me promptly by telephoning Gllbert 1-2426, in Sacramento, so that I can make arrangements for them here.

Fraternally yours,

Vern H. Cannon

Legislative Representative



The California Teamsters Legislative Council represents 270,000 members of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters in the State of California.

CALIFORNIA TEAMSTERS
LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL HOTEL SENATOR SACRAMENTO, CALIF.

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE -- 1958 FIRST EXTRAOROINARY SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 11

Introduced by Mesers, McCellister, Marsh, Backstrand, Britachgi, Samuel R. Geddes, Hawkins, and Lindsay

March 4, 1958

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURA

An act to add Chapter 19 (commencing with Section 5300) to Division 6 of the Agricultural Code, creating the California Poultry Promotion Council.

The prople of the State of California do enact as follows:

Sacrion 1. Chapter 19 is added to Division 6 of the Agricultural Code, to read:

CHAPTER 19. THE CALIFORNIA POULTRY PROMOTION COUNCIL

of this enapter are enacted in the exercise of the police power of this State for the purposes of protecting and furthering the public health and welfare. It is further declared that the public health and welfare. It is further declared that the public health and welfare. It is further declared that the public health and welfare is an extent with a public interest, in that, among other things:

(a) The production and raising of positry, eggs, and products constitutes a paramount industry of this state which not only provides substantial and required revealed for the State and its political subdivisions, and employed means of livelihood for many thousands of its but also furnishes essential foods that are vital to the public health and welfare.

(b) The gtabilization, maintenance, and expansion of punhry industry of California, and of the State, nationwide and foreign markets for its products are necessary to assure the canadiming public as adequate supply of foods which are in a proper human diet, to protect, for the State

1: and its political subdivisions, a necessary source of tax reve-2 nue, to provide and maintain an adequate standard of living 3, for a great segment of the people of this State, to maintain 4 proper wage scales for those engaged in the poultry industry. and to maintain existing employment.

The exentiality of California grown and raised poality.

errs, and poultry products to the maintenance of a high level of public health is such as to require that the public be made thoroughly aware thereof, and be protected against misrepresentation and deception, by the descrimation of accurate and scientific information relative to the healthful qualities of California grown and raised poultry, eggs, and poultry produnis, their various classifications and the food value and uses thers f, the methods, care and preenutions necessary to their proper production, processing and distribution, and the necesvery costs and expenses thereof, and the necessity and desirability on the part of the public of name and consuming California grown and raisel poultry, eggs. and poultry products.

5001. The purpose of this chapter are

(a) To enable the California poultry industry with the aid of the State to develop, maintain, and expand all markets for California grown and caised poultry, eggs, and poultry prod urtn

(h) In aid, but not in limitation of the other purposes of this chapter, to authorize and enable the director to formulate and effectuate, directly or in co-operation with other agencies and instrumentalities sales stimulation and emisumer or other edu ational programs disigned to increase the use and consumption of Cahfornia grown and raised poultry, eggs, and coultry products

To provide funds for the administration and enforce ment of this chapter by providing for charges on positry feed. 3302. As used in this chapter:

(a "Poultry meludes only chickens. It does not include

ducks, geore, turkeys or rabbits.

(b) "Poultry products" includes chickens or the parts thereof, and chicken

(e. "Poultry feed includes the common components to feed chickens regardless of manner in which it is acquired or premiured and regardless of form in ..... they are prepared or mixed for feeding. As used in this subsection, "comproteins, minerals and vitamins, and other ingredients found In positry farding rations such as rice, cora, barley, sorghum, bears, unts, wheat, alfalfa, most, fish, or the products

(ii "Director" means the Director of the California State Department of Agriculture

(e) "Producer" means any person engaged in the business of egg production, production of poultry and poultry prodnets, breeding of poultry, or the operation of a poultry

hatchery.

(f: "California grown and raised" preaus that the poultry or poultry product has been produced, grown, or raised to market weight in the State of California.

5303. The director shall administer and enforce the provisions of this chapter and shall have and may exercise any and all of the administrative powers conferred by Sections 11180 to 11191, inclusive, of the Government Code upon a bead of a department. In order to effectuate the declared purcoses of this chapter, the director may contract to carry out

the declared intent and purposes of this chapter.
5304. There is hereby established the California Poultry.
Promotion Council which consists of 21 members and 21 alternates, all of whom shall be citizens and residents of this State. and all of whom shall themselves be poultry producers or, as the director may determine, reasonably akin to the business of producing, growing, or raising poultry, eggs, or poultry products in this State

5305. The terms of office of the members and alternates of the council shall be three years, except as provided in this section. The first appointments made under this chapter shall be so made that the terms of seven members and their altermates shall expire at the end of one year, seven members and their alternates shall expire at the end of two years, and seven members and their alternates shall expire at the end of three years. The director, whenever he deems necessary, shall obtain dditional neminaturas for membership on the council from producers.

Any vacancy occurring during the unexpired term shall be filled by the director for the mexpired term from the eligible nominees. No conneil member or alternate shall serve more than two consecutive three-year terms except that service as an alternate does not disqualify a person to then serve two such terms as a member.

The director may remove any member of the council or alternate for cause and upon such removal there shall be a vacancy which all die fill d in the manner as provided for the unexpired term

Within at days after the effective date of this section. the director shall call and ham meetings of producers engaged in business es such in this State, at such place in the State as he shall determine will give a reasonable opportunity to every such producer to attend one of such nacetings, for the purpose of receiving from them nominations for membership on the nominit. Every producer shall be entitled to nominate one nonline for membership on the council. Notice of each of such meetings shall be given by the director by direct mail to all producers known to be in business from existing state records,



1 by any such other means as the director may deem appropriate, and by publishing notice thereof in a newapaper of general circulation published in the general area wherein such meeting is to be held. Such notice of meeting shall set forth the time, place, and purpose thereof, and no such meeting shall be held prior to three days after the last publication of notice thereof. At each meeting the director shall receive nominations for membership on the council.

9 53065. From the full list of persons nominated for council membership as set forth in Sections 5304, 5305 and 5306, the director shall select and appoint the actual council members and their alternates, giving due regard to the various segments of the industry and the geography of this State.

13 5307 A majority of the members of the council shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of all business, including the election of officers.

15 Immediately upon the appointment and qualification of the council, the council shall meet at a time and place designated by the director as temporary chairman and shall organize. The concell shall select annually from its number, to serve at its pleasure, a chairman and vice chairman who, together with five other members selected annually by the council, shall constitute the executive committee of the council. The executive committee of the council. The executive committee of the council as the council may delegate to it.

the executive committee of the committee shall have and exercise such powers of the council as the council may delegate to it.

The council shall have at least two regular meetings in one, year at times and places fixed by the council. The times for regular meetings shall be fixed so that time shall have at interval of four calendar mentles perwoon such meetings. The council may assemble for additional special meetings at my time and place at the call of the chairman or upon the general request of five members of the council. The eccentive armittee shell have four regular meetings each year at times and places fixed by it, and may meet in special meetings at any to time and come at the call of the chairman or on call of a ma-

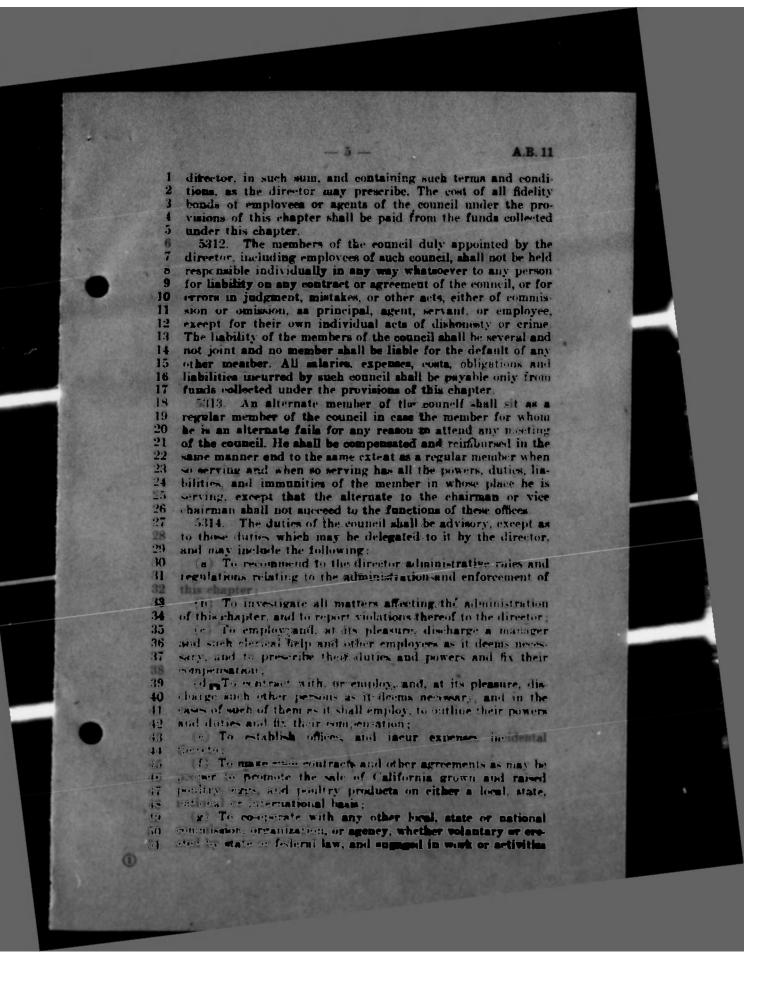
The angle of the measure of the executive consulting.

320%— The appeared members of the consult shall receive the dollars (\$10) per day for each day spent in actual attendance at the meetings or of the business of the council and shall to be reimbursed for necessary toxycling and other expenses in acred in the performance of their official duties.

3710. No member of the annual, other than a reinder of the executive essaintities, shall receive compensation for note than 20 days' service per year. No member of the executive amunities shall receive compensation for more than five days' in service in seas one month, except the chairman who may re-4: Other commensus on for not more than 10 days per mouth

45 A. The directs may require any employee or agent of
40 the exempt to give a fid-hity bond exempted by mounts com40 the exempt to do basiness in this State in fact of the

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37

similar to the work and activities of the connect created by this chapter, and recommend to the director the making of con-tracts and agreements with such organizations or agencies for carrying on joint programs of education, research, sales, public appreciation and consumption; publicity and adverprinte appreciation and consumption, publicly and adver-ising of California grown and raised poultry, eggs, and poultry praducts; provided, however, that in matters of re-search, the council shall co-operate with organizations of re-og-used professional standing which are ad-quittely equipped with facilities for the research contemplated;

th: To recommend to the director the institution and pronotion of scientific research to develop or discover, or both, the health, food, therapeutic, dictetic, industrial, or other uses of California grown and raised ponitry, eggs, and paritry prod-

i To approve or deny all proposed or in arred expenses, salaries, costs, or other charges against the Ponicy Promotion Fund as said fund is created in Section

5315. The director shall adopt, after recommendation by the conneil, a distinctive seal, label, or marking which may be used as a sales production; me in an incommand coultry. eggs, and poultry products grown and raised in Calif

The type and quality of products which may display the California designation adopted under Section 5315 shall be as determined by the director, after giving proper n to recommendations of the council Further, the use of such seal, label, or marking, or any bintation thereof, on any poultry, egg, or poultry product, or on any carton, pack comminer of poultry eggs, or poultry products not meeting these accommunations, or in any case not produced, grown or raised in California, is a missiomeanor and shall be 32 enfeinable

The director shall conduct, or may cause the council to conduct, programs of education, research, or public information, designed to accomplish the following purposes, among

To increase the consumption of California grown and ruised poultry, each and poultry products, to gather, publicise, and diffuse accurate and scientific information allowing the importance of the use and consumption of these products in 41 relation to the public health, economy, and diet, and proper to nutrition of children and adults; to study measu and methods 43 e. olored to producing, processing, manufacturing, marketing, 44 and distributing poultry, exps and poultry products in order to comply with the saminers and other regulations in posed by municipalities, State and Nation; to guider and disseminate 47 information regarding the high standards observed and impassed to naure pure and wholesome California grown and on the public hanth resulting from the breakness are conditions

peculiar to the positry industry which tend to cause an unbalanced production, the price of poultry, eggs, and poultry products in relation to the cost of other items of food in a balanced diet, am the factors which tend to promote increased a California grown and raised poultry, eggs. and nountry products, stabilize the industry, and foster a better understanding and more efficient co-operation among

California producers and the consuming public.

No producers are tivity conducted or sponsored under the chapter share make faire or unwarranted claims, or dispursage the quality, value, use, or sale of any commedity an-Liorized by law to be marketed in this State, nor shall any such program is conducted with reference to a brand or trade california identification described in Section 5315.

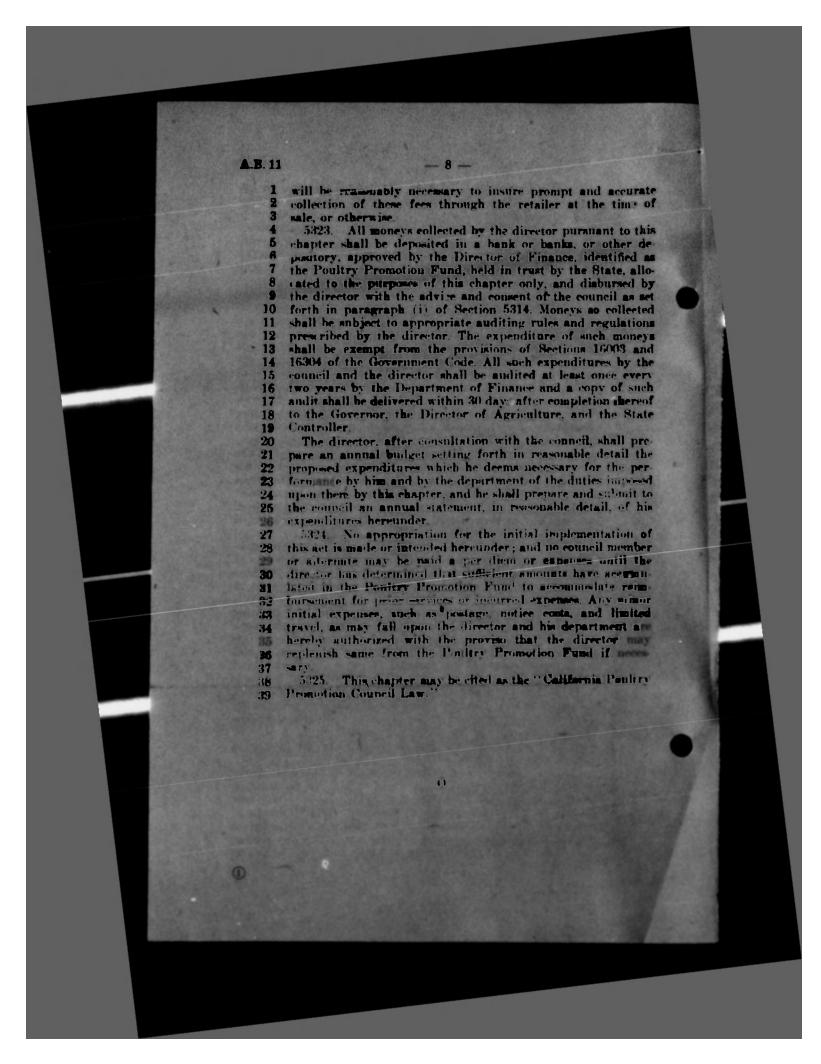
5318. The council shall keep such books, records, and counts of all us transactions, dealings, contracts, agreements, funds, and expenditures as it deems necessary, which books, and accounts shall at all time; be open to inspection and audit by the director.

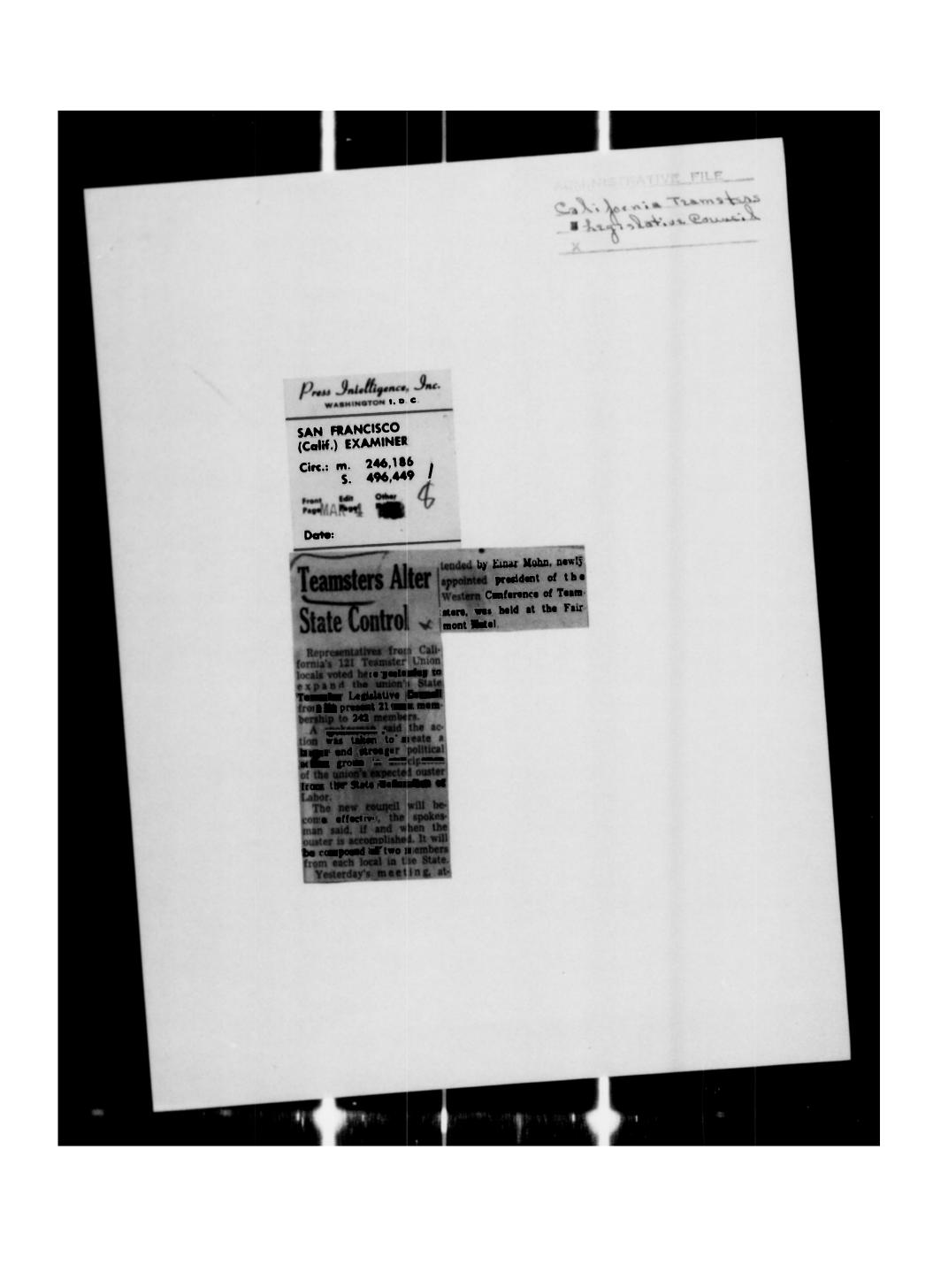
5319. No morrier, alternate agent, or employee of the council shall appear before any legislative committee of the State or Federal Government as a representative of the conneil unless requested to do so by such committee, nor shall such person lobby m any manner as a representative of the council nor shall any funds collected pursuant to this chapter be used for political contributions

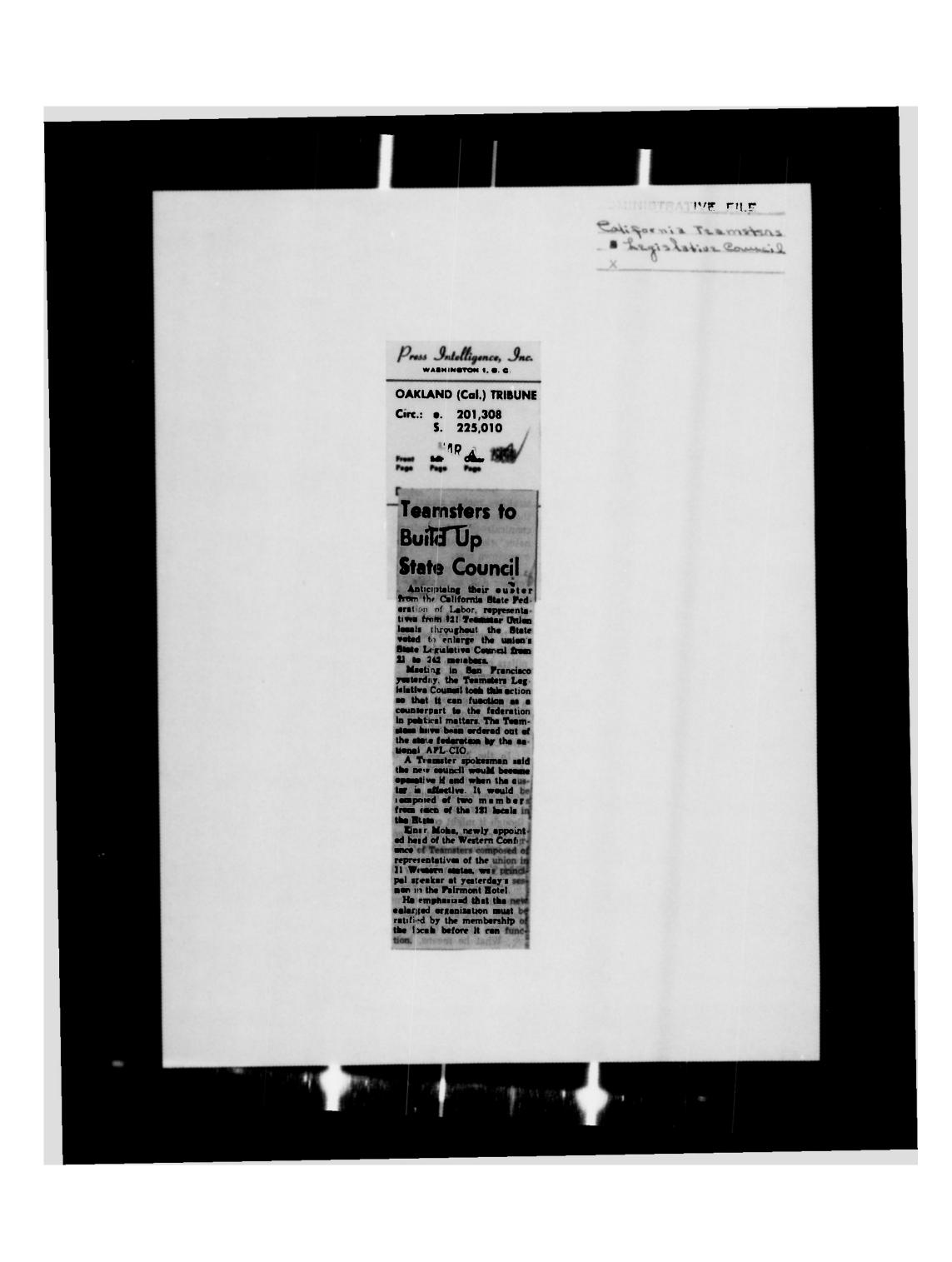
The council shall prepare, annually, and make avail to all producers who so request, summarised statements of activities in which it has been engaged in the previous annual period, and of the armities in which it prepases to currer in the casting annual period

5527. Upon recommendations by the council the director may establish consistent with this chapter such rules and regulations covering the administration and enforcement of this chapter as may be necessary to earry out the purposes and attain the objective of this chapter. No rule or regulation shall become effective until the termination of a period of five days from the date of its adoption. The director may mail a copy of 40 the outies of said manages to all persons directly affected by the rules and regulations whose names and addresses may be on file in the file of the director and shall supply a copy of 43 - every person who files us the office of the director a written request for anch motice.

1 aramencing on a date to baset he the director, in lessing with recommendations made to him by the conneil 47 very p wineer shall hereafter pay the department of the control of the every 100 possible or fraction over 100 counds of possibly feed used in this State to feed, preduce, grow, or raise positry and poultry products as same are defined in Section in like director is authorized to make such regulations as







### CALIFORNIA TEAMSTERS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

#### EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEETING

MEMORANDUM OF MINUTES - MARCH 3, 1958

MEETING:

The members of the Executive Committee of the Californie Teamsters Legislative Council met in the Twentieth Cantury Room of The Fairmont Hotel, San Francisco, Californie, on Monday, March 3, 1958 at 10:05 a.m., President Joseph

J. Diviny presiding.

ROLL CALL:

Following Executive Committee members were present:

Joint Council No. 7

President Joseph J. Diviny

Erle E. Carter Stephen F. Gilligan Jack Goldberger Fred Hofmann George Hunt Les Summerfield

Joint Council No. 38 Eddie Davie

Mike Elorduy Bill Fowler Al Marty

Vern Pankey Gerry Shearin

Joint Council No. 42

Their and W. . . William

John F. Annand Vice President

Paul Jones Ted Merrill H. L. Woxberg

Also present were President Einar O. Mohn, Western Conference of Teamsters, Al Addy, Walt Lacey, Pat Martin, Lew Parrich, Jim Shourt and M. S. Vidaver.

Lacey, i. t species, in threigh, 2im

Absent members were: John Marshall, Stewart Mason, Robert D. Usssry, and Secretary George E. Mock and Varn Cannon because of illness.

MINUTES:

There being no objections, the minutes of the meeting of Wednesday, February 5, 1958 were read and approved as mimeographed and mailed to all Teamster Locale in California.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS:

Steve Gilligan reported that Joint Council No. 7 had adopted in principle the payment of the four-cent per capits tax payment per member per month upon notification by the State Federation of Labor of disaffiliation. Jack Annand reported that Joint Council No. 42 had also adopted it in principle.

Gerry Shearin reported that Joint Council No. 38 had

also sdopted in principle the four-cent per capita tax payment.

Pat Martin, substituting for Vern Cannon, reported that the Legielative Council office ie in daily contact with Pat Brown'e campaign office, preparing speeches, research material and campaign ideas.

Pat said that Vern wished to express his appreciation for the new tools and instruments given him and that they should develop into even greater production.

Pat Martin reported that the office had been very active as regards the Seesion this week on the California poultry industry problem: that arrangements had been made for various Tesmster representativee, as well as representatives of Butcher unions and other labor organisations, to appear before the Legislative Committees on behalf of the etate legislative project.

Cannon's report to the Committee included a recommendation that endoreemente for state offices (State Senatore and State Assemblymen) should be presented by each Joint Council, to the Californie Teamstere Legislative Council, for approval and for action.

Pat Martin precented 25 tickets to Senator Short's Testimonial Dinner to the Committee, asking their pleasurs.

OF

MOTION: Motion made, esconded and carried that a communication

be sent to the sponsors of the Senator Short dinner, relating that matters of this nature (purchasing of tickets) are usually handled on a local basis, with contributions

being made directly by the Locals.

MOTION: Motion made, seconded and carried that a Committee

from each Joint Council be selected to map out a program for the afternoon meeting and re-adjourn at 1:15 p.m.

APPOINTMENT Joseph Diviny sppointed from Joint Council No. 7,

Steve Gilligan and Jack Goldberger.

COMMITTEE: Jack Annand appointed from Joint Council No. 42, Ted Merrill and H. L. Woxberg.

Gerry Shearin appointed from Joint Council No. 38, Vern

Pankey and Eddie Davie.

MOTION: Motion made, seconded and carried that the Executive

Committee adjourn and return at 1:15 p.m.

ACTION OF SIX-MAN COMMITTEE

DISCUSSION: Emphasis was pleced upon the preparation of a set of recommendations which would clearly outline the functions and purposes of the Californie Teamsters Legislative

Council and differentiate between the four-cent per capita tax and the voluntary dollar contribution.

MOTION: Motion made, seconded and carried that Jack Goldbergar

ba appointed Chairman of this Committee, in the absence of Secretary George Mock, to present the recommendations

to the meeting.

SEE attached sheet for four recommendations as prepared

by this Committee.

RE-ADJOURNMENT OF EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

MEETING: The meeting of members of the Executive Committee of

the Californie Teamsters Legislative Council re-adjourned in the Twentieth Century Room of The Fairmont Hotel, San Francisco, Californie on Monday, March 3, 1958 at 1:20 p.m., Precident Joseph J. Diviny preciding.

Motion made, seconded and carried that Recommendation MOTION:

No. I ae read be adopted for precentation to the Special Meeting of the California Teamsters Legislative Council.

MOTION: Motion made, seconded and Carried that Recommendation

No. 2 as read be adopted for presentation to the Special Meeting of the California Teamsters Legislative Council.

MOTION: Motion made, seconded and carried that Recommendation

No. 3 as read be adopted for precentation to the Special Meeting of the California Teamsters Legislative Council.

MOTION: Motion made, seconded and carried that Recommendation

No. 4 as read be adopted for precentation to the Special Meeting of the California Teamsters Legislative Council.

ADJOURNMENT: Motion made, seconded and carried that all business before MOTION:

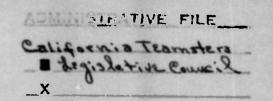
the Executive Committee having been concluded, the meet-

ing be declared adjourned at 1:50 p.m.

Joseph J. Diviny, President John F. Annand, Vice President George E. Mock, Secretary

California Teamsters Legislative

Council



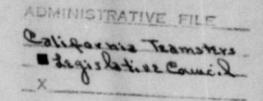
#### CALIFORNIA TEAMSTERS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

#### SPECIAL MEETING

#### MARCH 3, 1958

### RECOMMENDATIONS OF EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

- 1. The title of this organization shall be known as the Californis Teamsters
  Legislative Council which shall consist of all Locals chartered within
  the International Brotherhood of Teamsters within the State of California.
  The per capita tax shall be based on four (4) cents per month per member
  paid to the Joint Council to which you are affiliated, based upon the membership of your organisation as paid per capita to the International. Per
  capita shall become due and payable on the first day of the month following
  formal notification of disaffiliation by the California State Federation of
  Labor.
- 2. The purpose of this Council is to foster beneficial legislation, and coordinate all political and legislative activity as it affects Teamsters in the State of California.
- 3. The present Legislative Committee, consisting of seven (7) members from each Joint Council, shall administer the affairs of the Council until such time as by-laws for the California Teamsters Legislative Council are adopted and ratified by each respective Joint Council.
- 4. A one-dollar per member voluntary contribution to be collected immediately by the Local Union, forwarded to the respective Joint Council, the Joint Council in turn to forward this money to the Legislative Council. The Legislative Council shall establish a separate fund to administer the expenditure of these funds for the purpose of defeating the Initiative Measure known as The Employer-Employee Relations Act.



#### CALIFORNIA TEAMSTERS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

#### SPECIAL MEETING

MEETING:

The Special Meeting of the Californie Teamsters Legislative Council was called to order at 2:10 p.m. on Monday, March 3, 1958 in the Nob Hill Room of The Fairmont Hotel, San Francisco, Californie by Chairman Joseph J. Diviny.

ROLL CALL:

Attendance record signed by 145 delegates. Chairman Diviny explained that Secretary George E. Mock was absent, having been ordered to bed by his doctor, and that Vern Cannon was also absent because of illness.

DISCUSSION:

Chairman stated the purpose of the meeting as outlined in the meeting in Los Angeles on February 5, 1958 was to discuss the Right-to-Work initiative and other problems confronting the Teamster Locale politically and otherwise. The fact was brought out that we are paying into the Californie State Federation of Labor four cents per member per month per capita tax. When and if Teamster locals become disaffiliated from the State Federation, the per capita tax now being paid to the State Federation would be placed into a fund to fight the Right-to-Work initiative and under the control of the Californie Teamsters Legislative Council.

The Chairman stated that before motions were passed on the recommendations of the Executive Committee, he would like to introduce to the meeting Einor O. Mohn, newly-appointed President of the Western Conference of Teamsters.

President Mohn stated how very glad he was to be back home and that he would outline briefly the purpose of the meeting. The Teamsters being out of the AFL-CIO, it would be only a matter of time before expulsion from the Californie State Federation of Labor would follow. The state Federation, in his opinion, has done a good job in legislative and political fields where they now function, and the purpose of this meeting was not to do anything to hinder that work. The Teamsters will wait until the State Federation takes the final step toward disaffilistion. Not

prepared to meet this inevitable situation, however, could result in a loss to the Teamsters of their effective voice in legislative matters. It was emphasised that the intent was not to create a dual organisation, but to expand and broaden the program so that every Local Union would become an active member of a state-wide legislative council. He sided that a simple set of by-laws should be prepared end adopted by the three Joint Councils. The question had been asked whether this was to be a permanent organisation. To that question he could only answer that until such time as the Teamsters were taken back into the AFL-CIO and conditions and circumstances were acceptable to them, the Californie Teamsters Legislative Council would continue to function on this expanded scale.

After voting on the recommendations. President Mohn

After voting on the recommendations, President Mohn stated he would like to address the meeting on other matters effecting the Teamsters.

RECOM-MENDATIONS: Chairman requested that Recommendations of the Executive Committee be read in their entirety and acted upon separately.

DISCUSSION:

It was explained that the purpose wes not to create a dual organisation; that Einar Mohn had been active in the original establishment of the office of the Teamsters Legislative Council in Sacramento and that office would continue to sugment the work of the State Federation. Upon notice from the State Federation of disaffiliation, the work load for the Teamsters Legislative Council would increase, thus requiring the per capita tax payment of four cents that had previously been paid to the State Federation. An estimate of the monthly payment to the Legislative Council of this per capita tax was approximately \$10,000.

Also clarified was the fact that if voluntary dollar contributions had already been sent to the State Federation, no Locale would be asked to make a second contribution to the Legislative Council.

MOTION:

Motion, made, seconded and carried that Recommendation No. 1 of the Executive Committee of the Californie Teamstem Legislative Council be adopted.

DISCUSSION: When the question arose as to whether Recommendation

No 2 would cover city as weil as state legislation, it was explained that not municipal elections but rather

MOTION: Motion made, seconded and carried that Recommendation

Motion made, seconded and carried that Recommendation No. 3 of the Executive Committee of the California

Teamsters Legislative Council be adopted.

DISCUSSION: The one-dollar contribution was described as a voluntary

contribution, monies to be used to defeat the Right-to Work initiative and coordinate with the efforts of the California State Federation of Labor. If money had already been turned in to the State Federation, that Local would be excused. A list of Locals having contributed

to the State Federation should be compiled.

MOTION: Motion made, seconded and carried that Recommendation

No. 4 of the Executive Committee of the California Team-

sters Legislative Committee be adopted.

DISCUSSION: Chairman asked if all Locals had received copies of the minutes of the meeting of the California Teamsters Legis-

lative Council held in Los Angeles on February 5, 1958.

All responded in the affirmative.

Chairman then turned the roetrum over to Einar O. Mohn.

President Einer O. Mohn stressed the importance of looking into the future, preparing for eventualities, meeting regularly to discuss problems and their possible solution. Because of the discriminatory action to which the Teamsters have been subjected both within and without the Labor Movement, on a local, state and national level recently, everyone should so conduct himself with dignity and intelligence that he can welcome scrutiny and remain above reproach. A conscientious and humane course should be followed in daily contacts. At all times, we must remember that the dues-paying member gains his impression of the Teamsters from the conduct and attitudes of the officers and personnel of his own Local Union office. In the years Brother Mohn had spent in Los Angeles and in San Francisco, his door had always been open to the man with a problem and it would so remain. What repairing had to be done within the organisation, could

soon be accomplished by good public relations. On bahalf of the Committee, he thanked everyone who was present for their interest end attention.

A question arose about the handling of credentials to the convention of Labor's League for Political Education. This situation had been thoroughly discussed with Teamster attorneys who advised that it is a completely independent organization as far as the Californie State Federation of Labor is concerned. In this particular instance, all Teamster Locals could carry on in the same fashion as in the past.

ADJOURNMENT: MOTION:

Motion made, seconded and carried that there being no further business, the meeting be declared adjourned at 3:20 p.m.

Joseph J. Diviny, President John F. Annand, Vice President George E. Mock, Secretary

California Teamsters Legislative Council



HOTEL SENATOR
SAGRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA
Phone Gilbert 2-5081



EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

President Joseph Diviny San Francisco

Vice-President Jack Annand Los Angeles

Secretary George Mock Secremento

Erle E. Carter Martinez \* H. L. Woxburg Los Angeles

Stephen Gilligen San Francisco

Jack Goldberger San Francisco \* Walter Biggers Fresno

John Marshall Los Angeles

Ted Merrill Long Beach

J. P. Poteet San Diego Gerald A Shearin Marysville

Vernon L. Pankey Quilland \* Paul D. Jones Los Angales

Edward Davis Stockton Fred Hofmann San Jose

January 16, 1958

ADM:NIC PARTIES

California Teamsters

\* tenislative Council

JOSEPH DIVINY

Mr. Einar O. Mohn, Assistant to the General President International Brotherhood of Teamsters 25 Louisiana Avenue, N. W. Washington 1, D. C.

Dear Sir and Brother:

AIR MAIL

In accordance with our telephone conversation yesterday, all members of the Executive Committee of the California Teamsters Legislative Council have been notified of a meeting to be held on Wednesday morning, February 5 at 10:00 s. m. in the Board Roon, of the Teamaters' Building at 1616 West Ninth Street, Loe Angeles.

Looking forward to seeing you there and with best personal regards, I am

Sincerely and fraternally,

Joseph J. Diviny
President

cc: Mr. Vern H. Cannon

JJD:r

ADMINISTRATIVE FILE California TEZmstays # Legislative Council

JUNE 24, 1957

INTERIM LEGISLATIVE REPORT TO THE CALIFORNIA LEAMSTERS LEGISLATIVE COULCIL

1957 SESSION OF THE CALLECTINI, STATE LICTSLATUF

VERN CANNON LEGISLATIVE REPRES STATIVE

FUECOLINE COMMI .....

Joseph J. Diviny President

Jec't Annand Vice President

Secretory

Rrie E. Certer Mertinez

H. L. Woxburg Los Angelas

Stephan Gilligen San Francisco

Jack Goldberger Sen Francisco

Watter Biggers Presno

John Marahall Los Angeles

Albert A. Marty

Sacramento

Tec Herrill Iong Beach

J. P. Petent San Diego

Garaid A. Shearan Maryaville

Vernon L. Pankey Oakland

Paul D. Jones

Los Angeles

Edward Davis Stockton

Fred Formant. san Jose

(This is an interim report and will be supplemented by a final accounting when the bill-signing period allowed the governor ends on July 17)

COMPANIES TO SEC

-

Labor in general, and Teamster: in particular, this year enjoyed one of the most successful legislative sessions in history. In addition to the new cesh benefits of more than \$30,000,000 s year, numerous other advantages were gained for the members of organized labor during the recent session, and scores of bad bills were defeated.

There is one thing certain -- Teamsters anjoy the respect and the confidence of our Legislators, in a higher degree than ever before, and the future holds even brighter promise for Teamsters in our Capitol City of Sacremento.

Much of this success can be traced directly to the splendid manner in which sacrateries, business reents, efficels and nembers of local Teamster Unions over the state cooperated in the effort to keep our Legislators fully informed on the viewpoints of Teamsters. The tolegrams and the letters that Teamsters throughout the state sent to legislators proved to be highly effective when the chips were down. And our legislators told me time and time again that they especially appreciated the fact that Teamsters wrote or telephoned to trank them for their cooperation. Legislators do not receive many kind words, and a word of appreciation is especially remembered by them. Teamsters have made many new friends among legislators sho heretofore have been in the doubtful estegory.

Our longrange program of legislative, legal and public relations services to Members of the Legislature is paying big dividends. But because we are doing fine now, nowever, is no reason for slacking off in our afforts -- on the contrary, we should endeavor to ansarge our saope of operations.

The growing resistance of the operation, she work lost that increases with each year, and the constant attention to innescrable deteils necessary to protect our interests, immose added duties and responsibilities on Tessasers, not only during assions of the Legislature, but every week and month off each page.

as a big winner we must play our cards accordingly.

More than 8000 bills were introduced -- s larger number than were introduced in the United States Congress only a few years ago.

Twenty-five hundred of them, another record, were approved by the Legislature.

Of the total, it is calculated that 3884 of them were bills that affected the interests of Labor and required the close attention of Labor's legislative representatives.

Many hundreds directly affected Teamsters,

The task of helping in the passage of good bills, the defeat of bad bills, and the careful vigil that must be devoted to those in the twilight zone in between, is burdensons, and can be expected to become more so with each succeeding session.

Por this report, I have prepared prief explanations on a number of legislative items of especial importance to Teansters, and on other matters of general interest to the mambers of our organization.

Our principal concern during the Lession was over bills dealing with unemployment insurance, disability insurance, and workmen's compensation. Labor and the Teamsters scored major victories in all three of them, over stiff opposition.

It is in those three fields alone that new legislation endeted at the recent session will bring more than \$30,000.000 a year in new and added ceah benefits to menters of Organized Labor--or approximately \$160,000 for every normal working day of each year.

3.

In making concessions to Labor in the matter of increased benefits, the opposition usually resorts to the device of endeavoring to remove as many marginal workers as possible from benefit coverage. This applies perticularly to sessonal workers, like those in the cannery category. This session the Teamsters, who are particularly concerned with that feeture of our program, did not lose any such benefits for a single seesonal worker. This was a notable achievement in the face of determined opposition.

## INSURANCE CODE

## AB 1773 (RIES AND DOYLE)

Probably the most far-reaching labor legislation enacted at the session was AB 1775. This measure, which was on the Governor's desk when I left Secremento, will be semathing of a "bible" by which Organized Lebor will operate its employee health end welfare programs.

It is in line with a bill that the Teamsters and other segments of Lebor aponeored at the 1955 session but which did not pass at that time.

This time this legislation was worked out among representatives of Labor, management, insurance firms, and the Attorney General's office.

It provides for etate supervision of welfare funds with the atressed policy that the purpose of the law is to protect the rights and

the interests of the beneficiaries of those funds.

Pour mejor provisions are incorporated in this legislation.
They ere:

First--welfers plans must be registered with the State Insurance Commissioner.

to the Insurance Commissioner

Third--Trustees must make their annual reports available to beneficiaries, and

Fourth--Trustees must submit their stewardship to examination of the Insurance Commissioner at least once every three years.

This legislation possesses a strong section dealing with fraud and double representation. It creates an advisory council and provides an approporation for enteriors and supervision.

The Insurance Commissioner is given considerable discretion to render decisions regarding types of funds that are to be governed, the duties of trustees, the rights of beneficiaries and in similar instances possesses considerable latitude in the supervision of the funds.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE CODE

## AB 687(MUYS

This bill provides for maximum waskly benefits of \$40 a week compared with the \$33 a week under present law in the realm of unemployment insurance.

It also provides for a flat five-week disqualification period for voluntary quits or for being fired for cause.

In a year like 1957, numbers of Organized Labor would reap more than \$12,000,000 in added dush benefits from this new legislation.

AB 233-- (BEALET AND CALDECOTT)

5.

The significant facts about this new disability insurance measure are:

First--the maximum weekly benefit is increased from 440 to \$50, and Second--the bill provides hospital benefits of \$12 daily for 20 days, compared with \$10 a day for 12 days as provided under existing law.

The incressed costs of the new disability program will be offset by an incresse in the tex pass providing for contributions on the first \$3600 earned each year, against the first \$3000 as now provided by law. The cost incresse for this added protection for each employee will be \$6 a year more than he now pays.

The annual increase in benefits under this law will amount to approximately \$11,000,000 s year.

## AB 3662 (BEE)

This bill, which deals with workmen's compensation, rightfully belongs under the Labor Code of laws, but will be discussed nos because it is related to the cash benefit incresses accruing to wage earners.

Its passage means about \$8,000,000 a year more in banefits.

Its adoption was the result of a razzle-dazzle legislative parlay appearhanded by representatives of Organized Labor, including the Teamaters, and in final form provides \$50 a week for temporary disabilities and \$40 a week for permanent disabilities.

#### AB 12"1 (j.EV FING)

This bill, a bed one, was beaten to death in committee.

It sould have removed from the coverage of our Unemployment, Insurance Code protection all workers employed in the mandling or the proceeding of parishable fruits and vegetables, when such amployment ass solely within the active processing season of the employer.

As the bill was drawn, it would have denied amployees in that type of work the right to count wages paid to them in such employment for the purposes of meeting the \$600 earn test.

It would have totally disquelified most employees in that type of sork from receiving benefits and sould have further penalized them by rendering seges cornec in that type of work as being of to value in computing their eligibility for threfits when those carnings were edded to income from other types of employment.

## AB 2607 (LEVE-ING)

This ses snother bad bill shich met defeat in committee.

It would have smended the Unemployment Insurance Code to provide for request reporting of base period sermings, and would have established a "weeks of work" eligibility test of \$15 during et lesst 20 of the 52 consecutive calender weeks of the claimant's been period.

This bill was loaded with logalistic gobbledegock that would have thrown the entire present system of claiment's accounting out of kilter, the net effect of which would have been discrimination egainst claiments in many, many ways.

#### AB 2642 (CHAPE)

This was a bad bill handed to Assurblyman Chapel who unwittingly introduced it. When we informed him of its bad features, Chapel attempted to emend and limit its insumes. The bill dealt with an employer attempt to exempt drivers of outering trucks from Unemployment Insurance, and other benefits anjoyed by Teamsters, by re-classifying them as "independent contractors" instead of "employees".

The bill was bad enough for that 'nature alone, but it was so cleverly drawn that it would have provided a base for exempting a number of other Teamster categories ("The normal and rightful benefits.

But the employers' slyness was detected and defeated.

## AB 3165 (MUNNELL AND OTHERS)

This was enother bad bill which was appresend at the outset by Assemblyman Munnell who was not aware of its enti-labor features. It is typical of many bills which legislators are eaked to carry, and which they introduce without a genuine knowledge of their real import.

The bill would have required that members appointed to referee positions under the Unemployment Insurance Code must be lawyers, among other undesirable features. It was defeated on the floor of the Assembly by an overwhelming majority.

## LABOR CODE

## SB 127 and 128 (ABSHIRE AND OTHERS)

These twin bills dealt with the hours of employment for women.

They sould have exempted women workers over 18 years of age in pro-

feecional, technical and clerical jobs from the bomon's 8-hour law, in instances where such occupations are governal by order of the Industrial Welfere Commission. Both of them passed the Senate but were rejected by an Assamply Committee and the subject matter assamply referred to a subcommittee for interim study. We must watch this interim committee's actions very carefully.

### SB 2029 (ABSHIRE AND SOME OTHERS)

This bill was potentially the most dangerous of all legislative proposals offered at the session.

This was the so-called "mild" bill on the subject of "right-to work" legislation. Senstor Abshire nursed it along in the Senste for a long time, waiting for the best moment in which to secure favorable action, and held it for the lust-minute rush when it might be approved with little notice.

All segments of Organized Labor were fully avere of its danger, however, and kept a constant watch on it. When Senator Absnire made his play, we were ready, and the measure was defeated.

This defeat was spearheaded by Senator Collier. When Abshire esked for Senate consideration of the bill, Collier countered by moving that the bill be stricken from the file, which would kill it off. Collier's motion won by a close tote and the bill was dead.

To show you how eleverly the opposition works, the entire bill consisted of only 42 words. But, if enacted into law, it would have thrown the whole normal procedure of certification and bargaining rights into a state of confusion and suspense, and destroyed in entirety

the aplendid relationships what exist between responsible regisers of Lebor and Management in Galifornia.

VERICLE CODE

#### AB 19 (MANCIS)

This bill requires mandatory jell sentences for drivers convicted for drunk driving the second time. It has been signed by the Governor.

#### AD 165 (LINDLA) AND BRUGE ALLIN,

This bill, which dealt with maximum speed limits, rader, mandatory jail sentences end license revocations, failed to pass.

## AB 524 (MARCH)

This new law changes those vehicles to which a maximum speed
limit of 45 miles an hour applies. Under these amendments any motor
truck or truck tractor having three or more axles, or any motor truck
or truck tractor drawing a trailer, or any combination of these vehicles,
is now subjected to this special speed limit.

## AB 996 (VILEON)

This bill, which was sent to interim committee study, would have, eith some exceptions, prohibited commercial vehicles from being on our highests over the weekends.

## AB 1377 (GAFFNE)

This bill amenda the various driver license laws and is the first

step in a program to require dirvers to demonstrate their shillty to drive large complex type of vehicles.

#### AB 1391 (Mach Tit)

This bill, which concerns the supersion of driver licenses, eas referred to en inter'm committee for study.

#### AB 1481 (DAHL AND OTH RE)

This bill establishes the principle of renewing driving licenses on the birthdete of the applicant. It further provides that drivers who ere not involved in accidents and who have not been convicted of election number of moving traffic violations may obtain licenses to drive for five years. The important point in this bill, as it affects Teemsters, is that five-year licenses will be denied to motorists who have more than one moving violation, but licensed chauffeurs are ellosed three such violations and will still be allowed to have a five-year license.

## AB 1696 (BUSTERUD)

This bill provides a new definition for the term "negligant driver".

Under this bill, one conviction for certain serious vibrations no longer sill be counted as two convictions, as is now the practice. Now a "point" system sill be applied to a driver's record. Important to Teamsters is the fact that especial consideration must be given to licensed chauffeurs.

In applying this new law to a driver the department must give due consideration to the amount of use or the mileage in the operation of a vehicle. This law corrects, in part at least, the discrimination now

them to drive long distances and as a result are exposed to a larger number of traffic hexards then are encountered by the average driver.

#### 48 1983 (RELYBERCER AND HIMOERSOI)

This bill would have added to the presumptive limits for intoxication as presently contained in the Uniform Vehicle Code. The bill passed the Assembly, but died in the senate Transportation Committee. It would have authorized the use of the tests, chemical tests and numerous other legal and medical gimmicks to determine whether or not a driver is intoxicated. The Teamsters took the position that the average policeman, and the average police station, are not qualified to conduct such intricate and important thata, and that many drivers yould consequently be treated unfairly.

## AB 1984 (WEINBERGER AND HENDERSON)

This was a companion bill with AB 1983, on which I have just reported. It would have required the Department of Motor Vehicles to suspend the driving litenaes of persons who refused to take chemical tests for intoxication. It died the sens death that was dealt to AB 1983.

## AB 2439 (FECBRIDE AND CTEERS)

This bill added several sections to the Vehicle Code to provide for the licensing, by the department, of dealers and manufacturers and transporters.

#### AB 2650 (PORMER)

This bill edged a section to the Vehicle Code to require communities to consult end confer over the closin; of highways to commercial types of vehicles.

#### 3392 (BAC STRAND AND OTHERS)

This bill emended the section of the Vehicle Code dealing with the hours of driving in such a manner as to make the statute now enforceable.

Under the present law drivers have seen able to circumvent the law applying to the least number of hours that they can operate a vehicle which comes under the supervision of the California Highway Patrol.

But, under the provisions of AB 3392, so person may drive on eny highway eny freight meterials or other property, for more than 12 consecutive hours, or for more than a 12-hour apread over any 15 consecutive hours, and after that may not drive until eight consecutive hours have elepsed.

This new lew hits equerely at gypo and independent operators who have been flouting the intent and the spirit of the law for so many years.

## AB 1412 (COLLIER)

This bill would have provided that each driver's license must corry the photograph of the driver. The bill died a quick death in an Assembly committee. Senstor Collier, however, later succeeded in tacking these provisions into AB 1377.

13.

This bill contained the same provisions as 33 1481, or which I have previously reported

#### AB 2189 (FILEON)

This is a new act under the Vehicle Code and provides that the 50,000 part time and full time salesmen in the new and used automobile business in California must be registered with the Department of Motor Vehiclas. The cost of Eduinistering the Act is Figured at 41%,000 a year, but the registration reas will amount to about 2500,000 a year.

## AB 2439 (MassRIDE AND OTHERS)

This is something of a companion bill to Wilson's AB 3159.

This bill, AB 2439 by MacBride, regulates the new and used car sales business in California. It establishes a definition for a "place of business", and it is designed to eliminate the "street corner", the "fly-by-night" and the "gypo" operators in the business.

PUBLIC UTILITIES CODE

AB 3283 (MC IIIIAN)

This bill would have required all parking lots to be supervised by the California Public Utilities Commission. It died in an Assembly committee and the subject matter was referred to interim atudy.

REVENUE AND TAXATION COLE

SB 2468 (MIT. SR)

This bill reduces the motor vehicle transportation and license

tex from 3 percent to 1 1/8 percent. But it also estimates the meight fee oredit formule. The weight fee formula represented about 1/3 of one percent, so in effect, the tex response reduced from 5 to 2 percent. This reduction has been estimated at about #3,000.000 g year in savings for California truckers

#### AB 2770 (R. MSEN)

This bill, a completed and invited one, would have provided for certain exemptions from personal property taxation. It died in committee but the subject matter was referred to an interim committee for further study.

#### AL 3046 Bn:1 33 3047 (ERNEST GEDDES)

These two bills were smond the most controversial measures before
the 1957 Legislature. The first one would have imposed a new 3-cent
consumer tax on each package of digarattes sold. The second one would
have boosted the tex on each gallon of beer from 2 cents to 10 cents.
Both were defeated

HARBORS AND NAVIGATION CODE

## 2B 1648 (MCCARTHY OF SAN FRANCISCO)

This bill was vigorously opposed by representatives of the State
Personnel Board and was supported by Brother Herold Lopez, Business
Manager of Local #85. and a member of the State Board of Harbor Commissioners
Our Teamsters Legislative Council cooperated 100 per cent with him.

The bill passed and would sment the Herbors and Navigation Code to permit the San Francisco Board of Huror Commissioners to pay prevailing wages. Under existing law, rules and regulations, the Commissioners are

Board and, as a result, are unable to obtain the services of the skilled sorkers whose services they desire and require. The amendments would change that formule. The amendments, if signed into law, will mean thousands of dollers more annually in the pockets of employees of the Herbor Board.

#### SB 988 (McCARTHY OF SAN FRANCI\_CO)

This bill won legislative approval. It provides for the issuance of state bonds to create a fund for the use of the San Prancisco Port Authority to improve that harbor and its facilities.

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE

## AB 3661 (BEE AND NUMBEROUS OTHERS)

This bill died in sommittee. It would have provided that off-sale liquor premises must close between 8 p.m. each night until 10 o'clock the next morning. It also provided that such premises would have to be closed from 8 p.m. each Saturday night until 10 o'clock on the following Monday morning.

## ASSEMBLY CONCUFRENT RESCLUTION 102 (REES AND OTHERS)

This resolution would have requested the Department of Alcoholic Beverages Control to delay enforcement of its Rule 28 until April of next year. The rule ses due to go into effect on June 1 of this year. The resolution was adopted by the Assembly but died in a Sanste Committee. Meanwhile, the rule has become effective. Kule 28 prescribes certain qualifications required of distilled spirit wholesslers.

#### GENERAL TEMS

There were thousewas of other tills before the Legislature in which the Teemsters were interested, and on which they worked, to sid in their passage or to insure their defeat. Here is a fast rundown on only a fee of them.

A bill to establish state-supported child care centers on a permanent basis passed with Teamster support.

A megnificent forward step in social welfare was made when a bill was enacted into lee to provide state aid for local mental health clinics.

You can be sure that the Teamsters were in the Ecrefront in pressing for passage of this legislation.

We helped to knock off an effort to impose a sales tax on the sale of a motor vehicle between one individuel and another. This bill would have provided that, if I sold, gave or traded a car with my next door neighbor, a sales tax would have to be paid.

We supported the successful \$205,000,000 school bond proposal for the construction of more school houses.

And es were for the appropriation of another £37,000,000 in emergency funds for more pay for our school trachers.

Teemstar help was an important factor in boosting the old age pension maximum from \$89 to \$105 a month.

Re worked hard against a determined effort to permit accelerated
depreciation of business properties for state income tax purposes, because
the that the savings that business would have enjoyed from this
secure sooner or later would be reflected in additional tax burdens
on our said earners.

to supported the miccossful logislative effort to license and to

This law is the first step in a movement to curb and to control gypo's eral ste who have been going so much from so many uniformed and freightened asgo or norm who have found themselves in financial difficulties.

Teamsters were right up in front in the successful effort to provide more financial assistance for medical cere for old age pensioners.

and he were on the fining line in the successful move to increase

that would have allowed policemen to detain and to question anyone
for a period of three hours althout being required to make an arrest

Candy could be sold without being subject to a sales tax in a bill swich the Governor has vehood.

You should know that Passaters care a big help in passing the new tidelands oil bill. This new legislation will not billions of Goldans to the income of the State of Oslifernia lasteed of going into the pockets of oil companies.

One of our finest efforts was devoted to the polio vaccine progrem.

The Legislature appropriated 33,000,000 to provide vaccine shots to all

Californians under 40 years of age. This progrems is now drawing to a

close. In aix months time more than 3,000,000 Californians have been

given one or two vaccins shots as a result of this program. But this

is far from being enough. It represents only one-sixth of what is

naccessry to save our people from this dread disease. A total of

18,000,000 shots are necessary to do the job effectively.

Also, due to Teamster help, and the help of many other people, California's needy aged henceforth will be able to fish the streams of our state without being required to pay a fishing license fee.

approved of the state of the st

Equal pay for women, who do the same work that men perform, is now a matter of California law, due in part to the support of Teamsters.

As I have reported, there were thousands of bills that affected Labor directly or indirectly, and hundreds that especially concerned Teamsters.

This is only a partial accounting and certainly does not reflect the entire efforts of your Sacramento representatives.

At this point & would like to convey my compliments to Tommy

Pitts, Nail Haggerty, and Charlie Scully of the AF of L, and to all

of their associates who worked here. Their cooperation was constant
and unstinted.

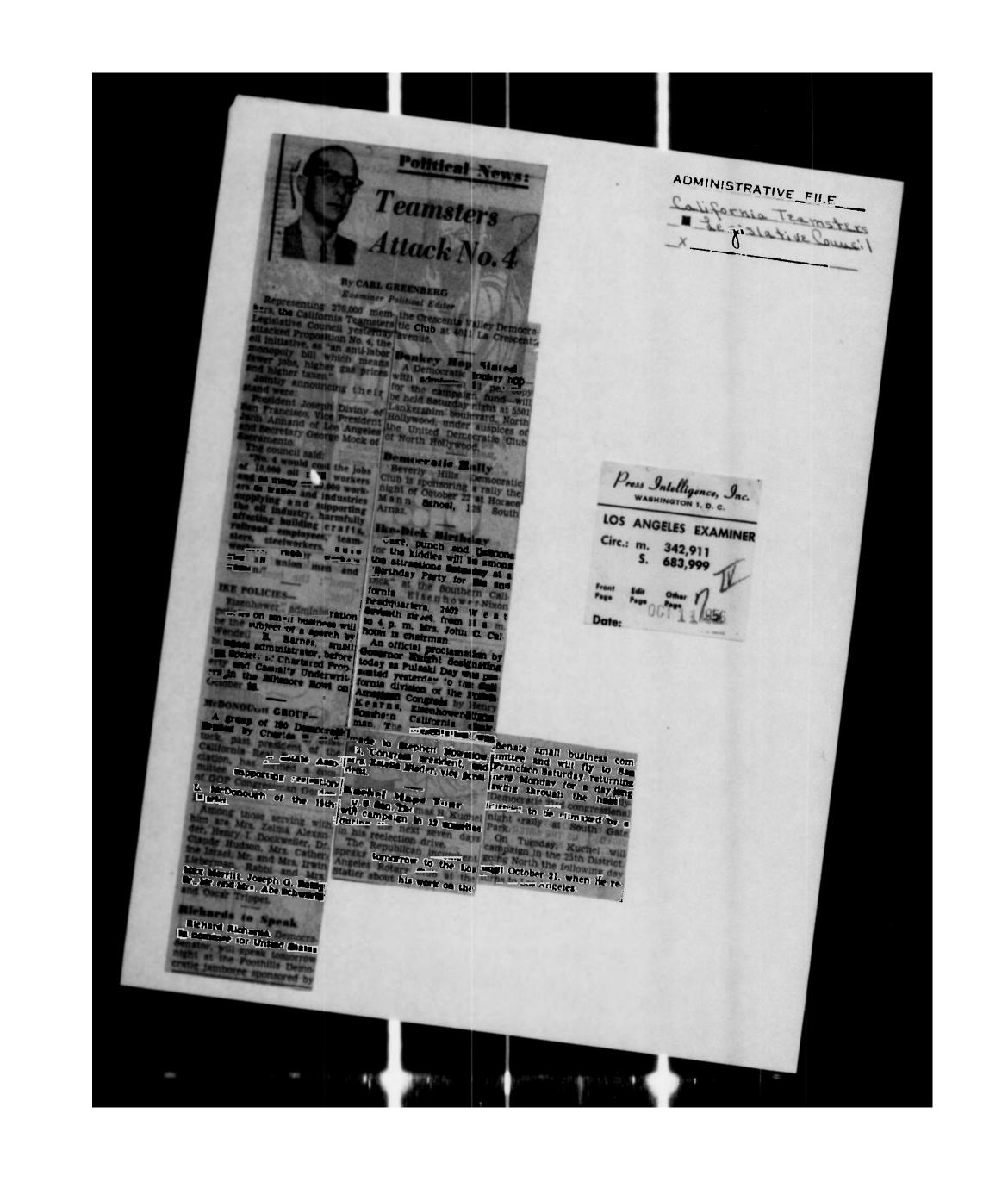
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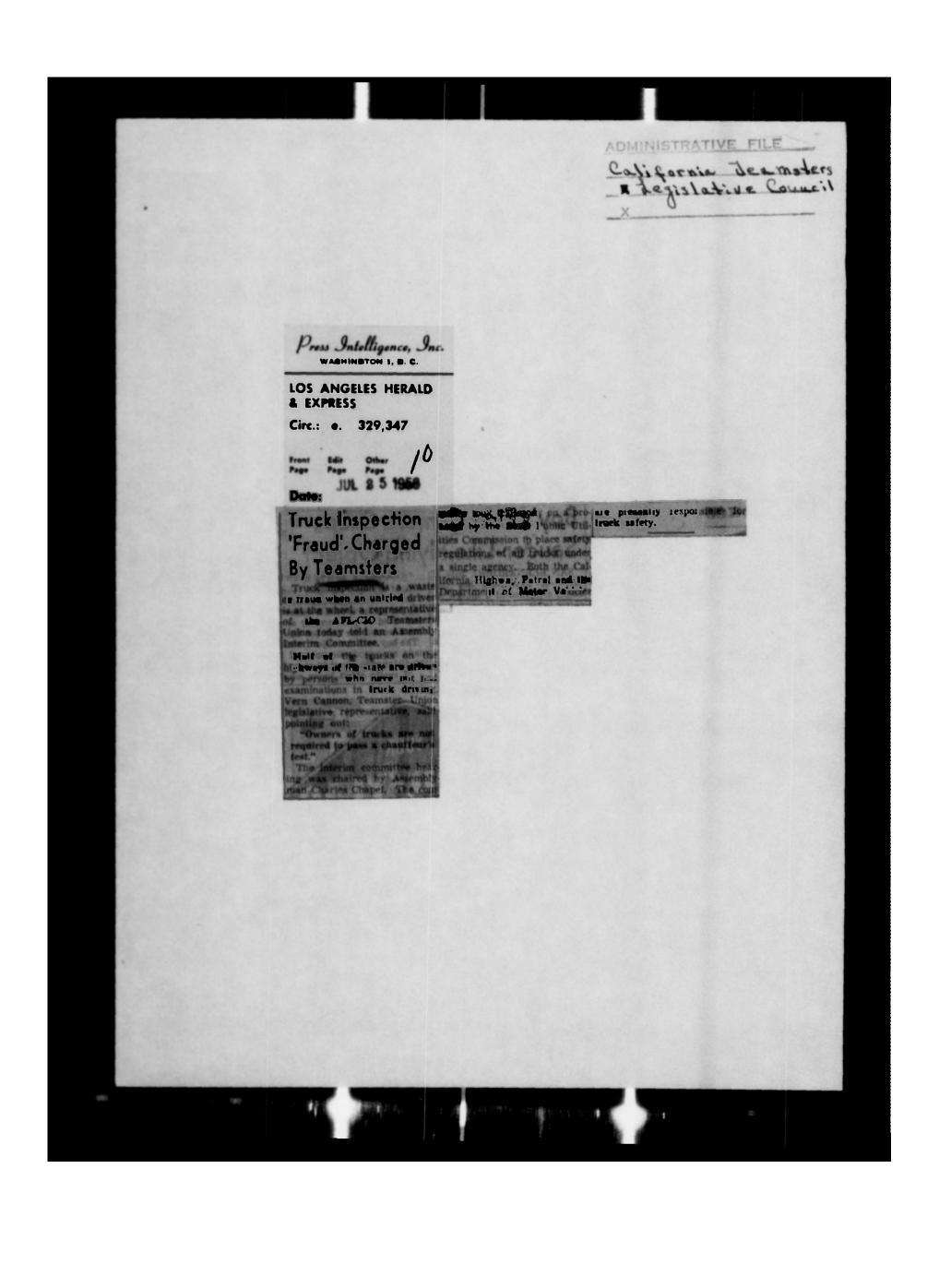
organised labor in general. Frances Locklair our office to organised labor in general. Frances Locklair our office to organized us eith a type of day by day research online that we never once lost light of any parliaments y manager escociated with more than 8000 different bills. As a result we have able, at all times, to protote our can best interests and to protote our can best interests.

I connot emphasize, too much or too strongly, the fect that untold millions of dollars are involved, one way or enother, by proper and effective staff sork in Secremento.

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HOTEL SENATOR SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA Phone Gilbert 2-5001

Ir. Dave Bock, General President

Weshington 1, L. C.

Dear Sir and Brother:



VERN H. CANNON Legislative Representative

ADMINISTRATIVE FILE

California Teamsters

#### EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Secretary George Mock Sacramento

Ele E. Carter

H. L. Worburg

Jack Goldberger San Francisco

Walter Biggers

John Marshall Los Angeles

Albert A. Marty Sacramento

Ted Merrill Long Beach

J. P. Poteet See Diego

Gerald A. Shearin Verson L. Pankey

Since California Teamsters presented you a copy of "Members of the California Legislature and Other State Officials", new Lenators and Assemblymen have been elected. To bring your volume up-to-date before the 1956 Legislature convenes, we are supplying you, with our compliments and best wisles, brief biographies of the new members of the State Legislature.

International Brotherhood of Tonnature Tonnature 25 Louisians Avenue, N. W.

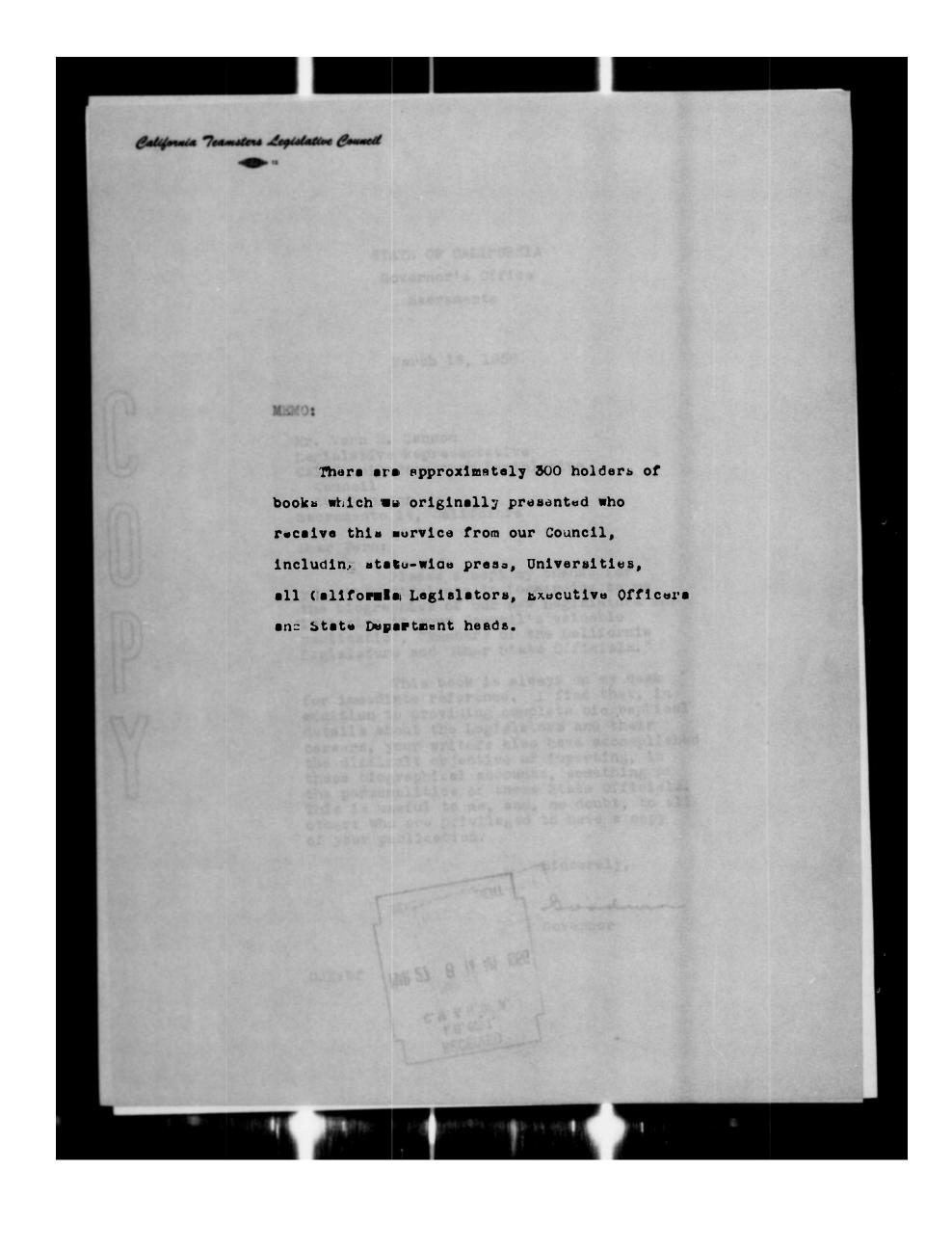
For a remembrance, may we surgest that you remove and place in a special file pages containing pictures and information on the following former members of the Legislature: .enstor Lale C. Villiams and Clarence C. Ward, and Assemblyman Don Hobbie and Gordon leury and place the enclosed pages in the loose lear volume according to district numbers: \_tanle; Arnold, lst \_enatorial District; Fred 1. Farr, 25th Lenatorial Listrict; John J. Hollister, 31st Lonatorial District; Harold Lodgwick, 4th Assumbly District; and Thomas J. MacBride, 8th Assembly District.

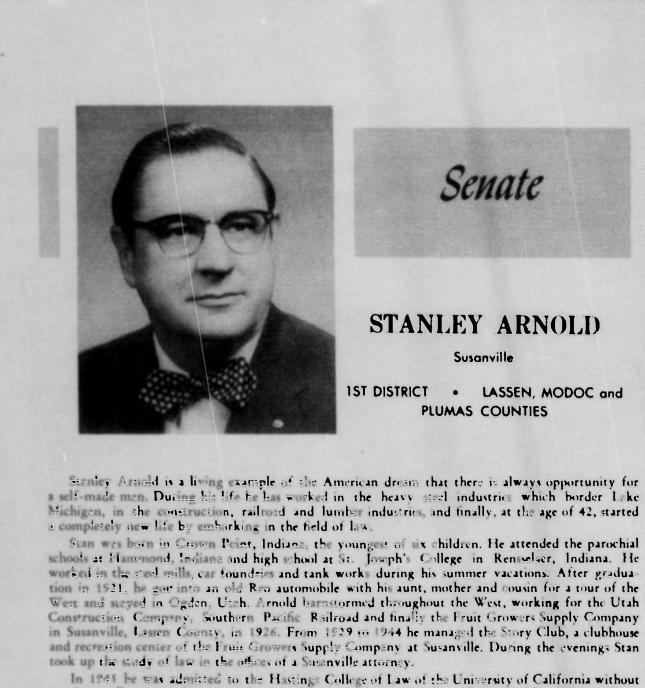
Because California Teamsters believe it is important to be informed on State Tegislators and the valuable work they do for all the people of this Ltate, we deem it a pleasure and a privilege to supply, from time to time, information on newly elected Senators, Assemblymen and other electer public of icials of the tate of California.

> Fraternally yours, Vern H. Cannon Logislative Rep.

March 5, 1956

vhc/pc





previous college attendance, a tribute to his personality and ability. He received his degree and was admitted to the practice of law in January 1949 and later that year was appointed District Attorney

Senator Arnold his long been an integral part of the civic life of his community as an active member of the Chamber of Commerce, a former Exalted Rules of the Susanville Lodge of Elks, Past President of the Rotary Club, member of the 20-30 Club, American Logion and 40 et 8, Amalga-

Arnold, a Democrat, was elected to the California State Legislature at a Special Election December

In the Senate he represents Lassen, Plumas and Modoc Counties, some of the most beautiful and rugged country in the State of California, abounding in trout fishing, deer hunting and migratory and upland game birds. The principal sources of income in his District are lumbering, grazing and

Stan Arnold is interested in the development of the industries of these counties as well as its lakes, streams, skiing, hunting and fishing, and highways. He believes that with nearby Lassen National Park,

He makes his home in Susanville with his wife Almida, and their son, Stanley Dawson, 24, just

of Lassen County and elected to a full four-year term in 1951.

tourist travel. The Sierra Ordnance Depot is located in the area.

it can become the travel and sportsmen's paradise of California.

discharged from the U.S. Army after service in Korea.

mated Fishermen, Fin and Antler Club, and the American Bar Association.



## Senate

## FRED S. FARR

Carmel

25TH DISTRICT . MONTEREY COUNTY

Fred S. Farr of Carmel, who represents the 25th Senatorial District of Monterey County, was elected to the State Senate at the Special Election in May of 1955, and was sworn in in time to serve fifteen days prior to adjournment of the 1955 Session.

At the previous regular election, Farr had lost the Assembly race to a Republican by a narrow margin. Election of Farr to the Senate gives Monterey County Democratic representation for the first time in 43 years

Fred was born in Oakland and graduated from the University of California at Berkeley and from U.C. Law School. He commenced practicing law as an attorney for the Legal Aid Society of San Francisco and later served as a member of its Board of Directors. He also was President of the Barristers Club of San Francisco

During the war years Fred Farr was an administrative assistant to Captain Edward Macauley of the U.S. Maritime Commission in Washington until 1944, when he was appointed Labor Relations Representative by the War Shipping Administration for the Port of New York. After the war the Farr family spent nine months in San Juan, Puerto Rico, where Fred was an industrial relations consultant for the Puerto Rico Development Company.

Senator Farr is married to the former Janet Haskins of Los Angeles. The couple have three chil-

dren: Sam, 14, Francesca, 13, and Nancy, 8.

The Monterey County Senator has been active in many civic matters in his county and community, where he has lived and practiced law since 1948. He has served as President of the Monterey County Tuberculosis & Health Association, and the Monterey County Citizens Planning Association. He has been a director of the Red Cross, Community Chest, Cerebral Palsy Foundation, Rotary Club and Chamber of Commerce, and is a member of the Troop Committee of Carmel Boy

During the two-week period before the end of the Legislature's 1955 Session, Senator Farr was successful in introducing and getting passed a bill to add the famed Asilomar Conference Grounds to the State Park system. Although the bill was pocket vetoed by the Governor, he and the Director of Finance have since changed their position, and plans are under way to add this beautiful 64-acre site to the State Beach and Park System, thus insuring continued operation of Asilomar for future

Senator Farr is Vice Chairman of the Senate Committee on Institutions, and a member of the Committees on Natural Resources, Military and Veterans Affairs, Public Health and Safety, and Publie Utilities

As a freshman Senator, Fred Farr feels that he must make maximum use of his time between legislative sessions to learn all he can of the problems and needs of Monterey County and its people. To this end he has been holding "legislatise office hours" one day each week in different sections of the county, during which local residents come in and discuss the problems of their community with their State Senator



## Senate

## JOHN J. HOLLISTER

Galeta

31ST DISTRICT

SANTA BARBARA
COUNTY

When the great earthquake of 1906 hit Northern California, young Jack Hollister, Jr. was living in the Governor's Mansion, which was then the home of his grandfather. In November, 1935, a Special Election brought Jack Hollister, Jr., a native of Santa Barbara, back to Sacramento as State Senator for the 31st District.

Jack received his Bachelor's degree in Agricultural Fconomics from Harvard University in 1926. Two years later he married Cynthia Boyd of San Rafael. Mr. and Mrs. Hollister have a son, John James Hollister III, a Marine Corps Veteran of the Korean War, and presently an Economics major at Stanford, and a married daughter, Mrs. George Masek of Tucson, Arizona, mother of two children.

As a rancher and Democrat, Jack Hollister, Jr. has been an integral part of Santa Barbara County's economic and political life. The Hollister ranches form the basis for Jack's diversified interests. Not only cattle raising but field crops, mining, and oil, plus ocean-front acreage have given the Senator background and experience in all phases of the County's economy.

Jack is not the first Hollister to occupy a seat in the State Senate. His father, Senator Jim Hollister served two terms.

Hollister helped form the Santa Barbara Soil Conservation District and served as its Director until his election. In 1950, he was appointed by Secretary of Agriculture Charles Brannan to the Production and Marketing Administration, and was a member until the change of administration. At the time of his election, he was Pirector of the Farm Bureau, Chairman of the Ellwood School Board, Director of both the Santa Barbara and Goleta Chambers of Commerce, Goleta Boys' Club, and the Community Chest. In addition, he has been a member of various small boat Harbor Development Committees, and has been a leader in the Shoreline Planning Association. At the suggestion of the State Attorney General, Senator Hollister resigned all posts which might in any way conflict with the interests of his District while serving in the State Senate.

One of Jack's main aims is the development of industry in Santa Barbara County which will be compatible with a fine residential community. He believes that the growth and progress of the County he represents depends upon the coordination of greater sources of tax revenue with the traditionally high values and standards of living which Santa Barbara has worked so hard to maintain.

As well as being a member of the Farm Bureau, Hollister is a member of the Grange, Native Sons of the Golden West, Santa Barbara Cattlemen's Association, Federated Sportsmen and the County Tax Committee. He was chosen Goleta Man of the Year in 1955.



# Assembly

## HAROLD T. SEDGWICK

Oroville

4TH DISTRICT . BUTTE, SUTTER AND YUBA COUNTIES

When Governor Knight called a Special Flection for September 20, 1955 to fill the vacancy in the Fourth Assembly District, the members of the Republican Central Committees, together with other citizens of Butte, Yuba and Sutter Counties called upon Harold T. Sedgwick of Oroville to enter the State's political arena.

Harold Sedgwick is a native of Lincoln, Nebraska where he attended elementary and high schools and the University of Nebraska. He is a Veteran of World War I and holds a 33 year membership card in the American Legion. He moved to Idaho in 1920 where he engaged in the retail business. In 1923 he and Mrs. Sedgwick moved to Oroville where they opened and operated a department store until 1940. In 1937, together with M. M. Burton, he started the firm of which he is the Senior Partner, which operates the Burton Shoe Stores, located in eleven Northern California cities and a retail store in Carson City, Nevada.

Soon after his arrival in Oroville in 1923. Sedgwick was called upon to take an active part in the affairs of the community. He was elected Mayor of the City of Oroville in 1941. He was unopposed for re-election during his second term. Due to the press of business he declined a third term, but continued to remain active in civic affairs of Oroville, Butte County and the Sacramento Valley.

Harold Sedgwick served on the Butte County Water Resources Commission. For seven years he was a member of the Water Resources Board of the Oroville Chamber of Commerce and was chairman of that Board for several years. He has been President of the Oroville Chamber of Commerce, the Oroville Fellows Club and is a member of the Oroville Rotary Club, the Commonwealth Club, Elks Lodge, Fraternal Order of Eagles, Lodge 103 Free & Accepted Masons, the Shrine, Blue Lodge, Commandery and Knights Templar. He served on the Oroville Elementary School Board for 16 years and gave many years of service as a member of the Advisory Board of the Chico State College.

Assemblyman Sedgwick has a keen interest and broad understanding of public problems. He is a registered Republican who has demonstrated his independence. This explains the generous support given him by members of both major political parties when he was elected and served as Mayor of Oroville, and held other important local offices. Sedgwick believes the future holds great industrial promise for his district; he endorses the advancement of labor to its present favorable position; he has worked actively for better public schools, and recognizing the importance of agriculture to a wound economy, he, as a Legislator, will give prime attention to the welfare of agriculture in Sutter, Yuba and Butte counties which comprise the 4th Assembly District.

Mr. and Mrs. Sedgwick have been married for 35 years and have two daughters, Margaret Jane, who resides in Oroville with her family, and Mrs. Dwayne Armstrong, a resident of Alaska.



Assemblyman at a Special Election December 6, 1955.

## Assembly

### THOMAS J. MacBRIDE

Sacramento

8TH DISTRICT

IN SACRAMENTO

Thomas MacBride made his first try at politics a winning one, when he was elected Eighth District

Although he was a prominent attorney at law in his own right—active in the Sacramento Town Hall, University of California Alumni Association, Democratic politics, and many charitable and civic organizations in his community—the fact that he was a native Sacramentan and a member of a well known Sacramento family undoubtedly also helped him defeat two political veterans.

well known Sacramento family undoubtedly also helped him defeat two political veterans.

Sacramento's new Assemblyman has a distinguished war record. While overseas he served on the staff of General Douglas MacArthur for a time, and also acted as Combat Intelligence Officer for the Commodore of a destroyer squadron taking part in the re-capture of Southwest Pacific Islands from New Guinea to and including the initial invasion of Leyte Sulf.

One of his principal interests is to establish additional recreational facilities along the banks of the American and Sacramento Rivers and to see that the proposed State parks at Folsom and Nimbus Lakes are the finest of their kind in the nation

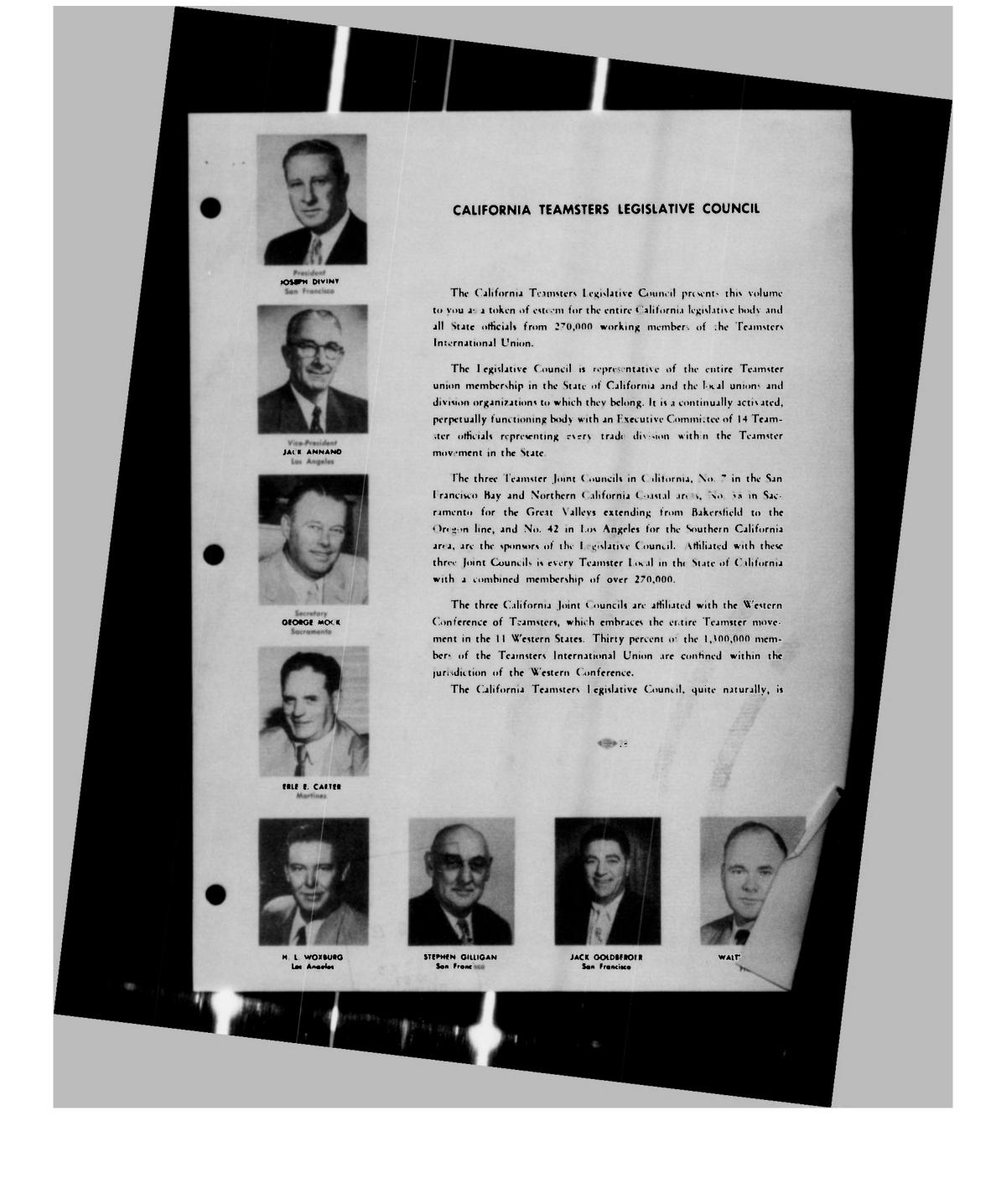
MacBride is also interested in maintaining a high level of State employment in Sacramento County and encouraging industry to come to the County. Among the County's many advantages are, he says, cheap electric power through the Sacramento Municipal Utility District, water, rail, and highway transportation, terrific recreational facilities within easy driving distance, and a very central location.

MacBride is vitally interested in water problems of the State. He is for the immediate construction of the Feather River Project, and favors public ownership of the State's water and power facilities. Tom was graduated from the University of California at Berkeley. He completed post-graduate work at Boalt Hall of Law where he was President of the Student Body. After graduation from Boalt Hall, he was employed as a law clerk by then Attorney-General Earl Warren, and later elevated to Deputy Attorney-General under Warren, After returning from service in the Navy, he was associated with a Sacramento law firm for 18 months, and then opened his own office. He is presently in partnership with Charles F. Gray, Jr., under the firm name of MacBride and Gray.

He and his wife, Martha, are the parents of four children, ranging in age from three to seven.

Toni was County Co-chairman of the committee to clect Pat Brown Attorney-General in 1950 and again in 1954, County Chairman of the committee to retain James H. Oakley, Superior Court Judge, and was active in Sacramento County campaigns on behalf of Estes Kefauver and Adlai Stevenson.

His affihations include: Sacramento 40 Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, Scottish Rite, Ben Ali Shrine, Sacramento Rotary Club, Fort Sutter Post 382, American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, Fagles, 20-30 Club, University Club, Sacramento Chamber of Commerce, Sacramento County Bar Association, State Bar of California, and American Bar Association.



# 9

JOSEPH DIVINY



JACK ANNAND Los Angeles



GEORGE WOCK



ERLE E. CARTER



H. L. WOXBURG

#### CALIFORNIA TEAMSTERS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

The California Teamsters Legislative Council presents this volume to you as a token of esteem for the entire California legislative body and all State officials from 270,000 working members of the Teamsters International Union.

The Legislative Council is representative of the entire Teamster union membership in the State of California and the local unions and division organizations to which they belong. It is a continually activated, perpetually functioning body with an Executive Committee of 14 Teamster officials representing every trade division within the Teamster movement in the State.

The three Teamster Joint Councils in California, No. 7 in the San Francisco Bay and Northern California Coastal areas, No. 38 in Sacramento for the Great Valleys extending from Bakersfield to the Oregon line, and No. 42 in Los Angeles for the Southern California area, are the sponsors of the Legislative Council. Affiliated with these three Joint Councils is every Teamster Local in the State of California with a combined membership of over 270,000.

The three California Joint Councils are affiliated with the Western Conference of Teamsters, which embraces the entire Teamster mosement in the 11 Western States. Thirty percent of the 1,300,000 merabers of the Teamsters International Union are confined within the jurisdiction of the Western Conference.

The California Teamsters Legislative Council, quite naturally, s

€ 28



STEPHEN GILLIGAN



JACK GOLDBERGER



WALTER BIGGERS

JOHN MARSHALL



ALBERT A MARTY



TED MERRILL Long Beach



San Diego



GERALD A SHEARIN



VERNON L PANKEY



WILLIAM J. CONSOY



VERN H. CANNON Legislative Representative

#### CALIFORNIA TEAMSTERS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

concerned with the legislative problems of its members, their organizations, and of organized labor in general. It is also concerned with and endeavors to understand and intelligently evaluate the problems and procedures of the entire legislative body, and advocates strongly the right of personalized and individual action of each member of the legislative body.

The Legislative Council, on the record of its past contact and association with the California Legislature, has accumulated a tremendous amount of high regard and respect which inspires and justifies continued faith in its contact and association in the future.

Our sincere and deep respect to the California State Legislature and to the men and women who, each session, bring it added honor.

#### EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

PRESIDENT: Joseph Diviny, San Francisco VICE-PRESIDENT: Jack Annand, Los Angeles SECRETARY: George Mock, Sacramento

Erle Carter, Martinez; Stephen Gilligan, San Francisco; Jack Goldberger, San Francisco; Albert Marty, Sacramento; John Marshall, Los Angeles; Walter Biggers, Fresno; Ted Merrill, Long Beach; Vernon L. Pankey, Oakland; J. P. Poteet, San Diego; Gerald A. Shearin, Marysville; H. L. Woxburg, Los Angeles. Vern Cannon, Legislative Representative.

ADMINISTRATIVE FILE California Transtals from the desk of-Legislative Council VERN H. CANNON Dear Einer: There made a check mark beside some new phones of our subjects refore the Sinterini com mittees -I think we are still the fearate side But making real good New pages for our book (we gave out 270) will be out next week; will send yours -The little girl killed by the tow truck was Seath of Rewholls daughter Editor of

## California Teamsters Legislative Council



HOTEL SENATOR
SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA
Phone Gilbert 2-1001



EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

President Joseph Diviny San Francisco

rice-President ack Annand Los Annaiss

Secretary George Mock Secremento

Erle E. Certer Martines

Los Angeles

Stephen Gilligan San Francisco

Waiter Biggers

THE .

John Marshall Los Angeles

1. P. Potest San Diego

Gerald A. Shearin Marysville

Vernon L. Pankey Oakland VERN H. CANNON Legislative Representative

The California Teamsters Legislative Council presented to the Assembly Subcommittee on Motor Vehicle Safety Regulations and Devices two recommendations for changes in the California Motor Vehicle Code which are of vital concern to the professional drivers in our organization, and also to the motoring public.

(1) Uniform Enforcement of Hours of Driving Service, for all commercial drivers. Clarification of present law to accomplish this through better methods of inspection, more Highway Patrolmen, I.C.C. and P.U.C. inspectors, defined authority, etc. Enforce hours of service for all commercial drivers to cut down fatal accidents because of driver fatigue, which show a very high fatality rate, because of complete loss of control.

The California Highway Fatrol concurs in the necessity of amendatory legislation to combat this problem, and Inspector D. J. O'Connell of the Patrol recently appeared before the Subcommittee and urges them to back legislation plugging loopholes which set the number of consecutive hours a trucker may drive. The Inspector states the present wording of the

California Teamsters Legislative Council

law ellows a differ to spend me many as 20 hours behind the wheel in a 24 hour period even though the intent of the law was to limit the criver to 10 or 12 hours. (section 50% Vahiele Code)

-2-

(2) Eniform examination for all commencial vehicle drivers, licenses to be issued on the driver's demonstrated spility to drive the type of vehicle which he intends to operate; not on the besis of who he works for or wheth I he is an "comer operators or scensional drivers deliver. Under present California law own-r operators or scensional drivers do not have to demonstrate their ability to operate a vehicle or combination of vehicles. This assessment privile, is also extended to we was a of the "owner operators" (smily. The professional driver and the responsible employer resent the blank of indictment of tracks and truck drivers following sociousts.

The definition of charafour thoul to charge in the Cabiela Code and/or west ver amendator; legislaticien and to to form all delivers of numbercial vehicles to be tast on the case basic. The ground of trucks in califor is at being driven of driver, without charaffunction that callity. The definition (innertal evision).

The new inferious cas or er medicent in an remisee in which a runway touck with a ver people is an exempte of what we mush unter Celifornia law; the culvet was an order operator and mould not be required to possess a qualific phouse was license, only an operators

tragedy is the recent sections in suches of easiel driver loophole
tragedy is the recent sections in suches of in which a your firl was
tilled by a run-away tow truck. This Sriver, under California law, was not

Cubifornia Tonnisters Legislative Council

required to have a qualified chauffeur= license. He was a part time driver.

One mile or 10,000 miles, a motor vehicle can be a deadly instrument and
more deadly in the hands of an unqualified or tired driver.

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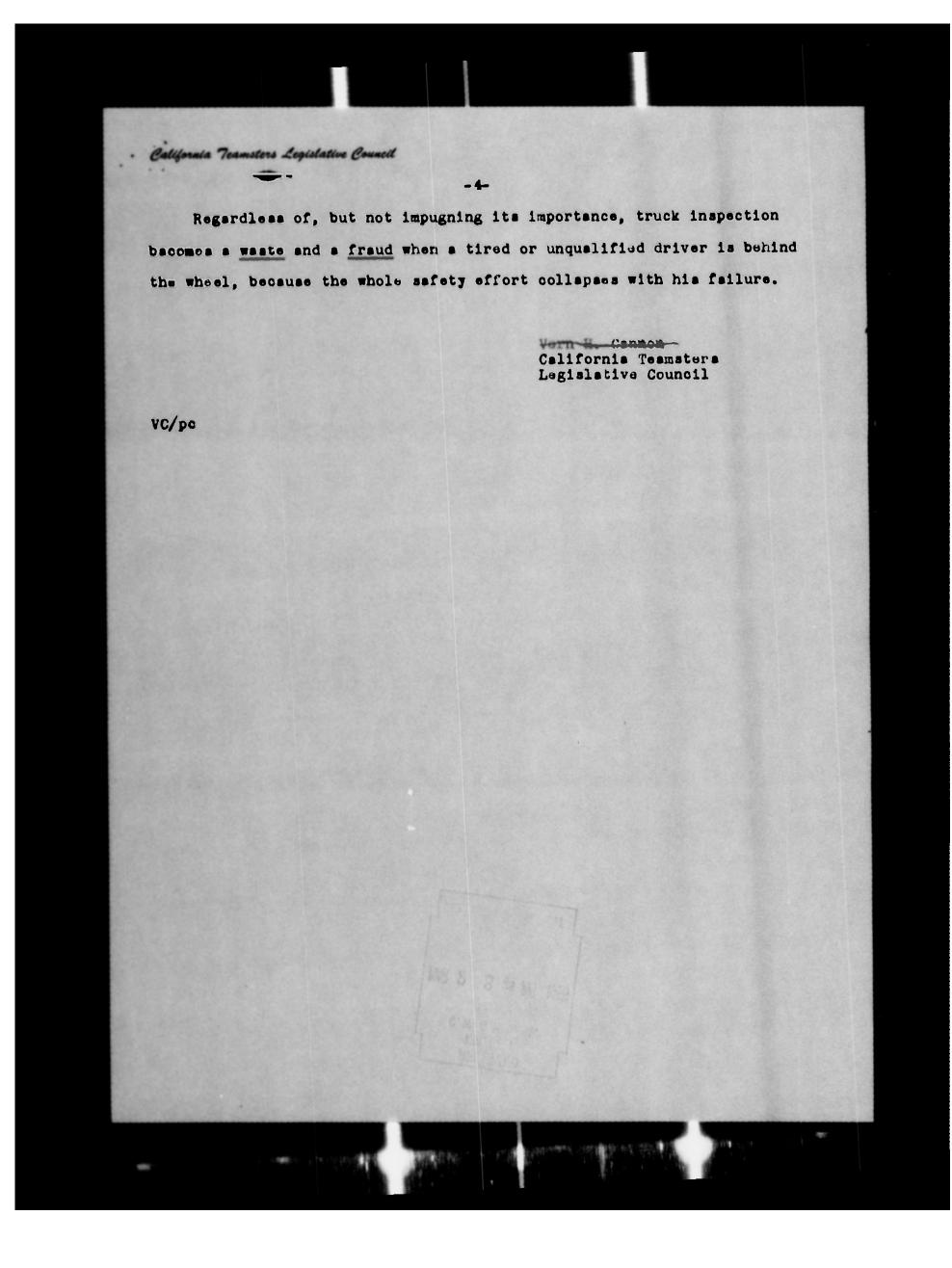
Another large group of drivers which must be subjected to special examinations are those towing trailers and house-trailers. I am sure the Committee is familier with the extra judgement and skill needed in towing a trailer, the knowledge of horsepower, braking and distance judgement. It is our opinion that this group also should be thoroughly studied for proper license testing.

The drivers of "U-Drive Trucks", operating in the State, runs into a substantial number and should also be subject to e more rigid examination and not be sllowed to drive trucks on an "Operators License".

It takes only a moment of consideration to realize that in Californie, under the present system, a dangerous driver may be taken off the road by a reaponsible employer and be back on the highway the next day with his own truck or sa a part time driver on an "operators license".

There are 742,220 trucks registered in Californie and 50% of these commercial vehicles are driven by drivers with qualified tested chauffeurs licenses. The 50% who have chauffeurs licenses are given a very thorough and rigid examinations while the 50% non-chaufeured licensees have demonstrated no ability to drive a commercial vehicle under the present Californie system of issuing licenses.

We sincarely hope that the Californie State Legislature will take positive action to correct these loopholes and discriminations in the present law.



RECOMMENDATIONS - 2nd ANNUAL COUNTY-WIDE SAFETY CONFERENCE SECTION I - TRAFFIC - Captain Charles Monk, Chairman 1. That the County Board of Education review their bicycle safety program in the Elementary Schools, and set up a positive program in the future curriculum beginning in the first grade. 2. That Section you of the Vehicle Code be changed to read: No Pedestrian shall walk upon any roadway, where there are no sidewalks, other than close to the left-hand edge of the roadway. 3. That legislation be passed making the suspension or revocation of a drivers license mandatory if the driver refuses to submit to a blood test of alcohol content. SECTION II - RECREATION AND WATER SAFETY - F. Erle Wright, Chairman 1. That the driver of the tow boat be responsible for his skiers correct skiing practices. (Since the skier is limited by the length of his tow rope, it is therefore axiomatic that the driver by giving proper clearance keeps the skier from injuring himself and others.) 2. That "The driver of a boat be responsible for the damage created by his wake" for owners of boats 19' and upwards. 3. That small boat owners should not allow passengers or drivers to ride the centerdecks, gunwales, motorboxes or foredecks of boats which are under way. 5. That all boats other than sail boats, swimmers and skiers give the sailing vessels wide clearance. Inasmuch as they are dependent on the wind for power, quick changes of direction and speed are very difficult. SECTION III - MOTOR TRANSFORTATION - Edward Davis and Verne Lutz, Co-Chmn. 1. Uniform enforcement of Hours of Driving Service for all commercial drivers. (The present wording of the law allows a driver to spend as asny as 20 hours behind the wheel in a 24 hour period.) 2. Uniform examination for all commercial vehicle drivers. Licenses to be issued on the driver's demonstrated ability to drive the type of vehicle which he intends to operate. (50% of the trucks in California are being driven by drivers without chauffeurs licenses, or tested ability.) Drivers of cars towing trailers and house trailers, and drivers of "U-Drive Trucks" should be subjected to more rigid examination. 3. There should be a limit of tickets or violations to enable proper authorities to take away the privilege of driving for life. 4. There should be a system whereby reports should be forwarded to Sacremento on citations issued by local authorities so that they could be properly recorded and acted upon.

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Gowener Sovener

State of California
Department of

CALIFORNIA HIGHWAY PATROL

Bernard R. Calawell Commissioner

Secremento

8 February 1956

R.f. No. 3.08.18

Mr. Vern Cennon California Teamatera Legislativ: Council Room 319, \_anator Hot.l Secremento, California

Dear Mr. Cannon:

in accordance with the telephonic request of this date, indicated below is the department's thinking on the three items under discussion.

The responsibility and authority for the enforcement of the California Vehicle Cod; and various other measures governing the operation and aslety of vehicles on the highests should be vested in a single agency of statu government.

It appears ridiculous to require that identical types of vehicles carrying identical cargo but with different ownership atatus be subjected to completely diverse types of regulatory control. For example: a 3 axis truck tractor and a 2 axis semitrailer grossing 70,000 pounds, carrying a load of cannot peaches, and the vehicle owned by a promistary carrier is subjected to one degree of regulations while the identical vehicle with the identical product owned by a for hirs carrier is subjected to an entirely different degree of regulations.

It is completely illogical to us that a condition of employment rather than a demonstrated ability to operate a large vehicle is the criterion upon which degrees of driver testing is based.

Along this same line, it is interesting to note that the driving and licensing requirement. For example: an 8 or 10 year old child may legally drive an implement o' husbandry, such as an overwidth and overheight threshing machine, down a public highway in the State of California.

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Mr. Vern Cannon

Pebruary 8, 1956

It must be assumed that the principal purpose for a drivers license end vehicular regulation is to effect safety on our highways. If safety on our highways is modified by conditions of employment or conditions of vehicle owner-hip, then it is felt we must search for a more appropriate principle upon shich to base our quest for highway sanity.

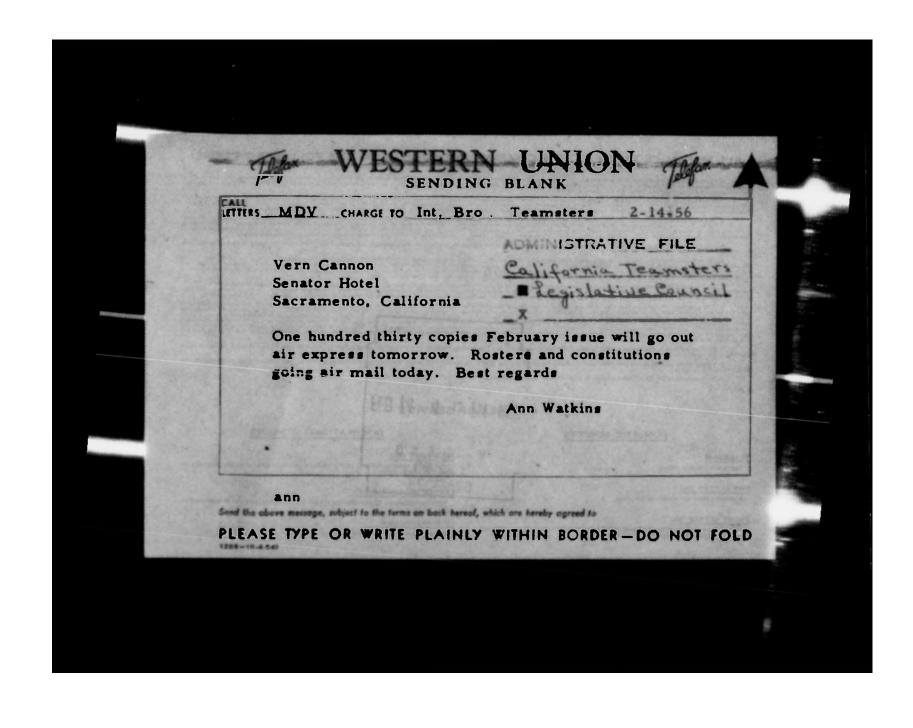
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Very truly jours,

B. R. CALIMELL Commissioner

By

D. J. O'CONNELL, Inspector Commanding pureau 2 Thinical Services Division



~ Op

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Goodwin J. Knight Governor DEPARTMENT OF

Bernard R. Caldrell Commissioner

CALIFORNIA HIGHAY PATROL

SACRAMENTO

2 November 19'5

Ref. No. 3.08.19

Mr. Vern Cannon Legislative Representative California Teamsters' Legislative Council Hotel Senator Sacramento, Californie

Dear Mr. Cannon:

This office is in receipt of your communication of October 19'5 relative to the presentation by the Celifornia Teamsters' Legislative Council before the Assembly Interim Subcommittee on Motor Vehicle Safety Regulations and Devices.

The Department of Californie Mighwey Patrol remains the necessity for smendatory legislation to admits a uniformity of application of statutes relations are arrived maximum driving hours and a revision of the statute presently defining a chauffeur. The absorcement agencies of this State, faced with an ever increasing demand to adequately supervise the movement of vehicles on our highways, are appreciative of the efforts of organizations such as yours and other groups which contribute materially toward the attainment of our mutual goal of traffic safety.

Sincerely yours,

S/ B. R. CALDIELL Commissioner

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JOINT COUNCIL OF TEAMSTERS No. 38 INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOUS OF TRAMITIES, WAREHOUSEMEN AND HELPER BENAMES Affiliated with the American Pederation of Labor BAN JOADHN AND BACRAMENTO VALLEYS HECKEN BUNGING - 031 M STREET SACHMENED 14, CALIFORNIA April 13, 1955 ADMINISTRATIVE FILE California Tramsters Mr. Einar Mohn International Brotherhood of Teamstera 100 Indiena Avenue, N. W. Washington I, D. C. Dear Einar: Under separate cover at Vern Cannon's request, I am sending you photostats of letters received from state officials complimenting the Teamsters on the Issuance of the book of biographies. These letters are sent both for your own personal perusal and to be used perhaps in conjunction with a story, if any, that may appear in the International Teamster covering this deal. Perhaps you are aware of this, but Vern Cannon has been confined to his home with a pair of crutches as his personal companions for the past five weeks. He was thrown from a horse, the animal stepped on his left leg just below the calf, the bruise became infected and at the present moment

This office is giving him all the assistance possible and despite the fact that he is physically away from this political merry-go-round, he is doing a very effective job for the Teamsters.

he has a jagged hole in his leg about 3 inches long, 2 inches

wide and a 1/2 inch deap where the putrid flesh had been gouged out by the doctor. Right now they are trying to dissolve the hunks of proud flesh within that wound. I don't know what will have to be done to that awful hole in his leg, but whatever it is, it's going to be a long slow process. Unfortunately he had to have this accident at the time when

he should be most active up here in Sacramento.

I hope that you and your family are contented and in good health and with kindest personal regards, I am

M. S. Vidaver

MSV/bb

COPY

#### OGLDEN GATE BRIDGE AND HIGHWAY DISTRICT

Merch 31, 1955

Mr. Joseph J. Diviny 25 Taylor St. Rm. 722 San Prancisco, Californie

Dear Joe:

I want to thank you for your courtesy in allowing me to have one of those beautiful volumes with the biographies of our State Legislators.

Even though I have been going back and forth to legislative sessions for nearly thirty years, this book contains information about old timers in the legislature (as well as newcomers) that I never even knew before.

I cen well reslige the time and effort that was put into the production of the book, and Vern Cannon and yourself and all those connected with it deserve the greatest praise.

Personally, I know of no single schievemnet in legislative relations, by any organization, that has orested more good will then this book for the Teamsters.

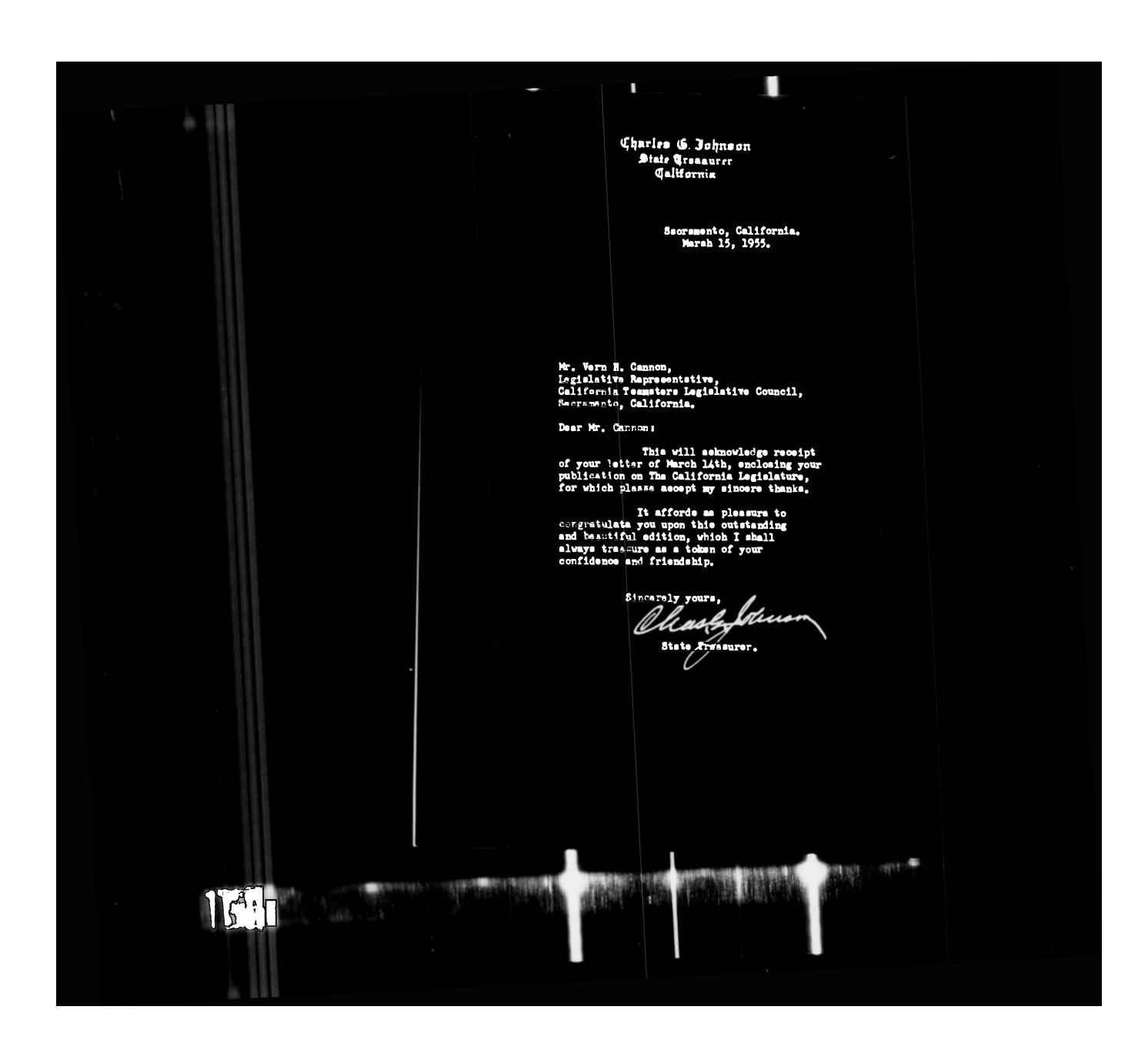
Again, my thanks and appreciation for your kindness and thoughtfulness.

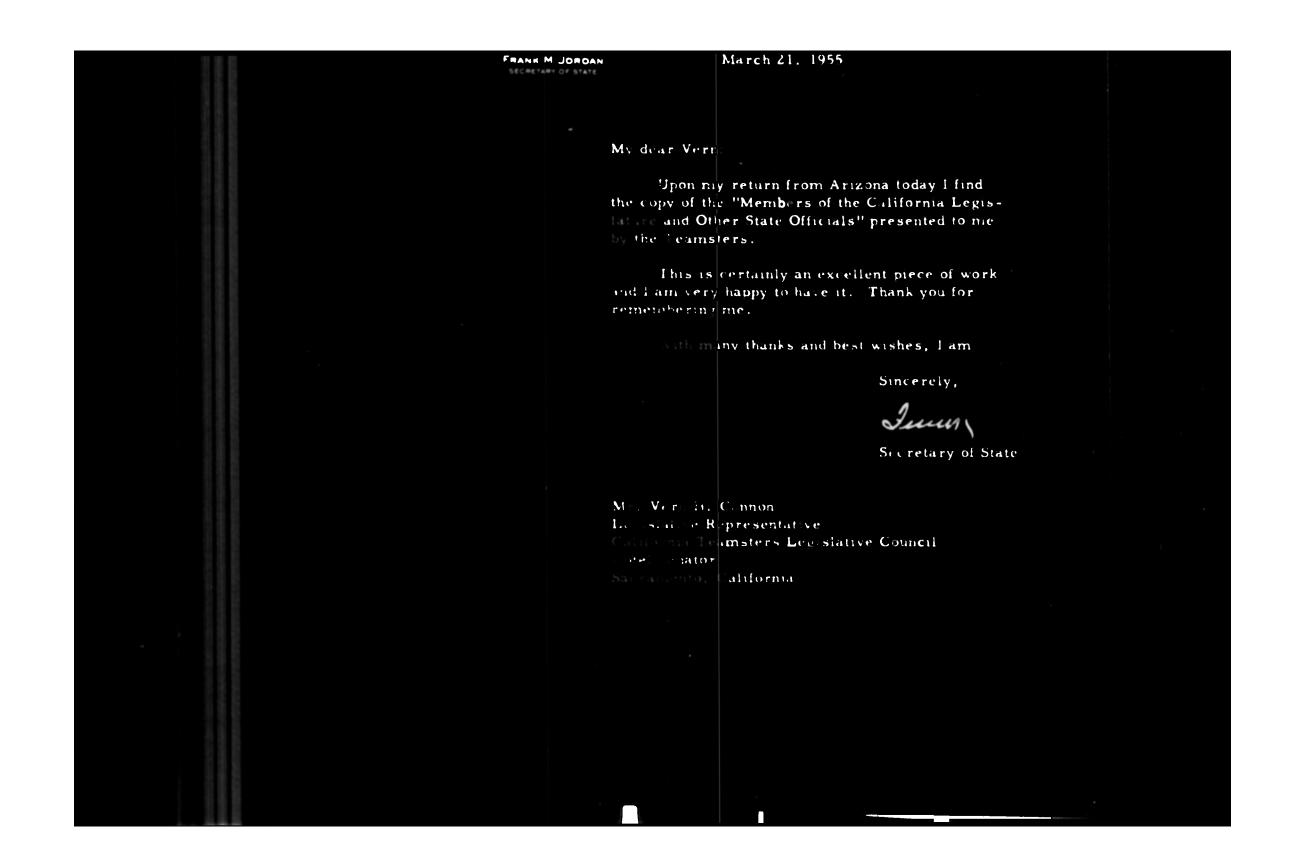
Sincerely,

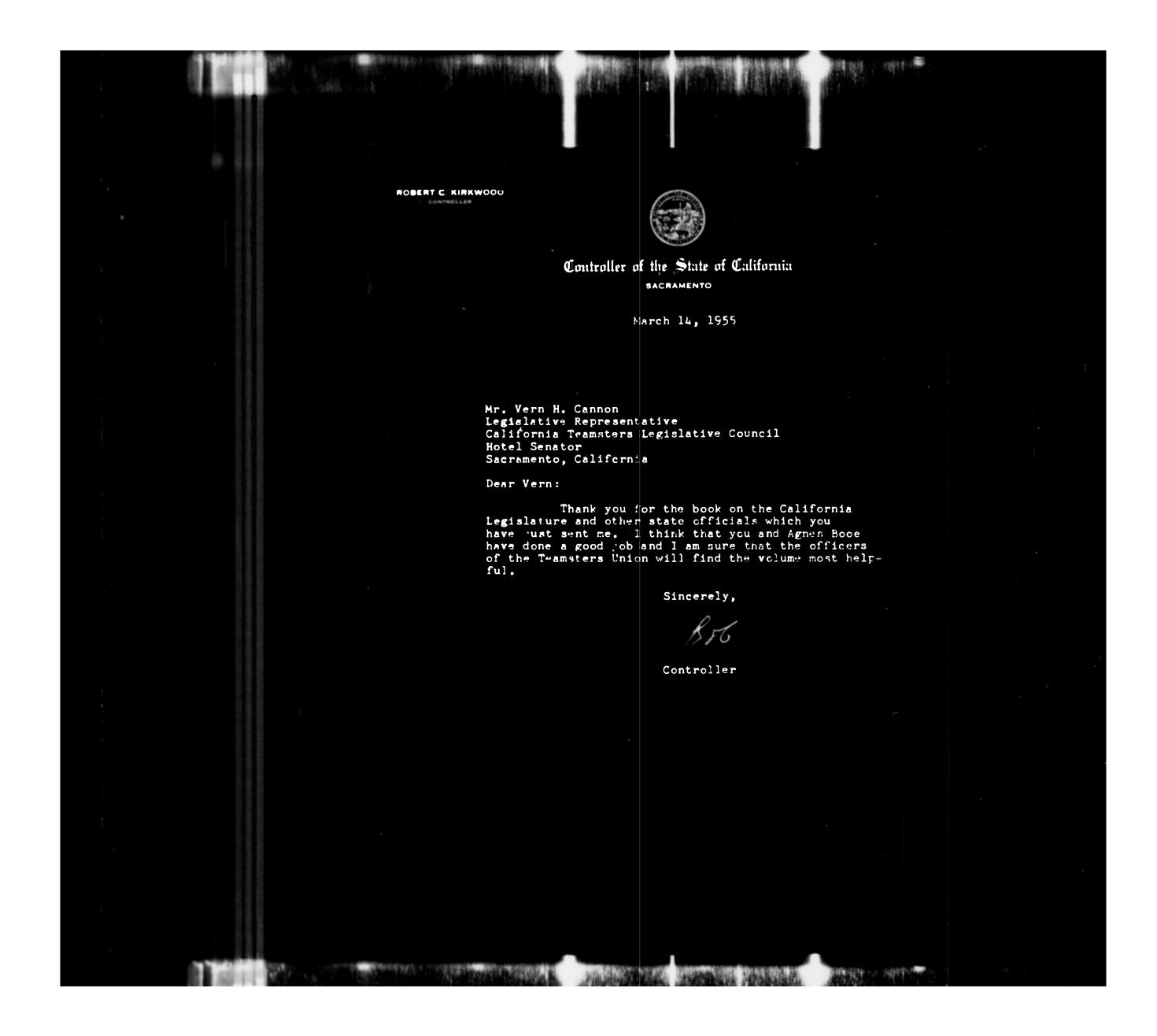
James Adam General Menager

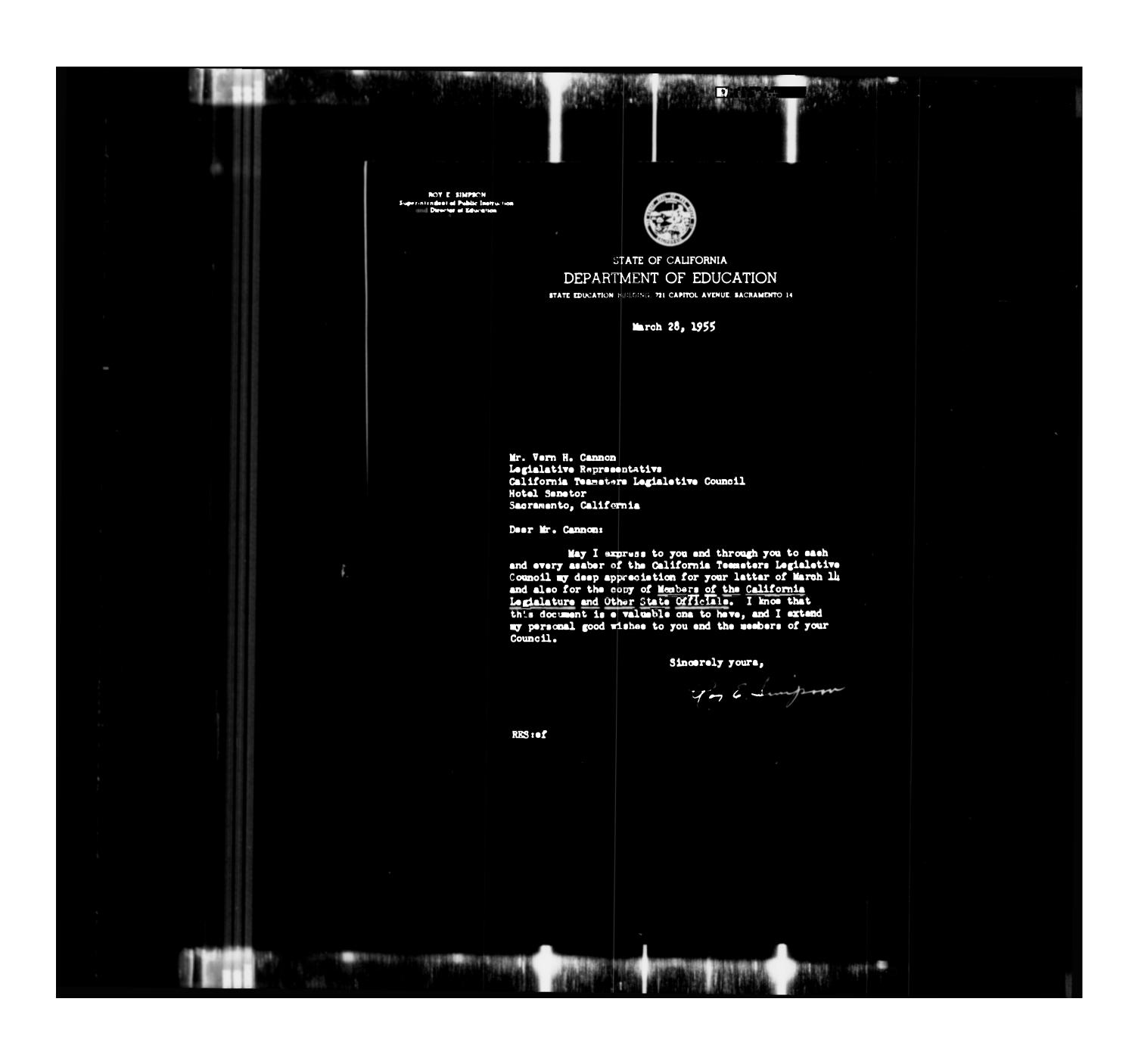
GOODWIN J KNIGHT State of California GOVERNOR S OFFICE SACRAMENTO April 5, 19.5 M. Joseph Diving, Fresident California Teamsters Legislative Council Taylor Street San Francisco, Calliornia Dear Joe: I am taking this means to but in writing the thanks I expressed to you personally for the fine cumulative diographical summary of the California Legislature and other State officers which you presented to me on behalf of your associates in the Teamsters. This is a unique volume and has already proved of great value to me in my associations with members of the Legislature. In addition to its current usefulness, this cook will be a treasured memento of the men and women who worked with me in the government of our great State. From its pages students of today and of the future will be able to gain choader knowledge and understanting of the president of the state. standing of the personalities of those who have been entrusted with the conduct of the people's tusiness in California. Orvious: great care and talent went into the preparation of this material and the Teamstons are to te commended once more for rendering an outstanding publi service. Please convey my personal appreciation to all the members of your Brotherhood. Cordially, Goodwin & Junight GJK:ewc



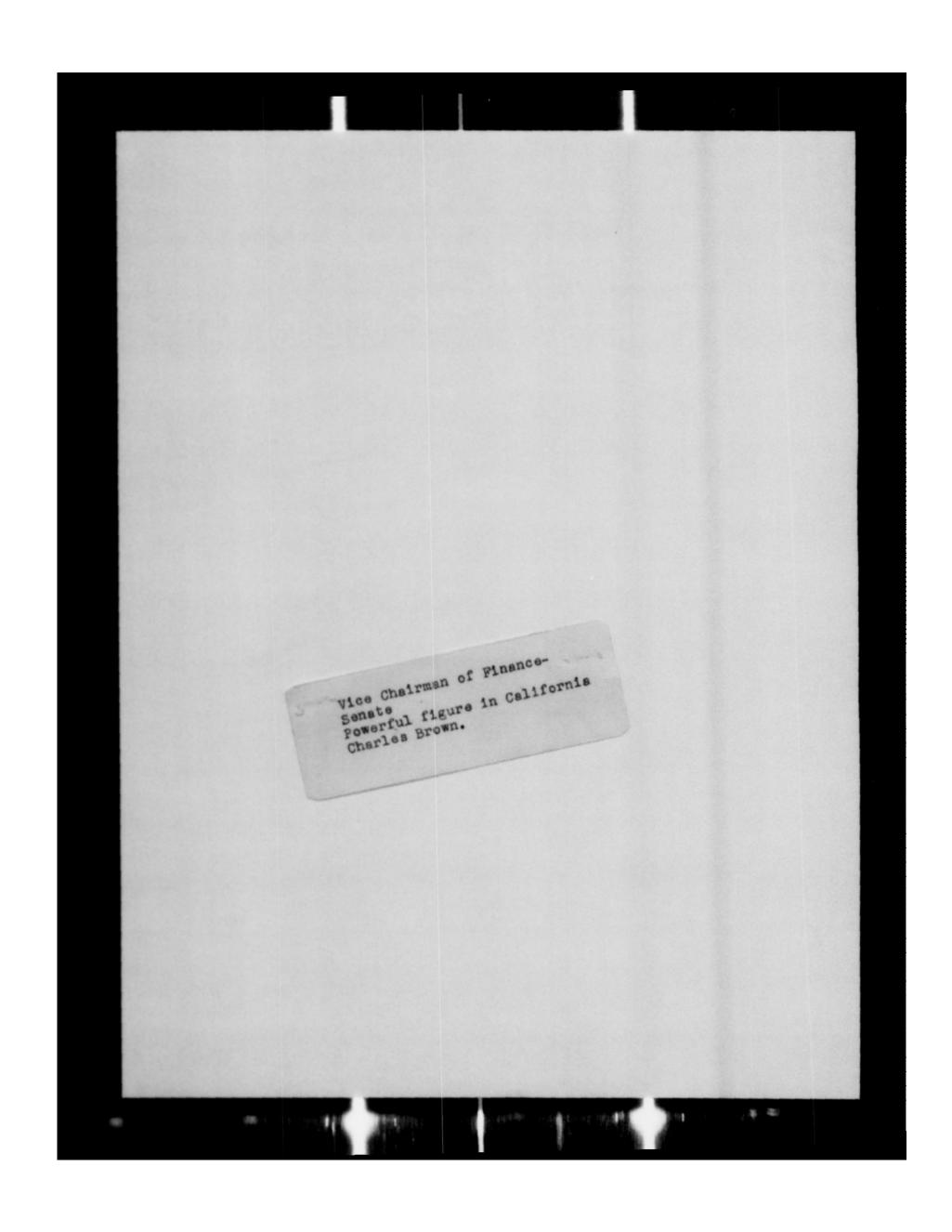




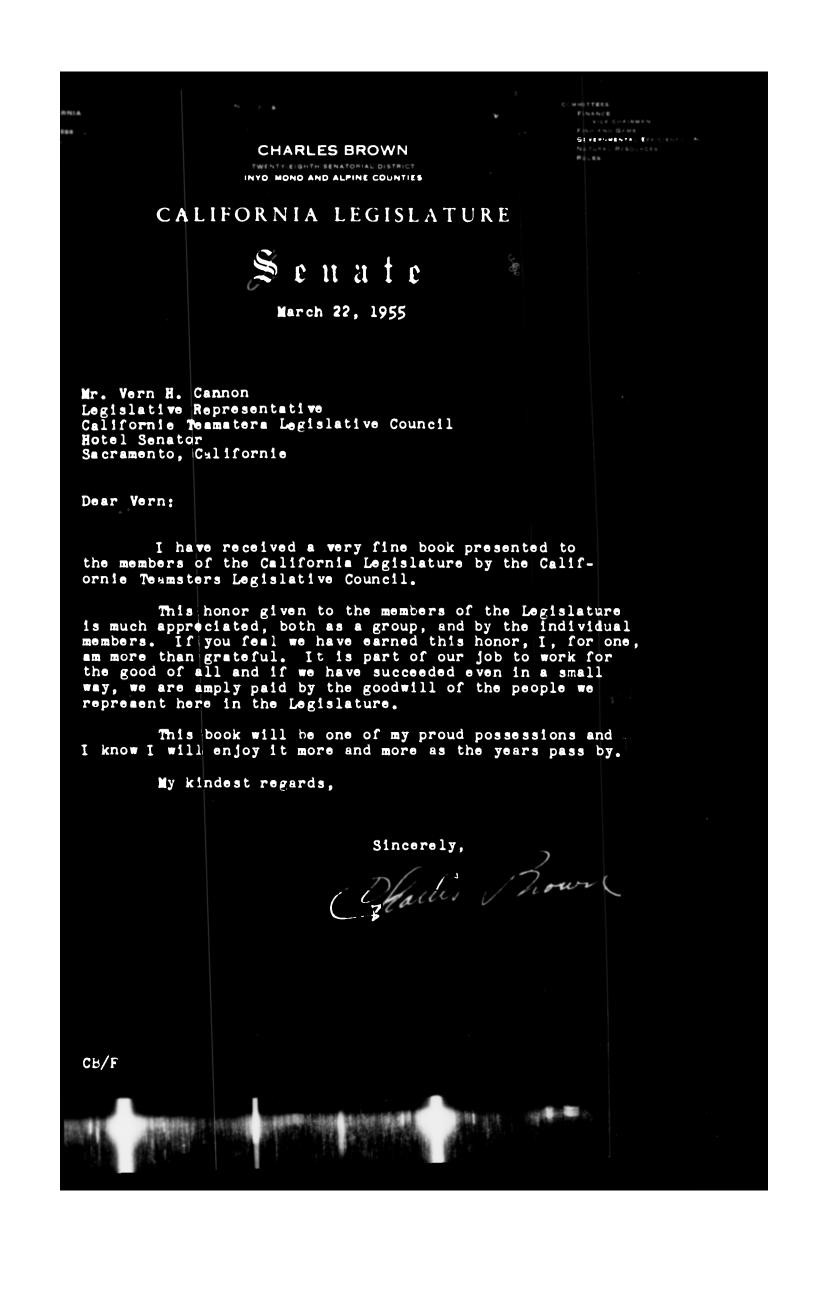


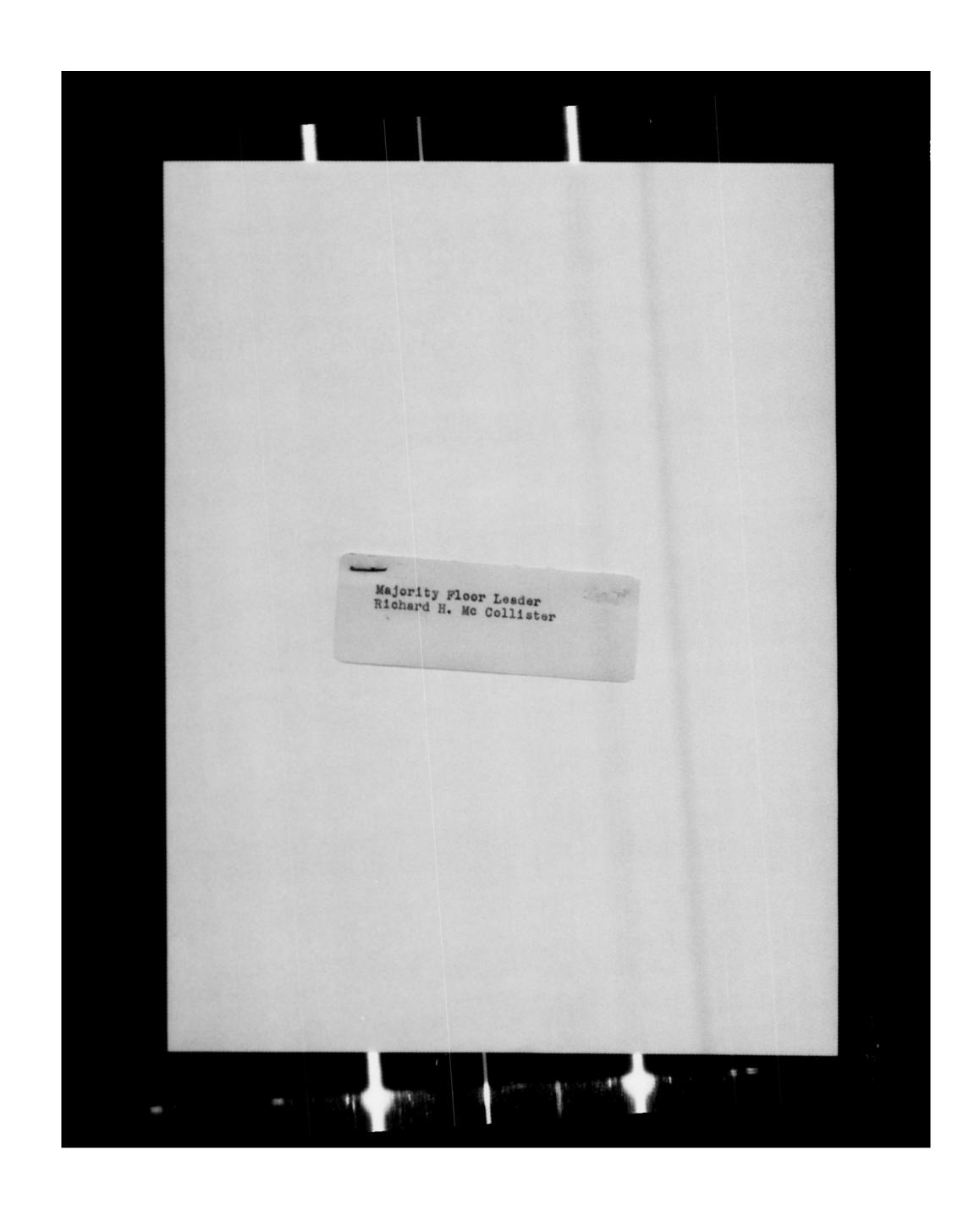


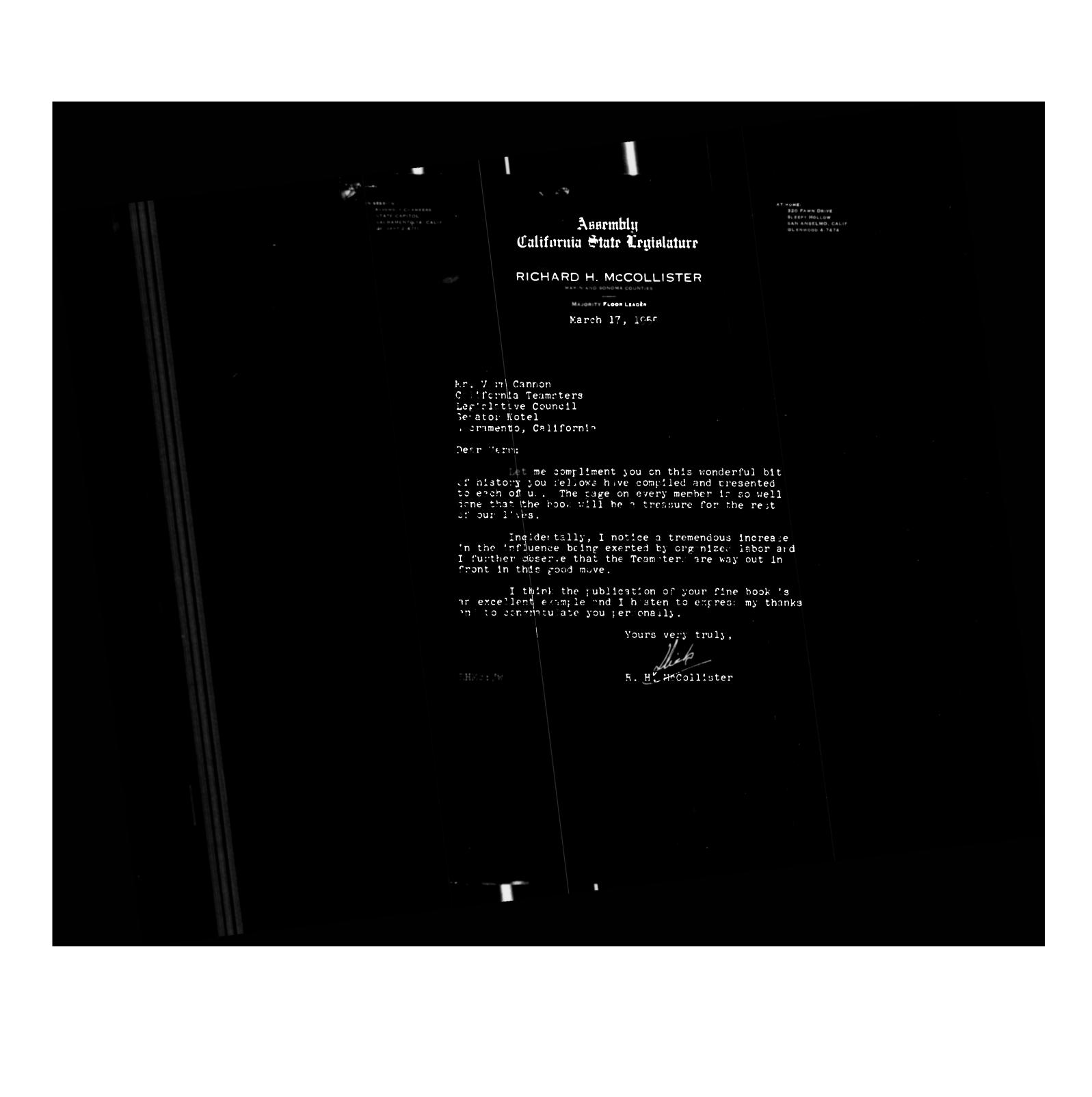
Vice Chairman of Finance-Senate Powerful figure in California Charles Brown.

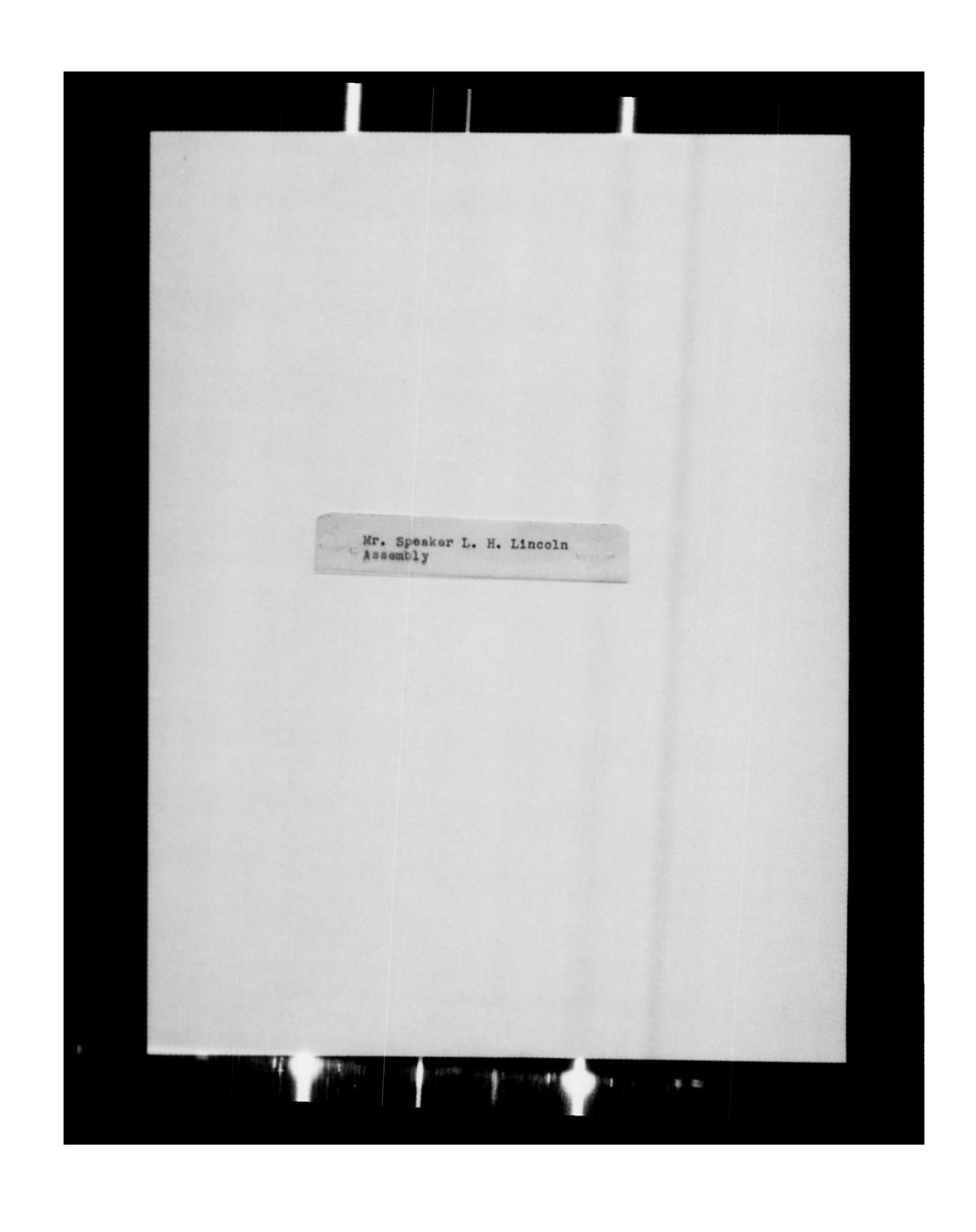


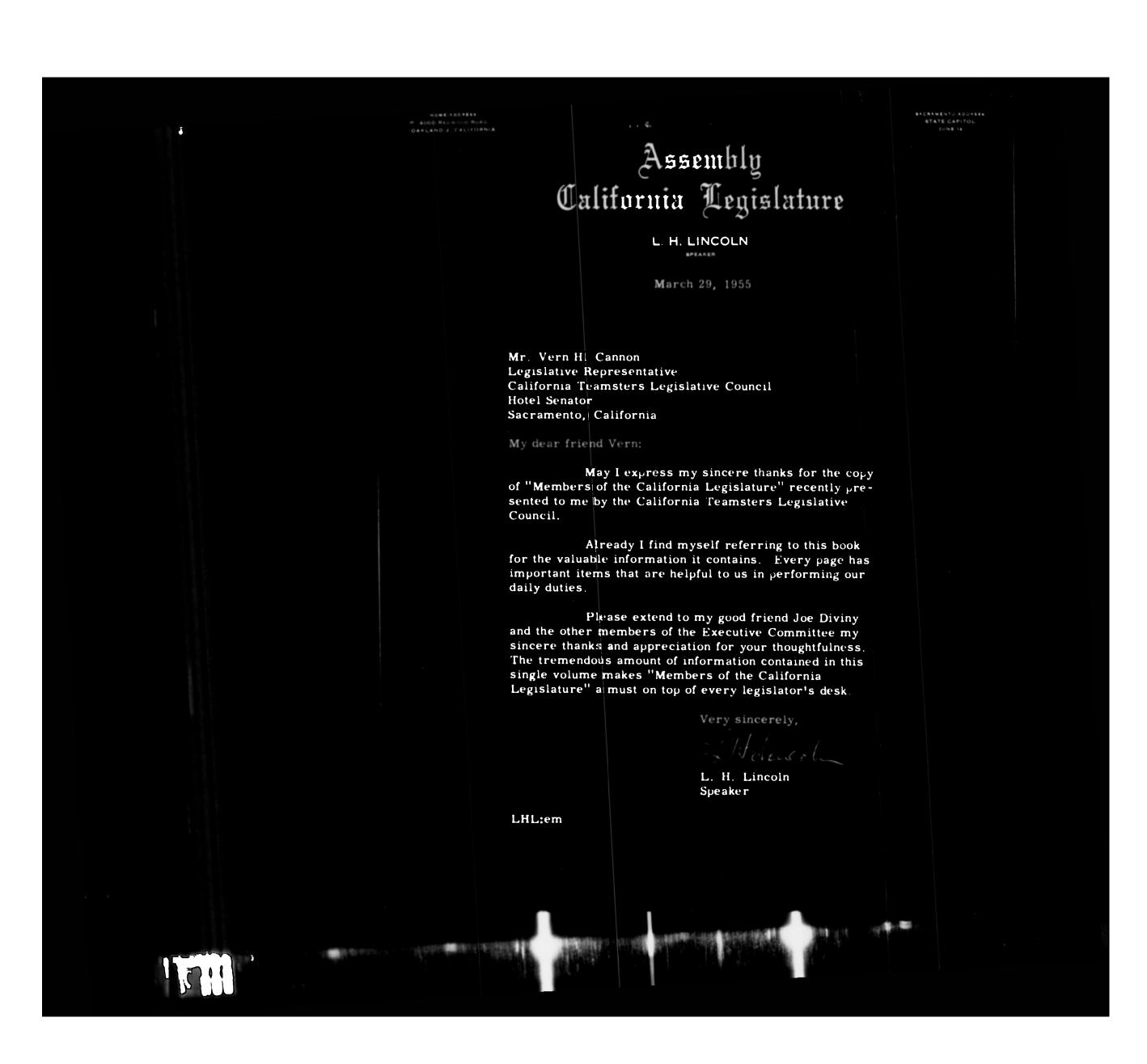


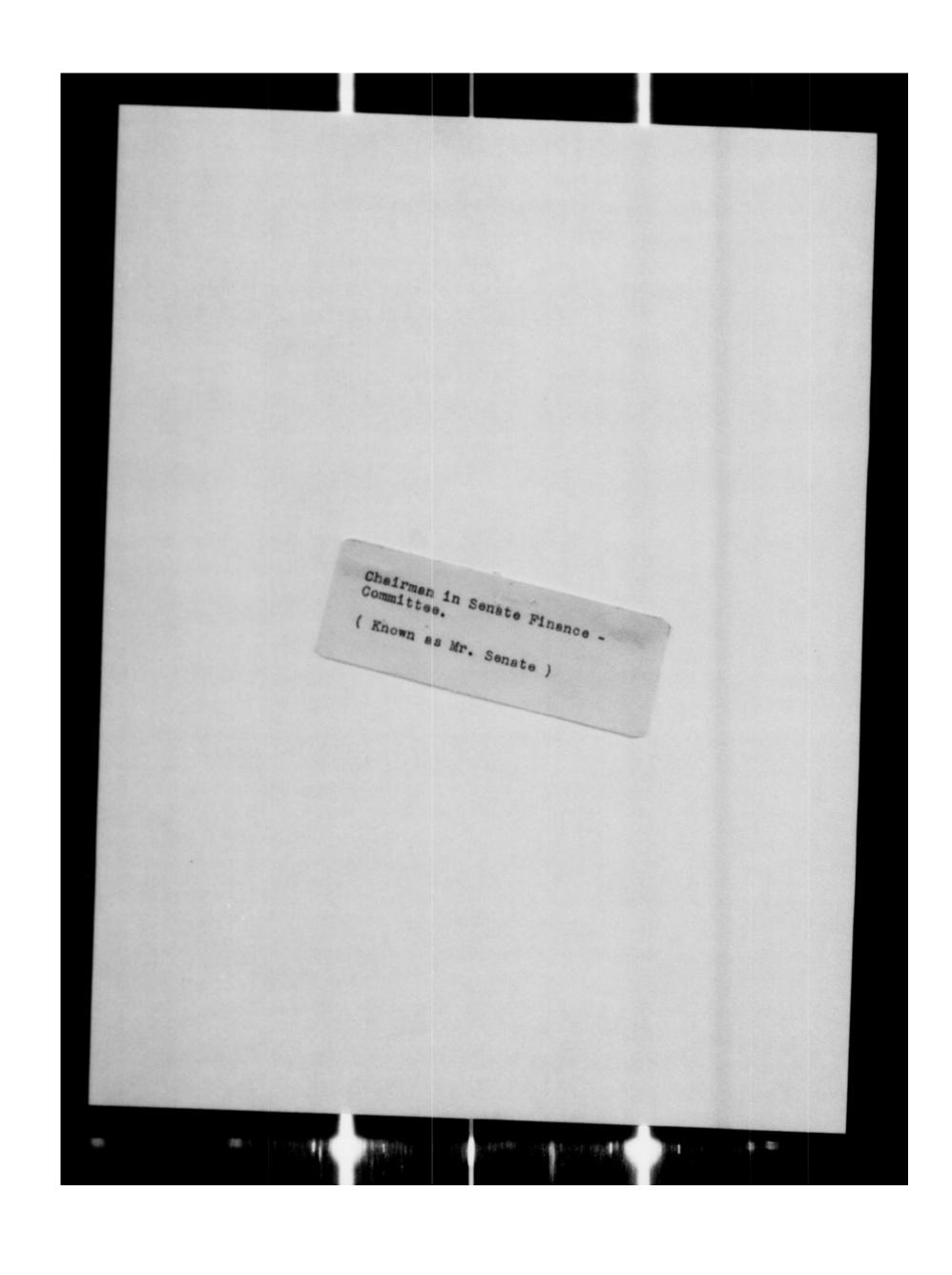












BEN HULSE

FINANCE COMMITTEE
JOINT LEGISLATIVE BUDGET COMMITTEE

CCMMITTEES
AGRIGULTURE
FINANCE
CHAIRMAN
REVENUE AND TAXATION
TRANSPORTATION
WATER RESCURCES

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE

Senate

29 March 1955

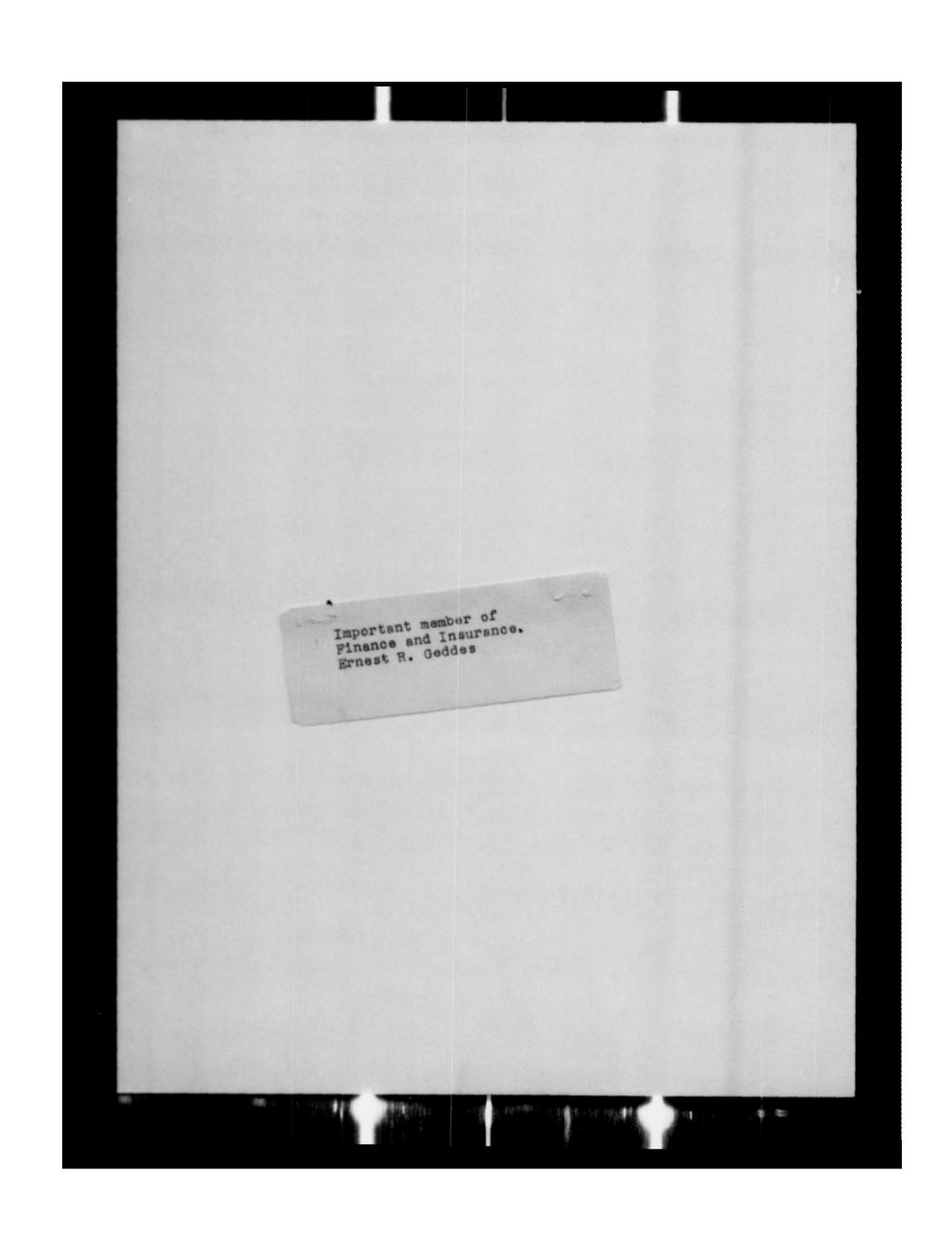
Vern H. Cannon, Legislative Representative Californie Teamsters Legislative Council Hotel Senator Secramento, California

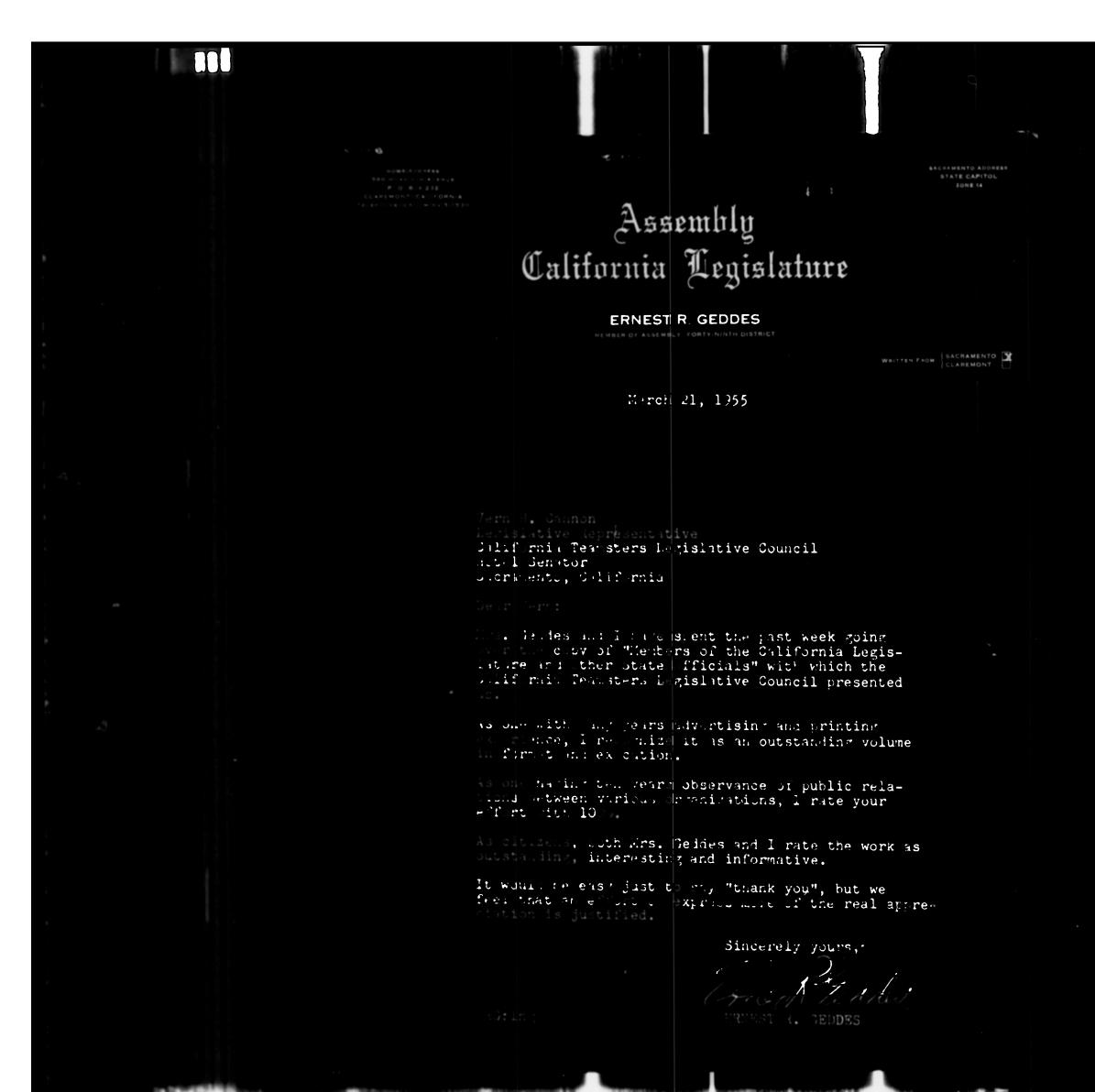
Dear Vern:

I don't know how to express my appreciation for the nice book delivered to me s few days ago. I think the work is excellent. It will be cherished the rest of my life,

Kind personal regards,

Ben Hulse, Senator Thirty-Ninth District







#### CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURI

Senate

March 22, 1955

Mr. Verne Cannon Legislative Representative California Teamsters Mct: 1 Senator Sacramento, California

Dear Mr. Cannon:

I know you will receive many compliments from the Vembers of the Legislature but I think you should also have the opinions of the distaff side. I have work piled high on my desk but I must step and tell you what an enormous success the Teamsters edition of the Legislature is havior. Being an avid reader myself I have often thought that more people should be interested in reading the various reports.

rested to know that your runlication

fall into the datewory of "Will
the Future" - It was the subject
om practically "stem to stern"
hour. It is beautifully done
sly awreed it is one of the best
cleased around here. Whoever is
it certainly deserves a lot of

What a wonderful thing it would be to have this released in a less expensive edition, in order that other Californians could know more about the various members of the legislature. After five years here I actually know more about the men fr m your short sketch on them than I ever have, and so many of the secretaries felt the same way.

Again, Congratulations to all who compiled it so efficiently.

Come see us sometime.

Sincerely yours of Many Quark



HERBERT R. KLOCKSIEM

March 16, 1955

Vern H. Cannon Legislative Representative California Teamsters Legislative Council Hotel Senator Sacramento, California

Dear Mr. Cannon:

Pleass accept my sincere thanks for the very beautiful and artistic California Assembly.

I have heard only comments of praise for this outstanding piece of artistry and commend you most heartily for the hard work that you must have put in to produce such magnificent results.

Considering the fact that you had several ugly mugs to portray, such as my own, I am sure that each of us have falt that the job was well done and that we are exceedingly grateful to you for your kindness in this expression of fine public relations.

Personally, I shall slways keep this book as a momento of friendship between your organization and myself and assure you I shall do everything possible to maintain the present harmonious relationship before mambers of your union and myself.

With kindest personal regards and sincere appreciation, I remain

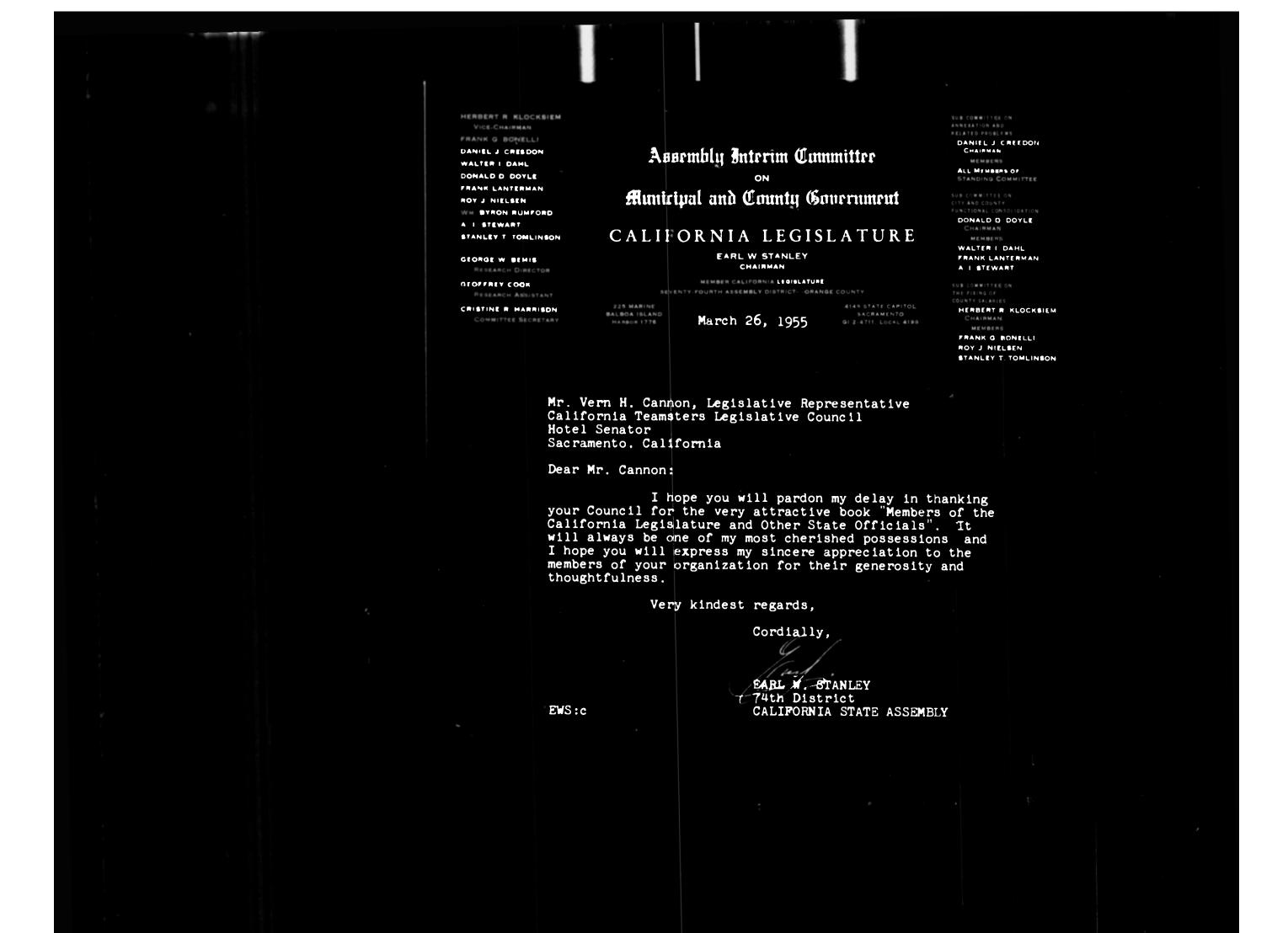
Very sincerely yours,

Jul Hearbour

COMMITTEES
MUNICIPAL AND COUNTY
GOVERNMENT
VICE CHAIRMAN
SOCIAL WELFARE
WAYS AND MEANS
REVENUE AND TATATION

Herbert R. Klocksiem

HRK:ih



OPPICE ADDRESS ME MAIN MAPA, CAL POEREA

HOMB

SACRAMENTO ADDRESS
STATE CAPITOL
ZONE 14

### Assembly California Legislature

SAMUEL R. GEDDES
MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY, PIFTH DISTRICT
SOLAND AND NAPA COUNTIES

CHAIRMAN

COMMITTEE ON CIVIL SERVICE AND STATE PERSONNEL

March 16, 1955

COMMITTEES

Agriculture

Civil Service and
State Personnel

Education

Revenue and Taxation

Social Welfare

Mr. Vern Cannon Californie Teamaters Legislative Council Hotel Senator Sacramento, California

Dear Vern:

Thank you for the wonderful book I received Monday. I will treasure it, and it is certainly a fine piece of work. You and your organisation are to be complimented for this very fine contribution to the members of the State Legislature.

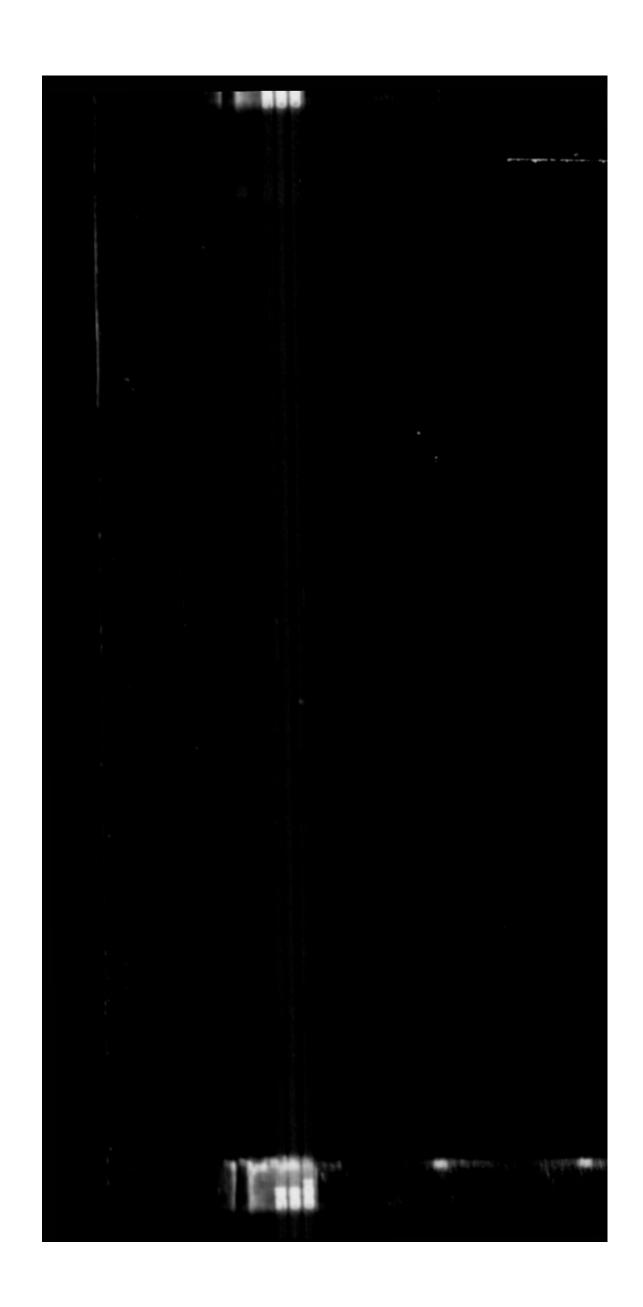
I do thank you for this book, and I appresiate your kindness and I will keep this as a very fine remembrance of my experiences up here in Sacramento.
Again thank you.

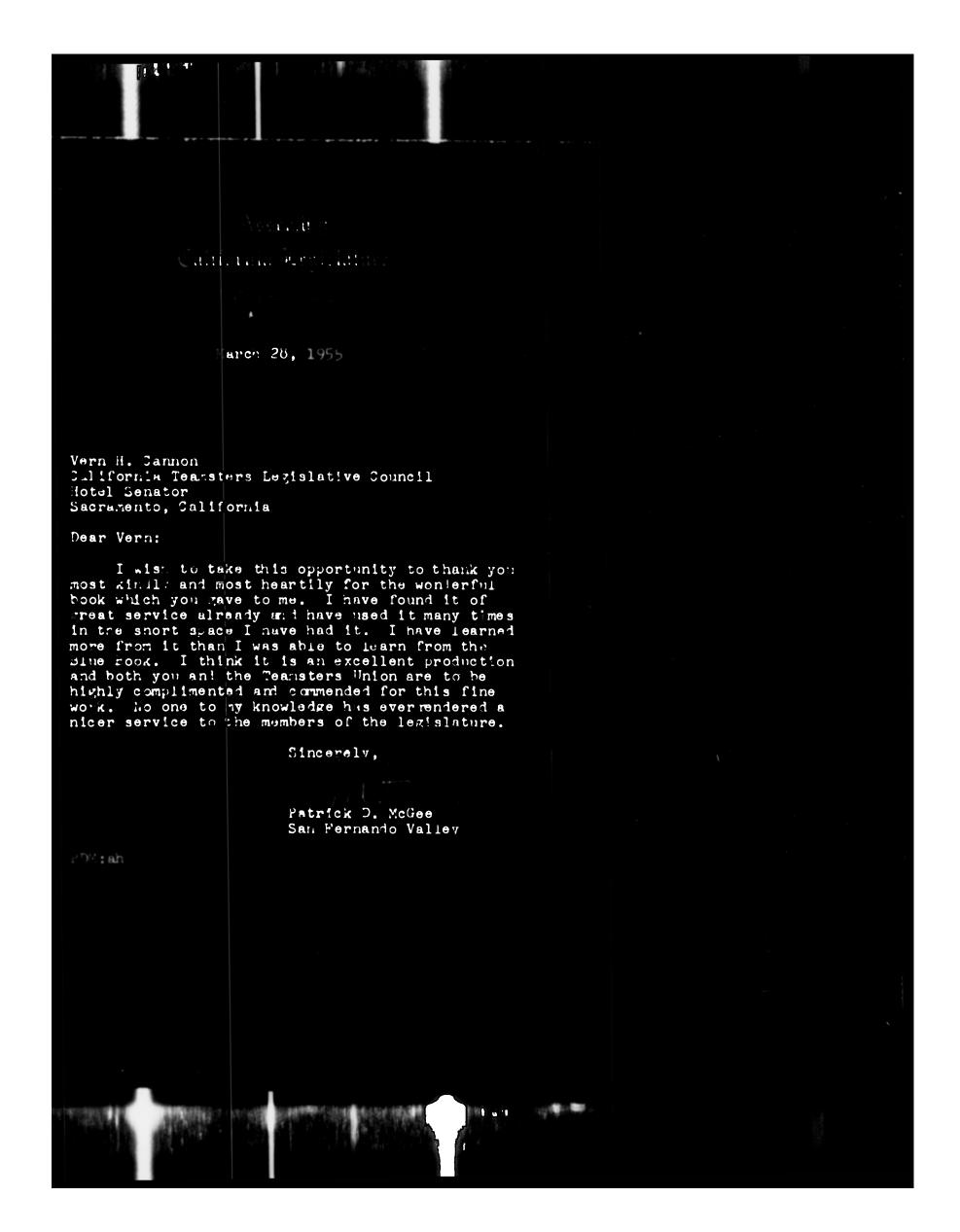
Cordially yours,

SAM SCALAR SAMUEL R. GEDDES

SRG:bg

18 U







THE PACIFIC A A NUE SAN PRANCISC (18 STATE CAPITOL ZONE 14

### Assembly California Legislature

CASPAR WILLARD WEINBERGER

MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY, TWENTY FIRST DISTRICT

CHAIRMAN
COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATION March 15, 1955

Mr. Vern H. Cannon, Legislative Rep. Calif. Teamsters Legislative Council Hotel Senator Sacramento, California

Dear Vern:

Thank you very much for the very fine book concerning the members of the Legislature which you left on my desk yesterday. I have enjoyed looking through it very much, and I know the book will be both an extremely interesting souvenir and a very useful reference.

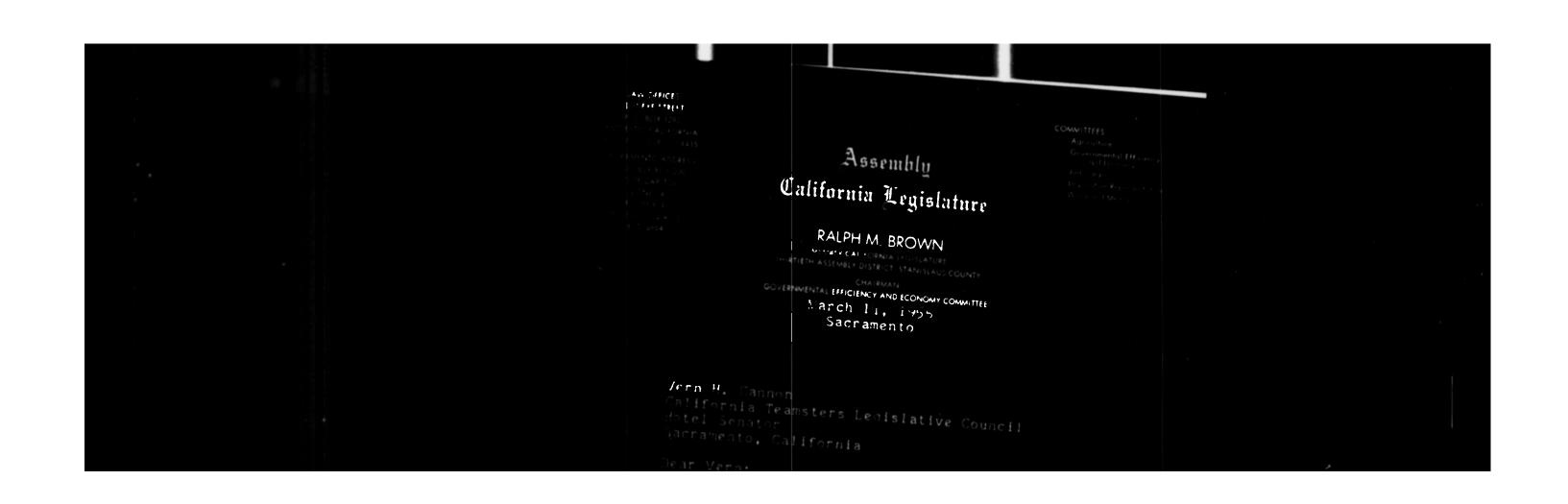
I appreciate very much receiving your very kind letter. Again many thanks.

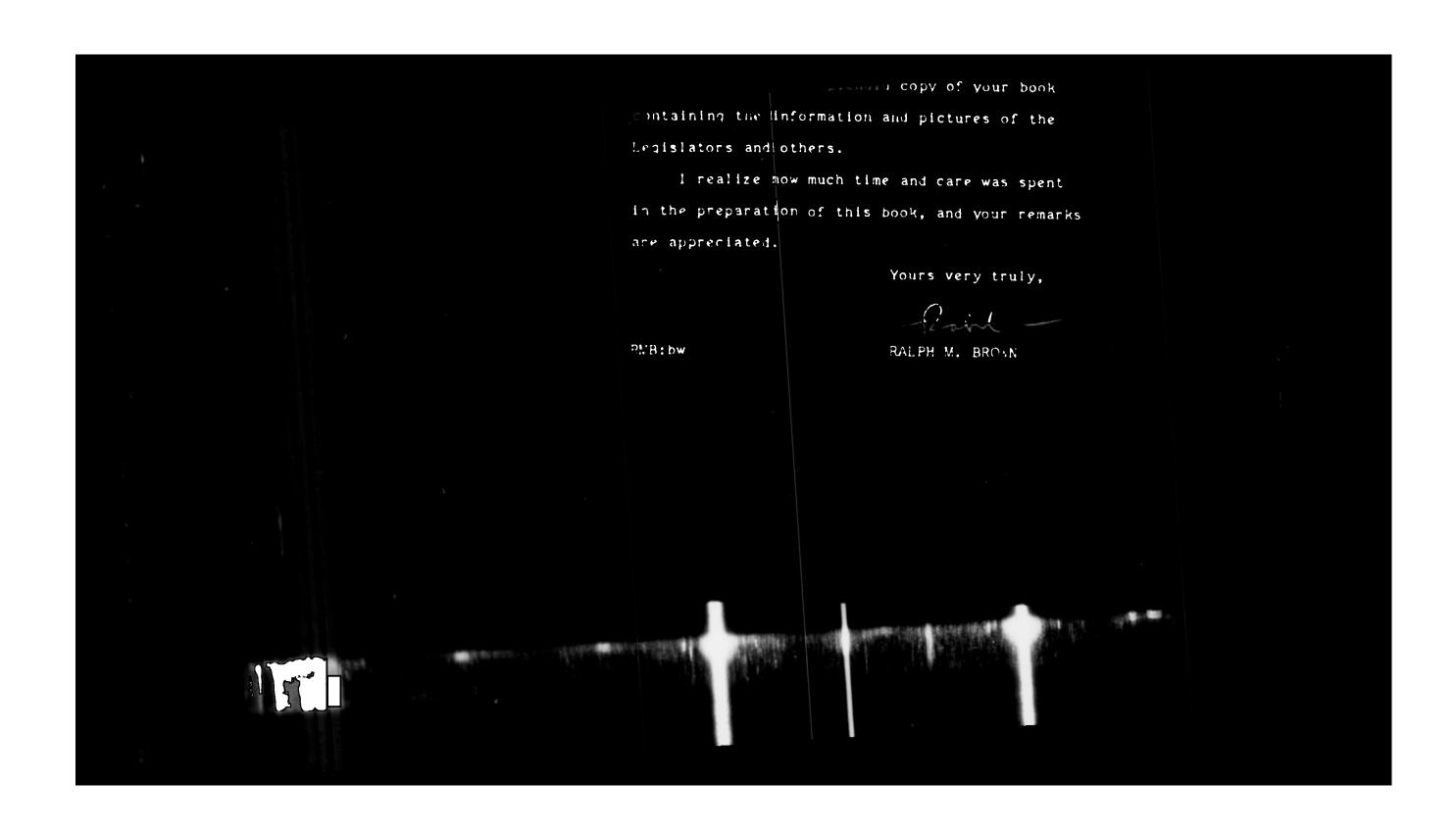
With kind personal regards, I am,

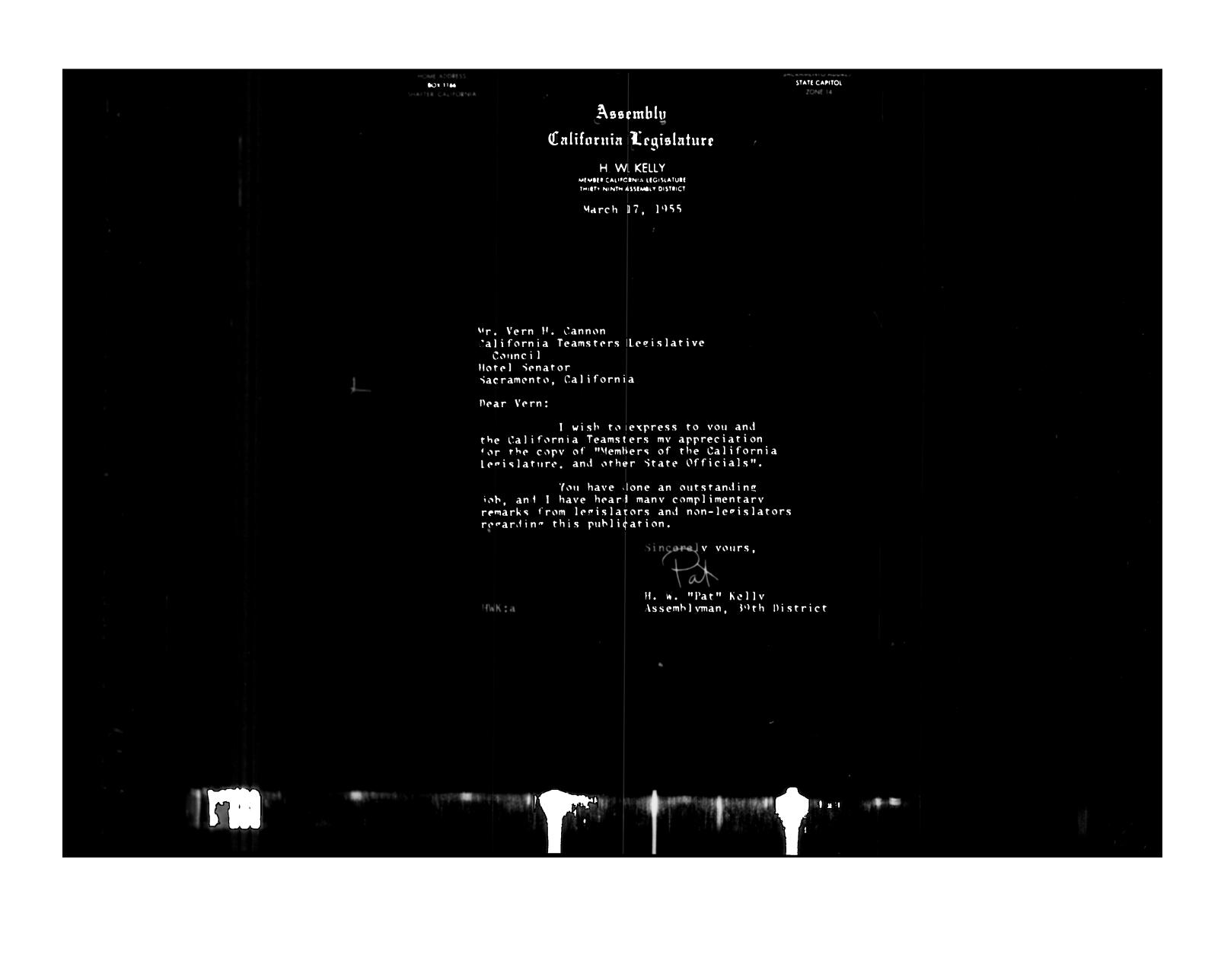
Sixcerely yours,

CASPAR W. WEINBERGER

CWW/mc







SACRAMENTO ADDRESS CAPITOL 14 COMMITTEES Conservation, Planning, and Public Works Education Assembly LAW OFFICES

BANK OF AMBRICA BUILDING Judiciary SAN JOSE 13 California Legislature ADDRESS SAN JOSE BRUCE F. ALLEN
ENBER OF ASSEMBLY, TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT
CLAZA COUNTY CHAIRMAN COMMITTEE ON SELIAL March 15, 1955 Mr. Vern H. Cannon
Lagielative Representative
California Teamatera Lagielative
Council
Hotel Senator
Sacramanto, California Dear Varn: I received your "Book"
yesterday and think this is a very
fine mova, as we all appreciate
gatting this information about our fellow mambers of the Lagielature. Sincerely youre, BRUCE F. ALLEN BFA: jk

HOME ADDRESS
119 NORTH MAGNOLIA
EL CAJON, CALIFORNIA
SACRAMENTO
STATE CAPITOL
ZONE 14

Assembly California Legislature

JACK SCHRADE

March 23, 1955

COMMITTEES

Mr. Vern H. Cannon Legis. Representative Calif. Teamsters Legislative Council Hotel Senator Sacramento, California

Dear Mr. Can: on:

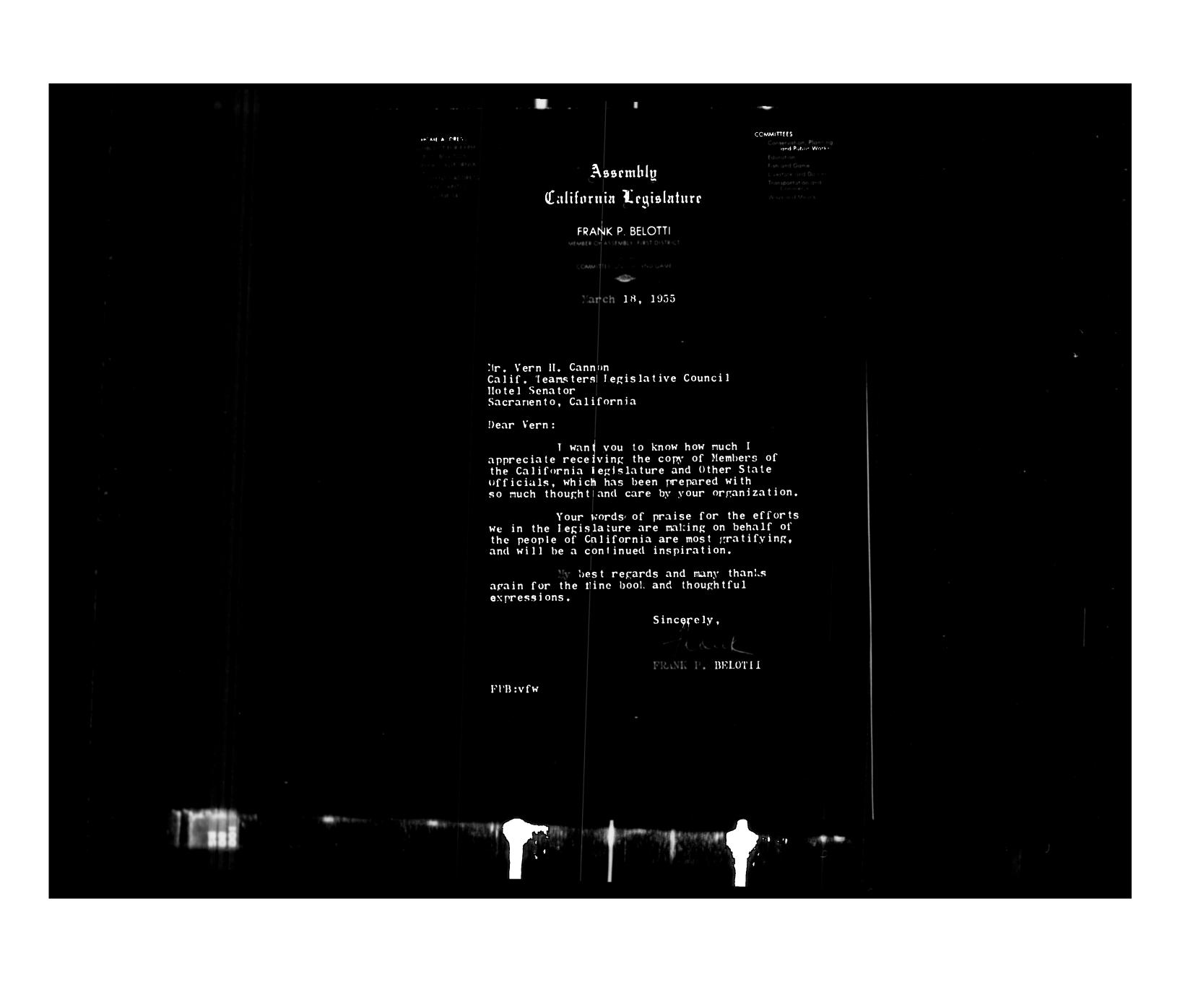
Thank you very much for the very fine book that your organization has furnished the State Legislators of California. It is a wonderful nelp in connecting faces with names, and as a freshman legislator, it is particularly helpful to me.

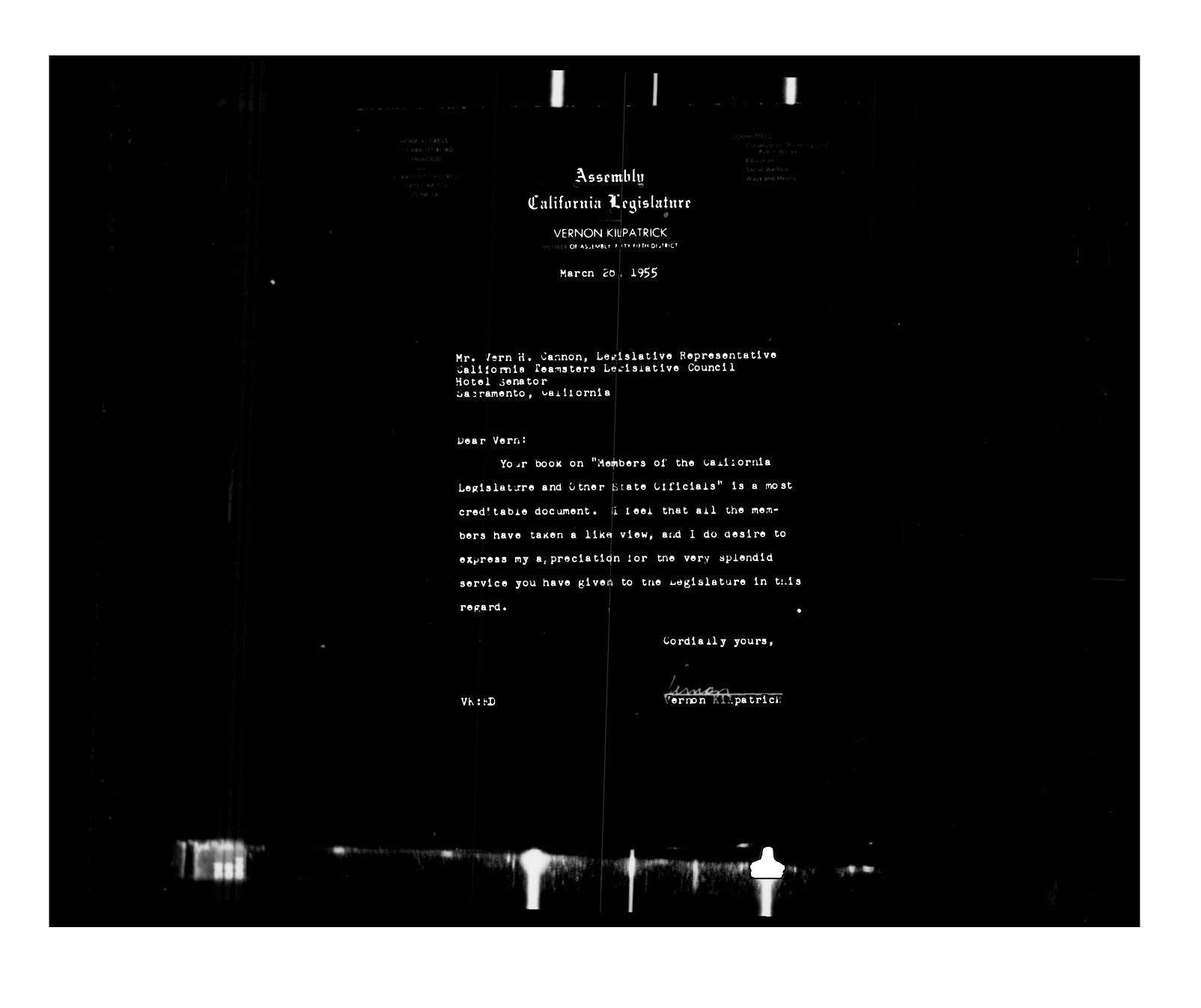
Thank you.

Sincerely

JACK SCHRADE

JS:im





HOME ADDRESS
TOUS MADISON AVENUE
LA MESA, CALIFORNIA SACRAMENTO ADDRES STATE CAPITOL ZONE 14 Assembly California Legislature SHERIDAN N. HEGLAND ASSEMBLYMAN, SEVENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT March 25, 1955 Mr. Vern H. Cannon Californie Teamsters Legislative Council dotel Senator Sacramerito, California Dear Verhi Inank you very much for your very attractive book on members of the California Legislature. As someone who has made his living by writing for a number of years, I want to say that your organization did a magnificent job on this book Cordially Shijd 





# PRESILTY ABSHIRE NORMAL TEGISLATURE Senate

AGRICULTURE
SUSINESS AND PROFESS ONS
INSTITUTIONS
VICE GHARMAN
PUBLIC HEALTH
PUBLIC UTILITIES
WATER RESOURCES JOHN F. THOMPSON EIGHTEENTH BENATORIAL DISTRICT SANTA CLARA COUNTY CALIFOR NIA LEGISLATURE Senate March 1', 1955 Tr. : Term F. Campon

control of esentative

call forming term term Legislative Council o e engtor Cacratesta, California to capy of the California Lagislature and other State Officials. It is certainly a outiful an valuable token and one which I will name to be in acromonto, and the genero-

JAMES E. BUSCH CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE Senate 

### HAROLD T. JOHNSON

### CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE

Senate

March 24, 1955

Vr. Vern m. Carnon
Legislative Representative
California leamsers Legislative Council
Hotel Senator
Jacramerto, California

Dear Vern:

I have been locking over the copy of your book on Members of the saliformia Legislature and other State Officials.

Y u certainly deserve a lot of credit for a job well done. I know it was a memericus jot to get all this material together and present it in such an interesting manner.

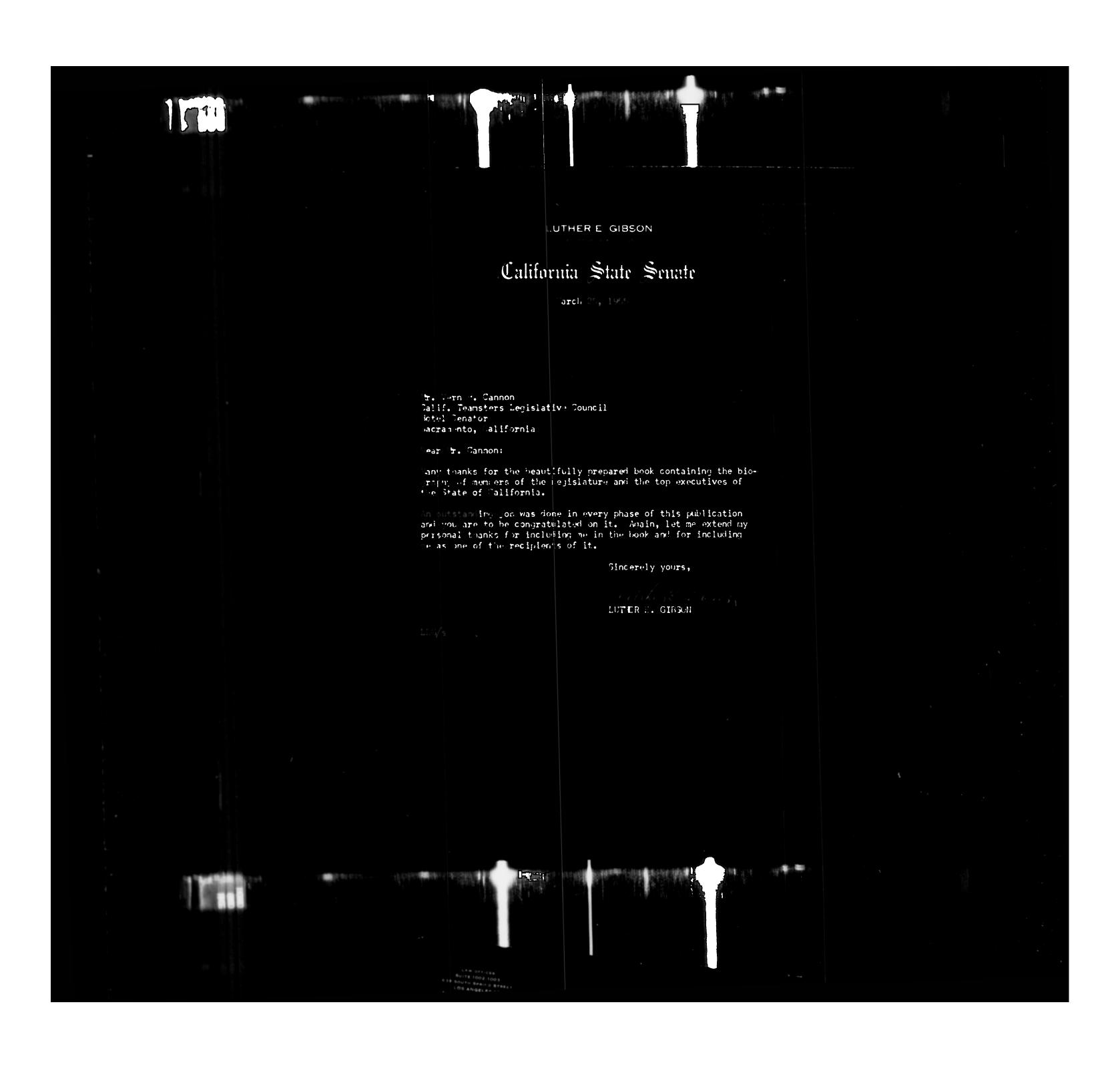
Thank you for your interest in the work the members of the Legislature and appreciate receiving a copy of your fine book.

Sincerely yours,

The second

Harold T. Johnson

HTJ:DC



AND PUBLIC WORKS
GOVERNMENTAL EFFICIENCY
AND ECONOMY

### 

# California Legislature

LESTER A. MCMILLAN

COMMITTEE ON BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

March 25, 1955

Vern h. Cannon Legislative Representative California leamsters regislative Council Hotel Senator Sacramento, California

Dear Vern:

I want to thank you for the copy of the Legislative Book which I appreciate very much. I am sure ilt will be very helpful throughout the year, especially in bringing me up to date on all of the new members. I think you did a wonderful job.

You are very thoughtful and we all appreciate your efforts.

LAM: thw

LESTER A. MCMILLAN

## Assembly California Legislature

REX M. CUNNINGHAM

Harri, 22. 195

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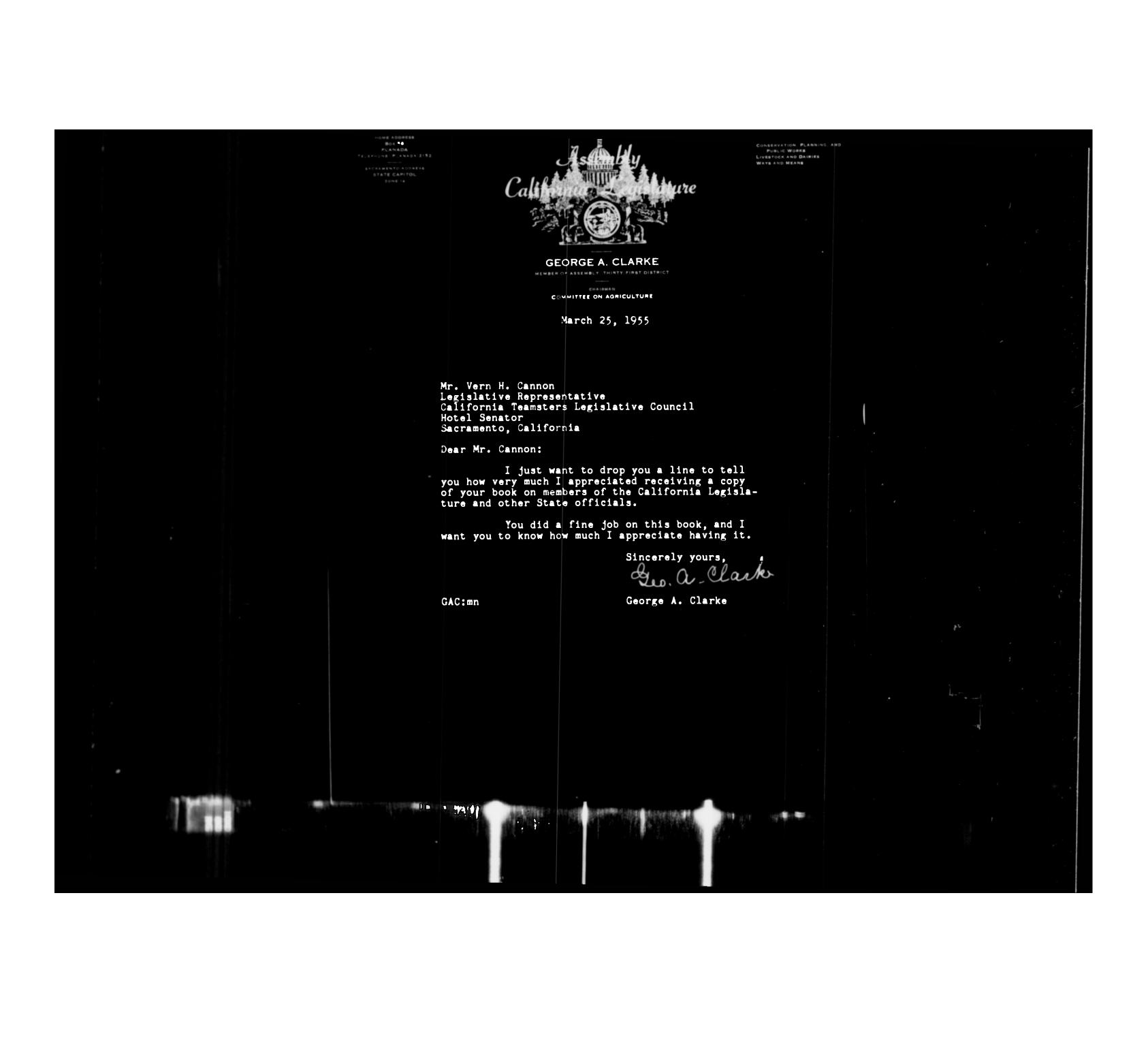
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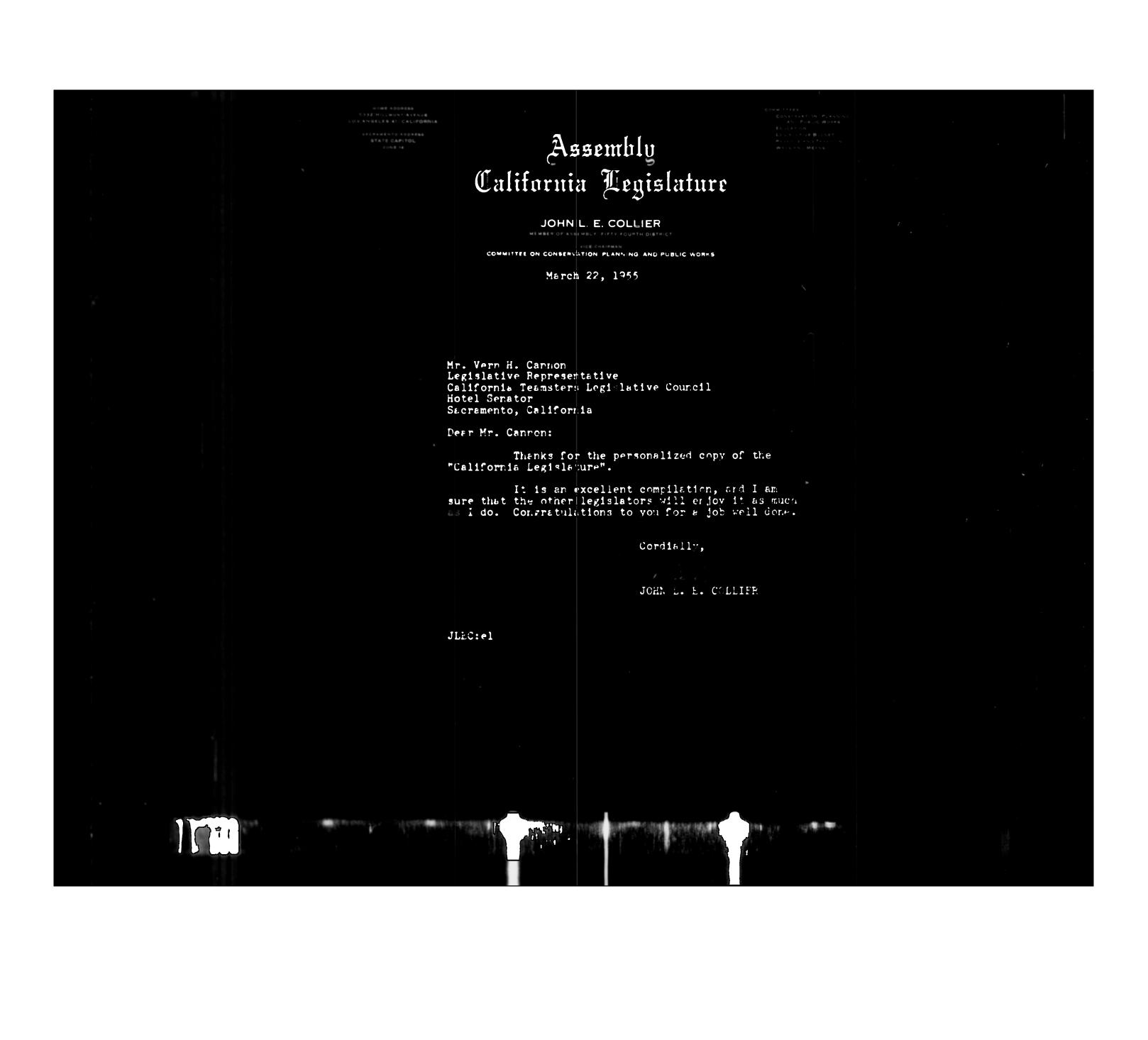
s: the rest of very such for the book rs/of the Galifornia legislature and

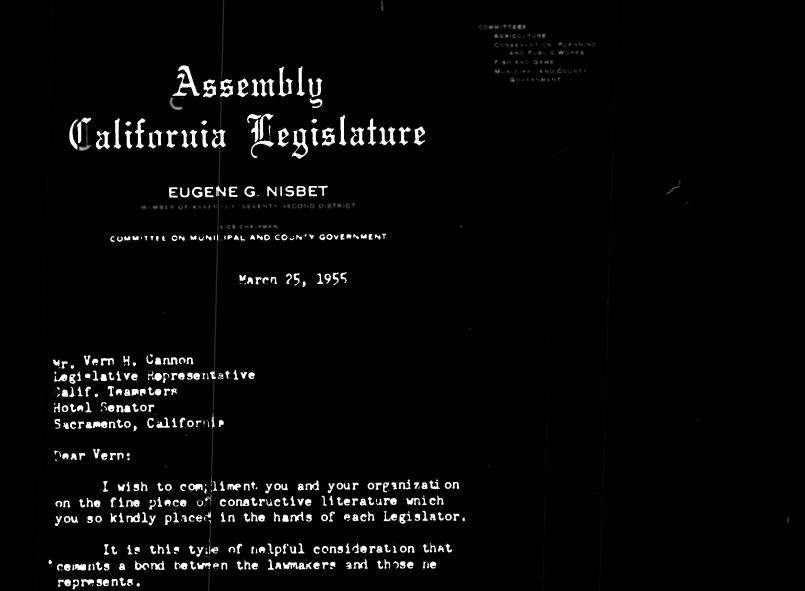
It is a beautiful contribution to the history

rours sincerely,

Ray in Cumakan







Please accept my congratulations.

SEN: RE

### Assembly California Legislature

WILLIAM S. GRANT

COMMITTEE ON FUBLIC HEALTH

Sacramento, California March 25, 1955

Mr. Vern H. Cannon Calif. Teamsters Legislative Council Hotel Senator Sacramento, California

Dear Vern:

I wish to thank you for the book that you presented to me covering members of the California Legislature and Other State Officials. This will be highly prized by myself as well as all other members. It will afford a great deal of pleasure to us in later years bringing back memories of Sacramento and will also be very valuable in daily use while we are here in Sacramento.

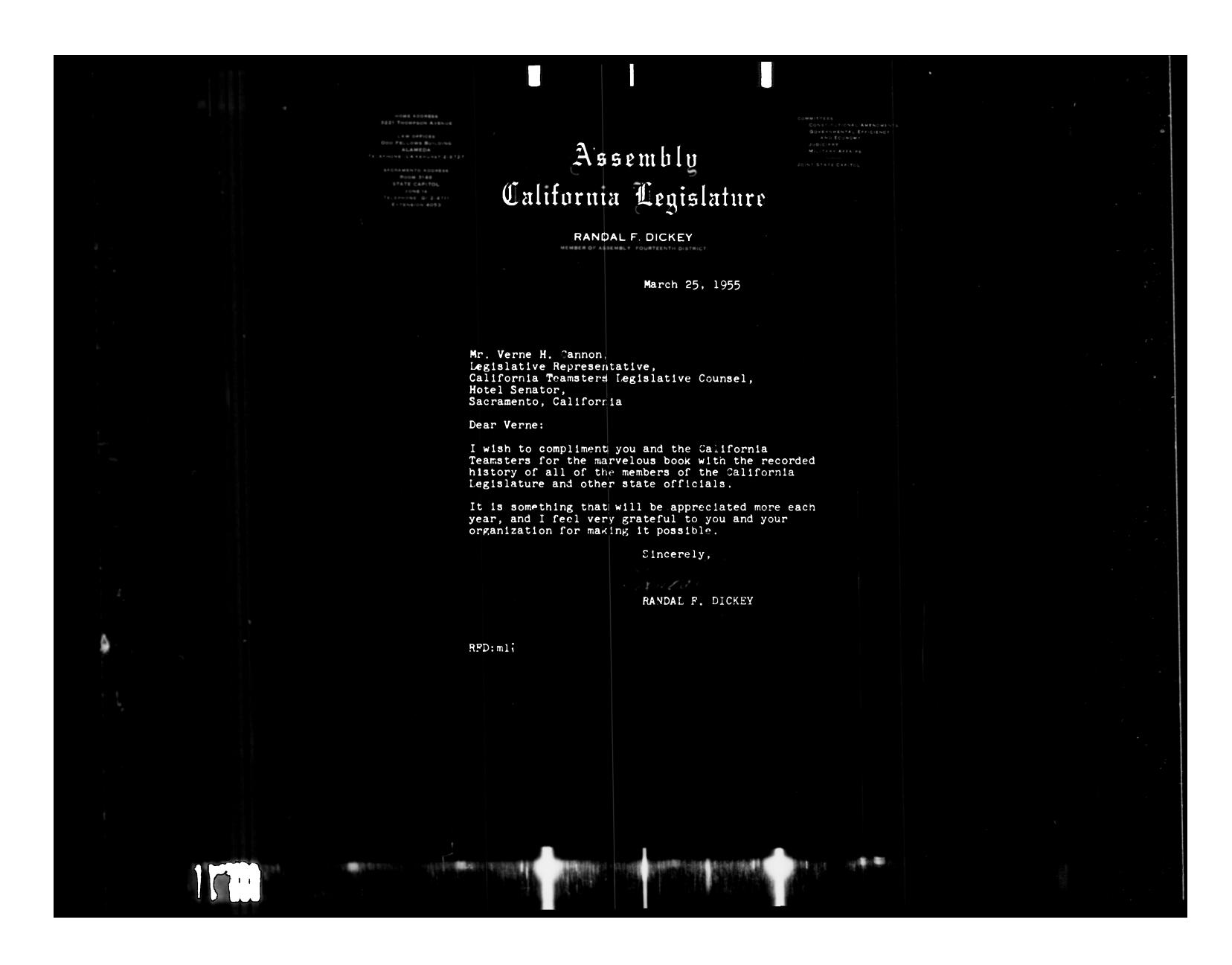
It was a very nice gesture and I want you to know that I greatly appreciate it.

Sincerely,

W. S. Grant Assemblyman 70th District

WSG:1s





JAMES L. HOLMES

SANTA BARBANA SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTIES

### CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE

### Assembly

March 24, 1955

Mr. Vern H. Cannon, Legislative Representative California Teamsters Legislative Council Hotel Senator Sacramento, California

Dear Mr. Cannon:

I would like to take this opportunity to express to you my deep appreciation for the efforts which are evident in the publishing of the book which you presented to each member of the Legislature.

Without a doubt, this is one of the nicest things that I have ever seen, and I wish to commend you and the California Teamsters for your thoughtfulness as, in my opinion, it gives us an opportunity to know our fellow legislators in a way that could not be accomplished otherwise.

Thanks again for your wonderful contribution.

Most sincerely,

James L. Holmes

JLH:mv

M .

COMMITTEES
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS
FINANCE AND INSURANCE
GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATION

THOMAS A MALONEY
SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

# Assembly California Legislature

24 March 1955

Mr. Vern H. Cannon
Legislative Representative
California Teamsters
Legislative Council
Hotel Senator
Sacramento, California

Dear Vern:

Thank you for the copy of Members of the California Legislature and Other State Officials. which everyone finds attractive, informative and helpful in becoming better acquainted with the various personalities honored in the edition.

With kind regards, I am

Yours very truly,

THOMAS A. MALONEY Speaker pro Tempore

TAM: ea

# Assembly California Tegislature FRANCIS C. LINDSAY Erencis C. Lindsay

NOME ADDRESS
3346 SUNNYNOOK DRIVE
LOS ANGELES 39

0^C\*\*AMENTO ADDRESS
STATF, CAPITOL
ZDNE 14

# Assembly California Legislature

SETH J. JOHNSON
MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY, FIFTT-BIXTH DISTRICT

March 15, 1955

Ar. Verns H. Cannon
Legislative Representative
Calif. Teamsters Legislative Council
Sanator Hotel
Sacramento, Californie

Dear Verne:

Thank you for your letter of March 14, 1955, enclosing a copy of your very wonderful book which contains the pictures and biographical data of the members of the Californie Legislature, and other state officials.

The book is beautiful. I congratulate you upon a good job well done. It is most thoughtful, and I am aure all will treasure your gift.

Sincerely yours,

Seth J. Johnson

SJJ:s

CAW OFFICES

O CONNECCAM TERRO
1005 MARKET STREET
SAN PRANCISCO 3. CALIFORNIA
TELEPHONE UN DERHILL 3-4340
SACHIMENTI ACOPESS
97ATE CAPITOL

Assembly California Tegislature

JOHN A. O'CONNELL

March 15, 1955

Mr. Vern H. Cannon California Teamsters Legislative Council dotel Senator Sacramento, California

Dear Vern:

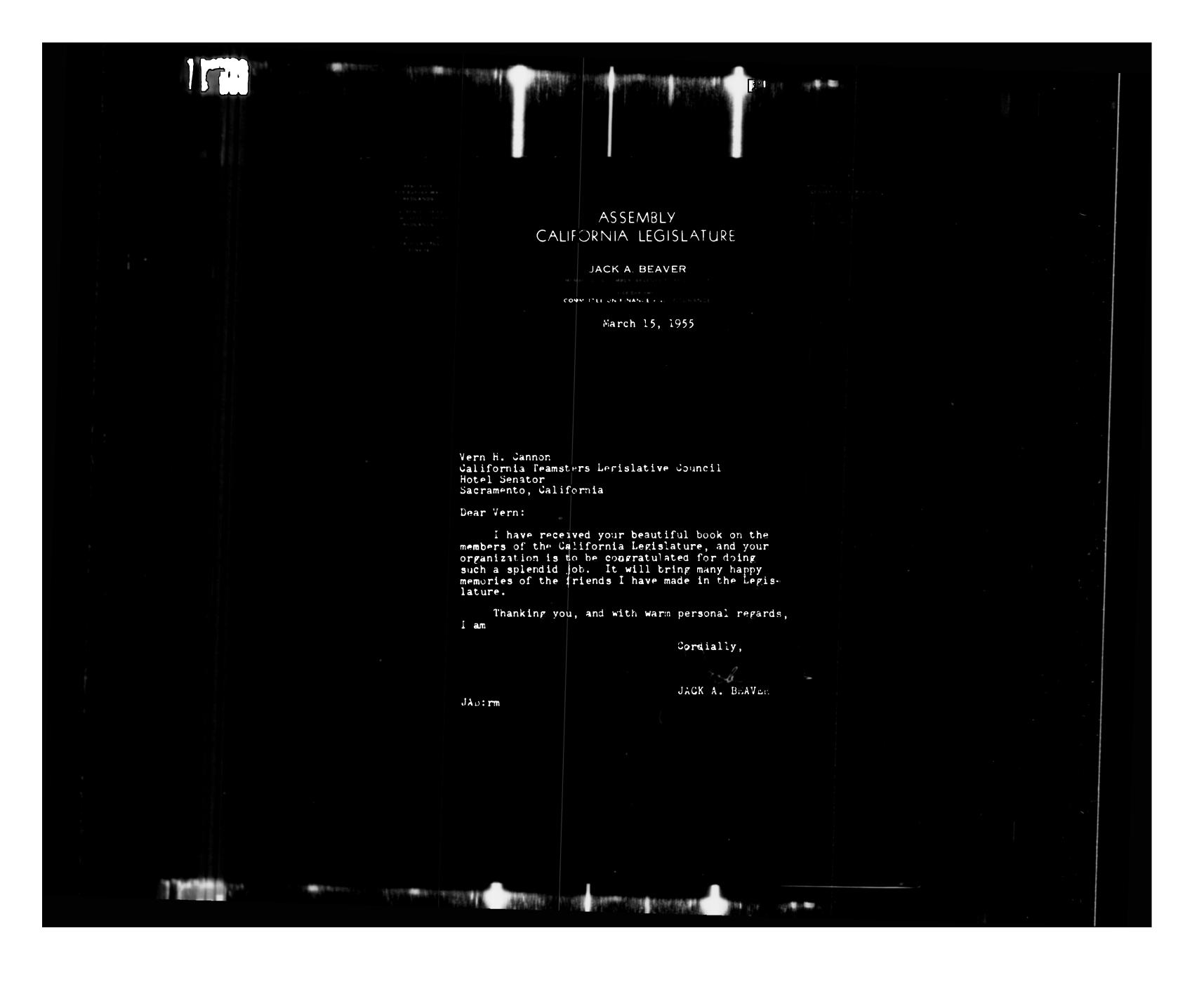
Thank you for your very nice letter of March 14th and the California Teamsters' complimentary book on Members of the Legislature and Other State Officials.

I think the book was very well done and it will be a treasured memento of the 1955 Legislative Session.

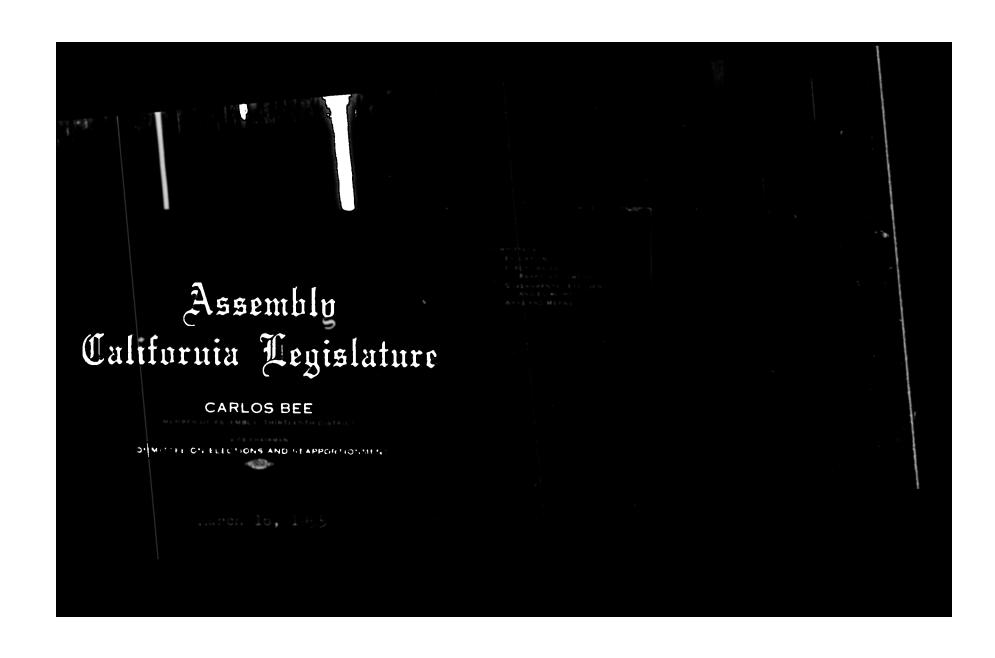
Sincerely,

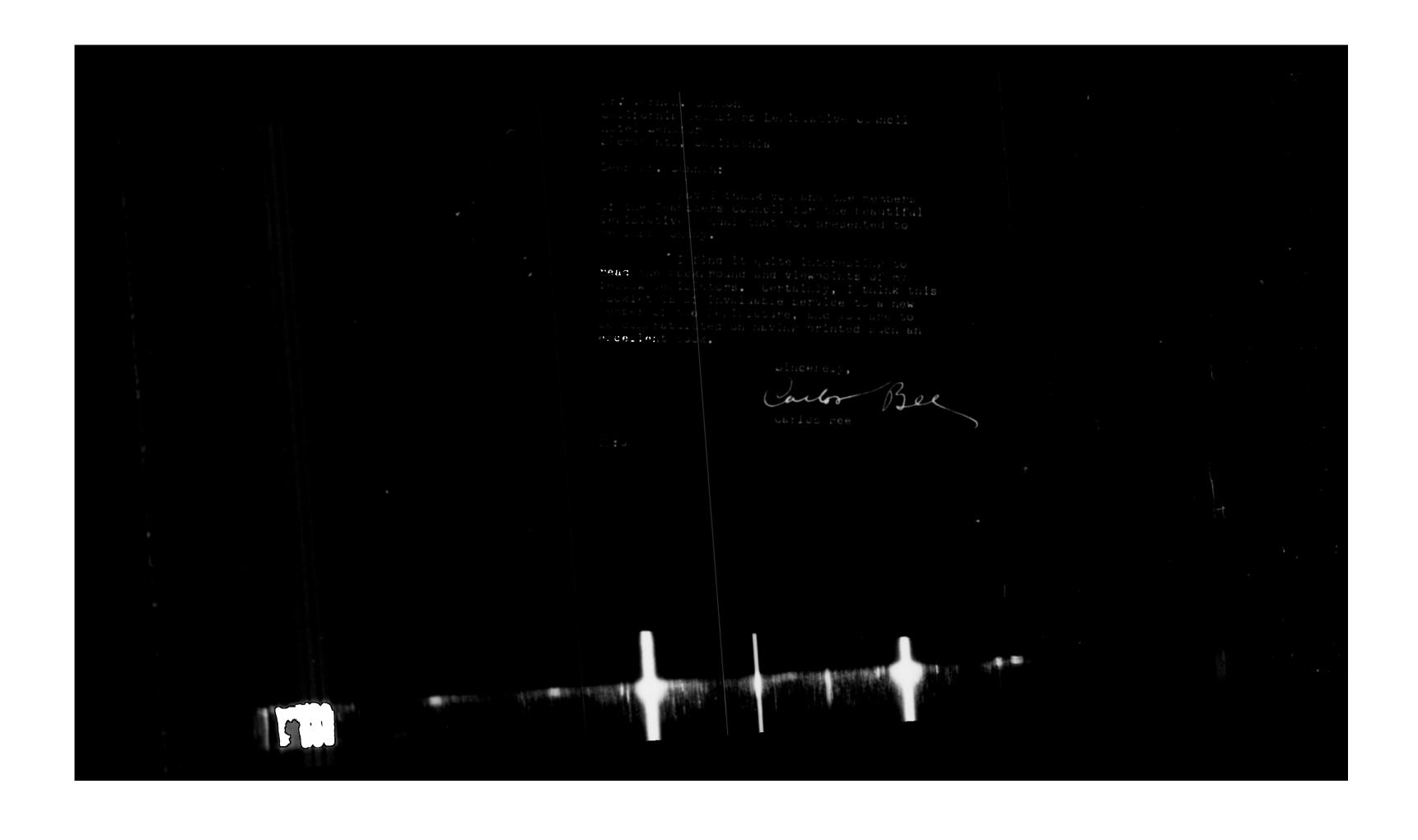
thalleounde

JAO'C/Jbb









SALIMAS CALIF TSLEPMENS 9898

STATE CAPITOL

COMMITTEES

LIVESTOCK AND DAIRIES
VICE CHAIRMAN
AGRICULTURE

FI GAME
REVENUE AND TAXATION

# Assembly California Legislature

ALAN G. PATTEE

March 18, 1955

Mr. Vern H. Cannon
Legislative Representative
California Teamsters
Legislative Council
Hotel Senator
Sacramento, California

Dear Vern:

May extend my sincere appreciation for the very attractive book which the Teamsters presented to the members of the Legislature. It is not only a handaome piece of work, but useful, as well. I loaned it to the Program Chairman for a meeting at McClellan Field, and it was a great help to him in introducing Assemblyman Ernest Geddes, who was their speaker.

Thanks again to you and the Teamaters for this beautiful memento of my first year in the Assembly.

Sincerely,

AGP mr Alan G. Pattee



# Assembly California Legislature

WM. A. MUNNELL

March 18, 1955

Vern H. Cannon
Legislative Representative
California Teamsters Legislative Council
Hotel Senator
Sacramento, California

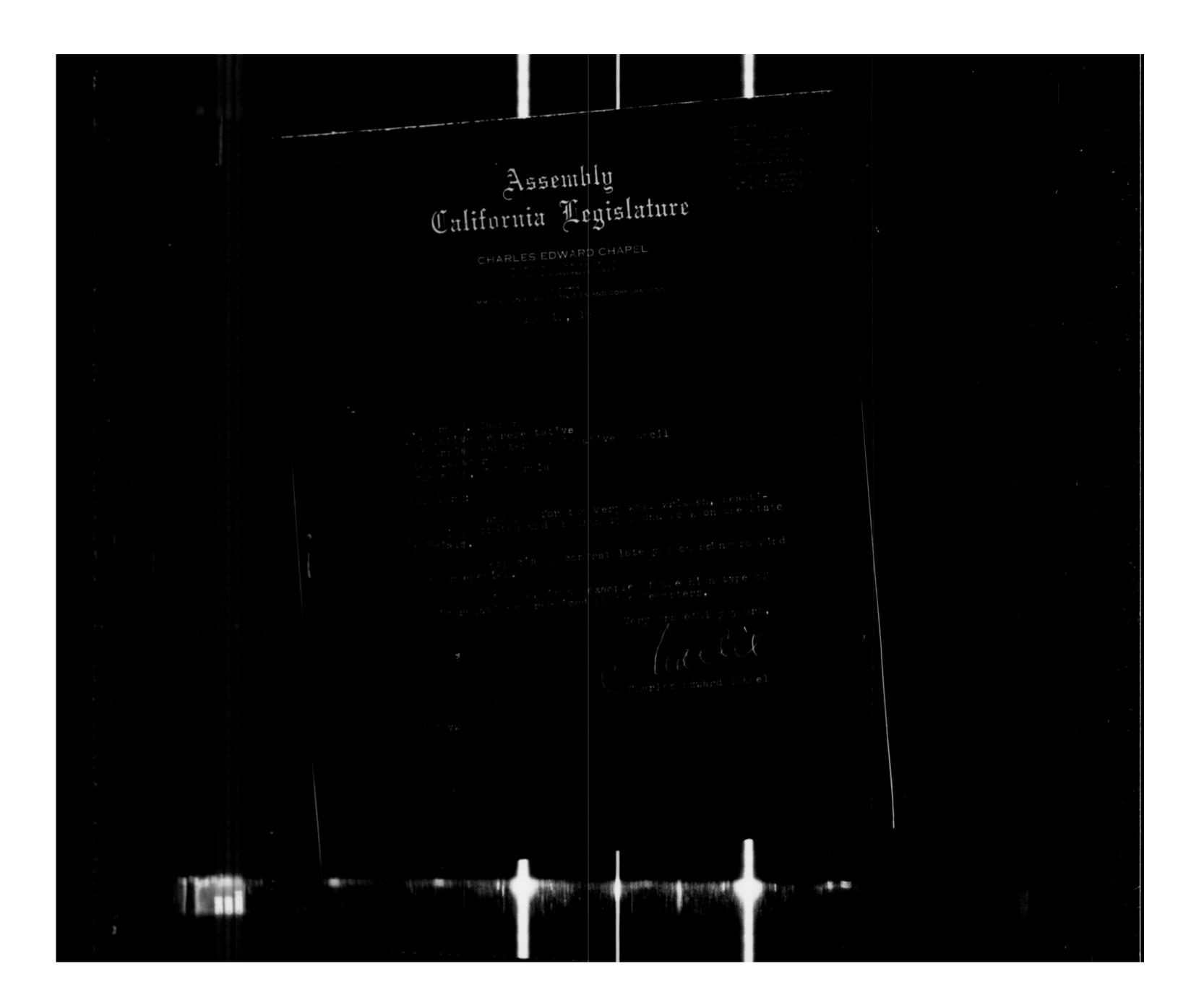
Dear Vern:

My personal copy of MEMBERS OF THE CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE AND OTHER STATE OFFICIALS will occupy a very honored place on my desk, and I will doubtless refer to it often. It is certainly a unique and outstanding publication and typical of the fine public relations which the Teamsters have developed over the years.

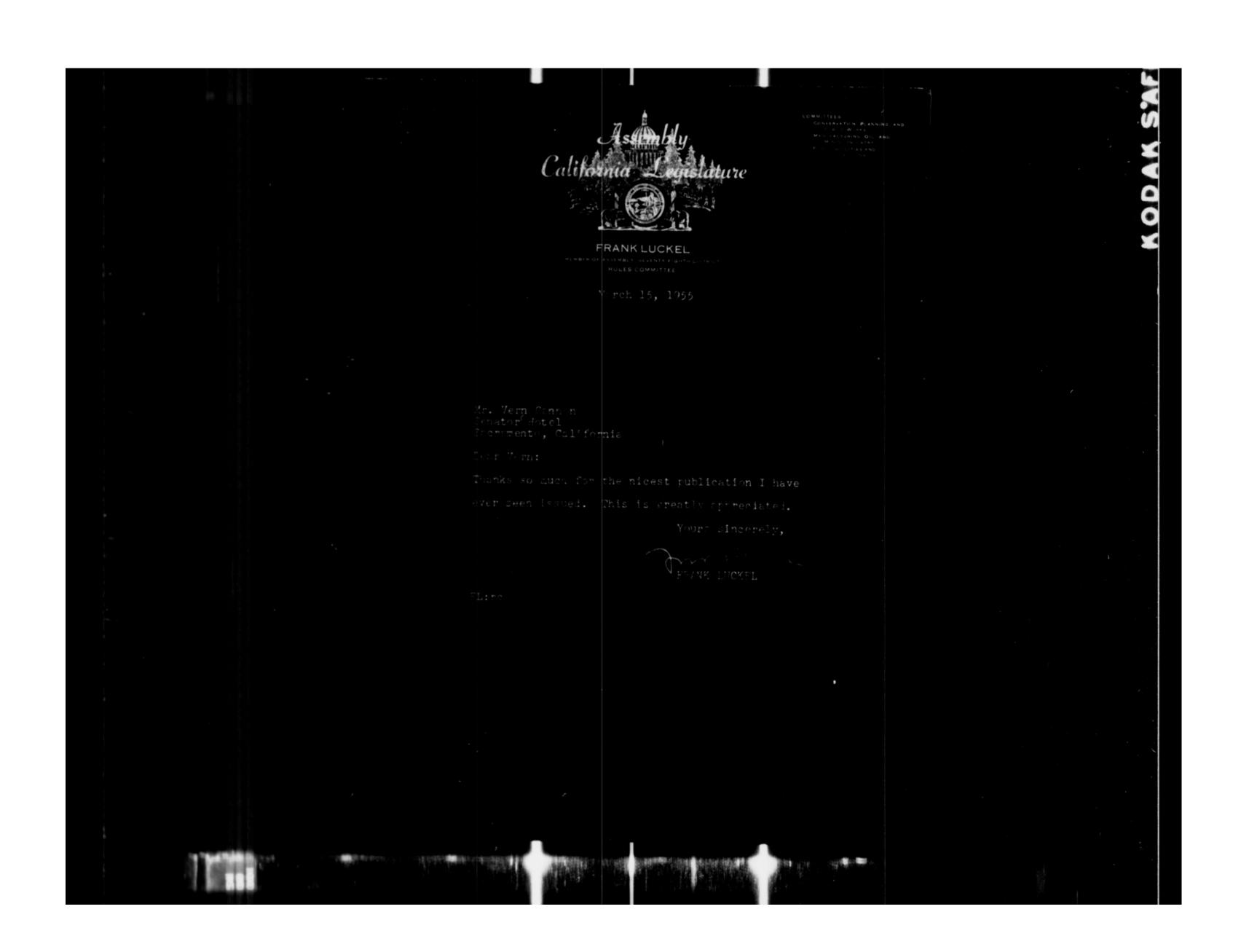
Thank you very much!

Sincerely yours,

Bill Munnell



# Assembly Culifornia Legislature



Assembly California Legislature

CHARLES H. WILSON

March 14, 1955

1717

Mr. Vern F. Carnon

California Teamsters

Legislative Council

Hotel Serator

Lacramento, California

Dear Vern:

I knew you were preparing the book preto each Legislator this date, I never realized how beautiful and how impressive product wight

May I exterd my very sincere tranks to you and the California Teamsters for this worthwhile cift. This remembrance will have lasting value, and is something I will treasure as long as . live

Very sincerely yours,

CHARLES H. WILSON

Assembly California Legislature

WILLIAM W. HANSEN

March 28, 1955

Mr. Vern H. Cannon Legislative Representative Callfornia Teamsters Legislative Council Hotel Senator Sacramento, Califonnia

Dear Vern:

I would like to express my sincere thanks for the copy of "Members of the California Legislature and Other State Officials.

You fellows certainly went all out and it is a wonderful tribute to all of us.

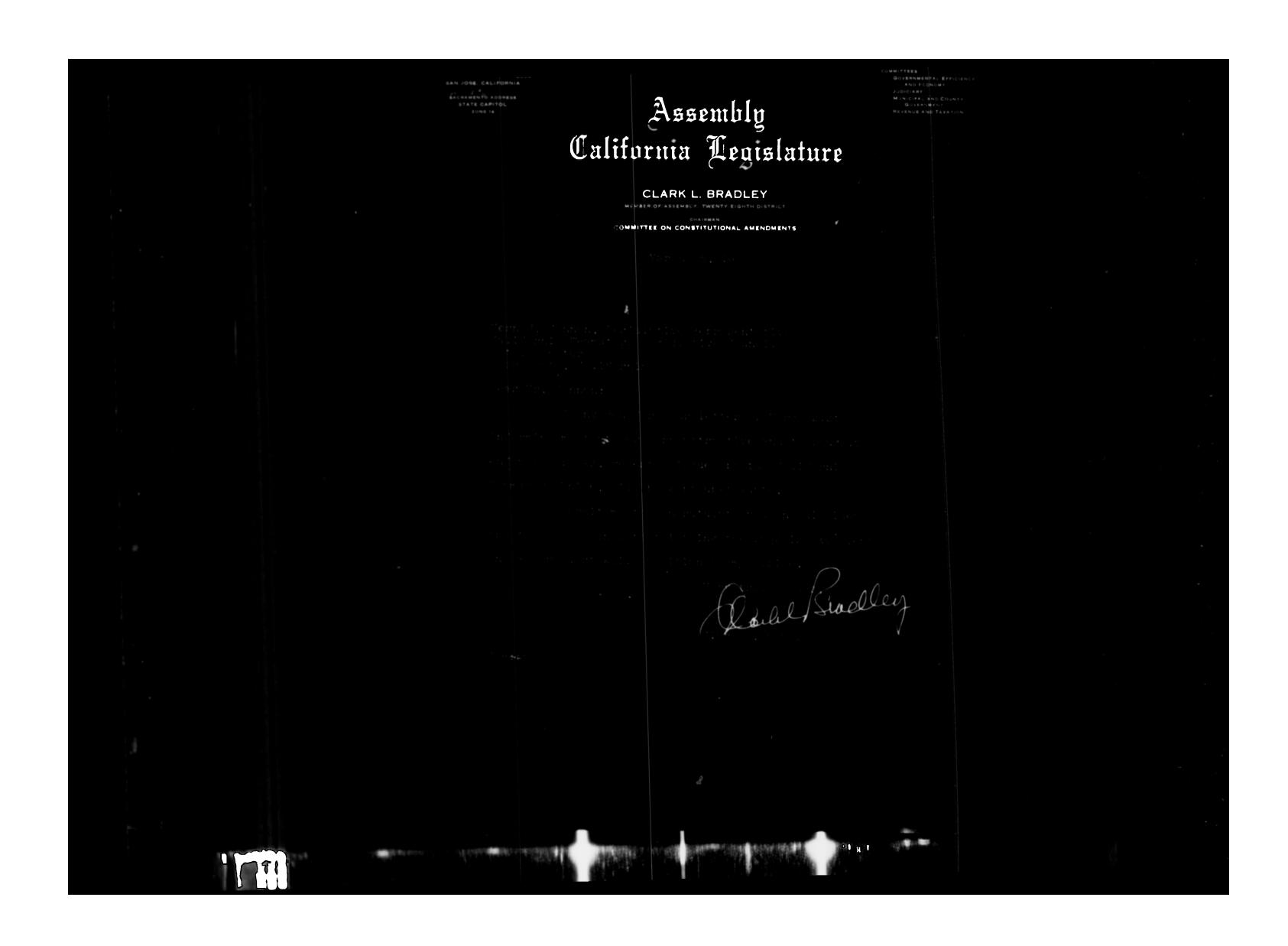
Many thanks.

Best regards,

WILLIAM W. HANSEN

Williek

# Assembly California Legislature GORDON A FLEURY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY



# California Teamsters Legislative Council



HOTEL SENATOR
SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA
Phone Gilbert 2:5001



EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

President Joseph Diviny San Francisco

Vice-President Jack Annand

Secretary

Erle E. Carter

H. L. Woxburg Los Angeles

Stephen Gilligen San Francisco

Jack Goldberger San Francisco

Harry Macdonald Fresns

John Marshall Los Angeles

Albert A. Marty

Ted Merrill Long Beach

J. P. Poteet San Diego

Gerald A. Shearin Marysville

Vernon L. Pankey Cakland VERN H. CANNON Legislative Representative

March 18, 1955

ADMINISTRATIVE FILE

California Deausters

X Lizislative Comeil

Mr. Dave Beck, General President International Brotherhood of Teamstera 100 Indiana Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir and Brother:

Enclosed is our Legislative Public Relations program for the 1955 Session of the California State Legislature.

Needless to say it has taken months to prepare this book. It required each Legislator's picture and biography. Each book was presented to the Legislative, Executive and Judicial members, which carried that indivduals picture on the cover of his personal copy. All other books features the Governor's picture. All copy was approved by the individuals before printing.

Members of the press also received a copy and the reception has been most favorable.

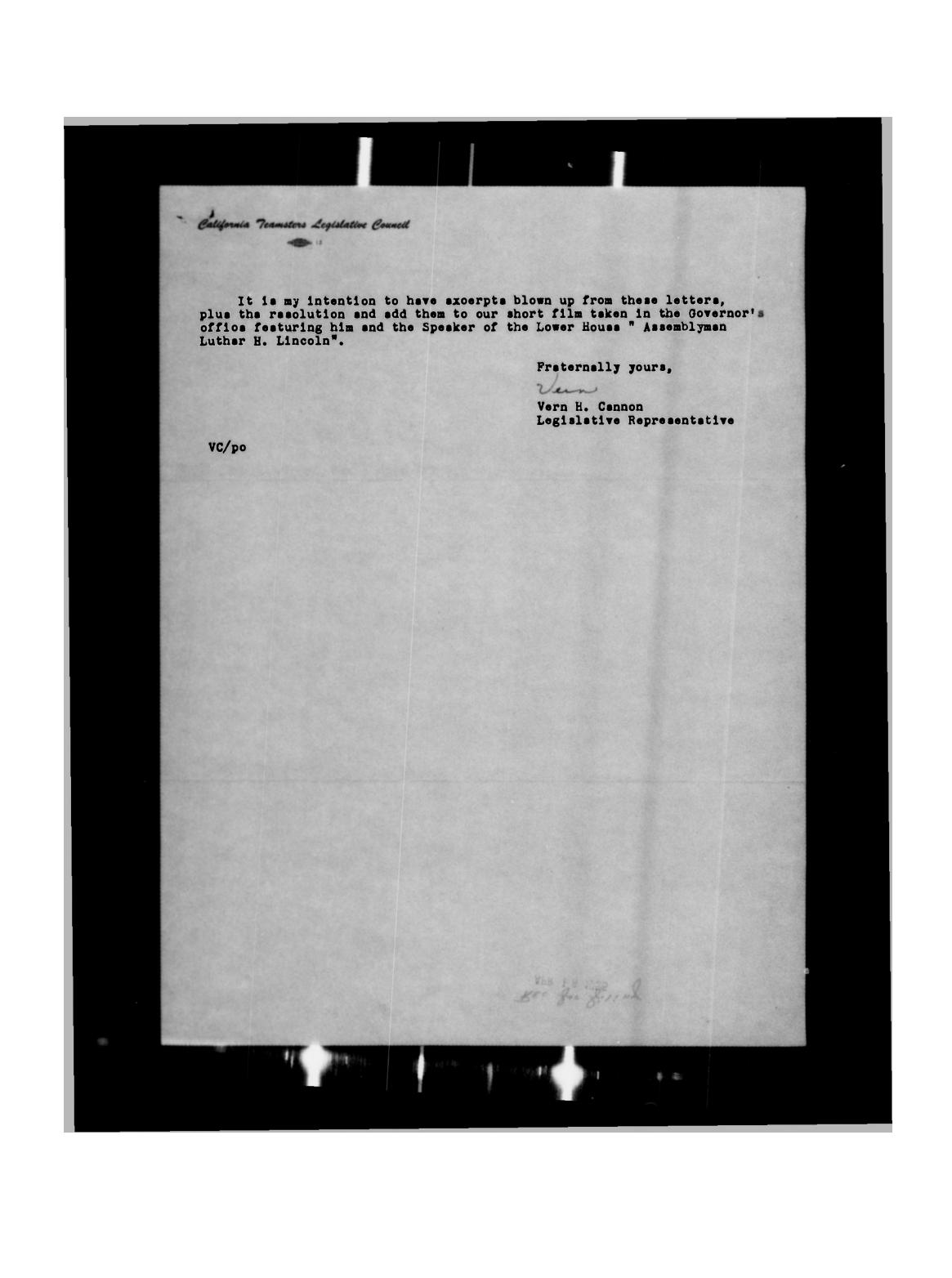
The presentation to Governor Goodwin J. Knight by Joseph Diviny on behalf of the Legislative Council, was filmed and a number of stills were taken for this occasion. Governor Knight paid a warm tribute to the Teamsters and called it an outstanding public service.

Both "Houses" in the Legislature have a highly complimentary resolution pending and a standing ovation greeted the presentation last Monday, Earch 14th.

Schools, Libraries, Churches, Radio and Television stations are requesting copies. Everyone in the Capitol interested in politics are also requesting.

The letters from Legislators, Constitutional Officers and Department Heads are most gratifying.

APR 18 1855



# California Teamsters Legislative Council

ROOM 300 25 TAYLOR STREET SAN FRANCISCO 2, CALIFORNIA Phone GRaystone 4-6344 California diagrama -

Swampin Bill Legislative Representative

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

President E. O. Mohn San Francisco

Vice-President
W. Conboy
Stockton

Secretary Joseph J. Diviny San Francisco

> Erio E. Carter Martinez

Ralph Clare Los Angeles

Stephen Gilligan San Francisco

Jack Goldberger San Francisco

San Francisco

Fresno John Marshall

Los Angeles

\*
Albert A Marty
Sacramento

Ted Merrill Long Beach

J. P. Poteet San Diego

Gerald A Shearin Marysville 17 Vernon L Pankey Oakland July 22, 1953

Mr. Einar Mohn, Vice President International Brotherhood of Teamsters 100 Indiana Ave., N.W. mashington, D.C.

Dear Einar:

Sorry I didn't get a chance to talk with you in Seattle, mashington. You were so busy.

Several things I wanted to say, but most of all thanks. I have heard so many nice things you have said about me and my work. The job could not have been done without your help. Only three of us know how it was put together. and we can't ever say.

Enclosed is the chauffeurs classification we worked on for two years.

I am going to try to get Munnell to investigate the Farm Labor camps with his interim committee. I want to get Vid in on this one, he knows that story and the places to go. This is a good move. It will give the farmers something to worry about besides us, if we can get Junnell's committee to go on this subject,

Mill you check on those trucks we sent and paid for? I know we ordered twelve.

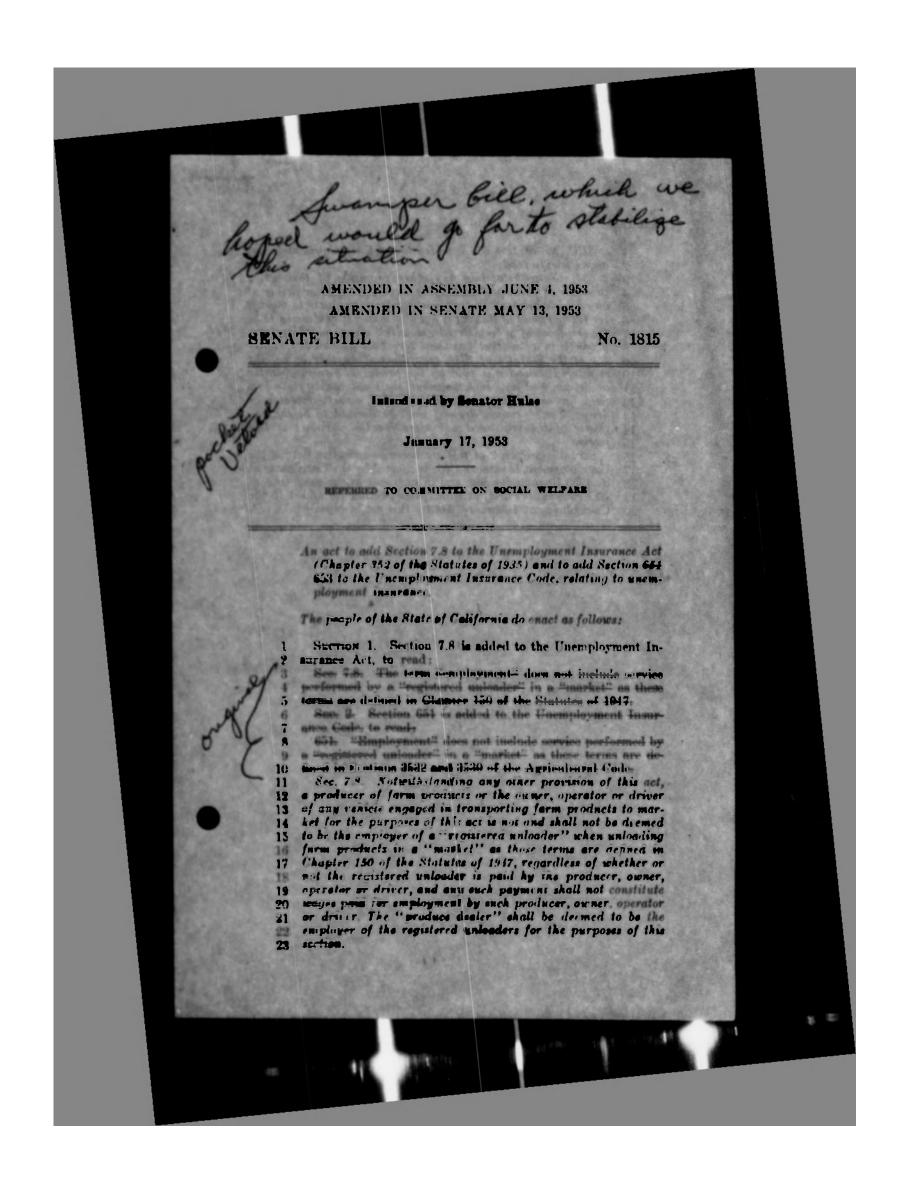
The Governor pocket vetoed S.B.1815 (Produce Market Swamper bill). We thought the original bill was very bad but ammended it to correct that produce situation in Los Angeles, so we were doing aomething about it.

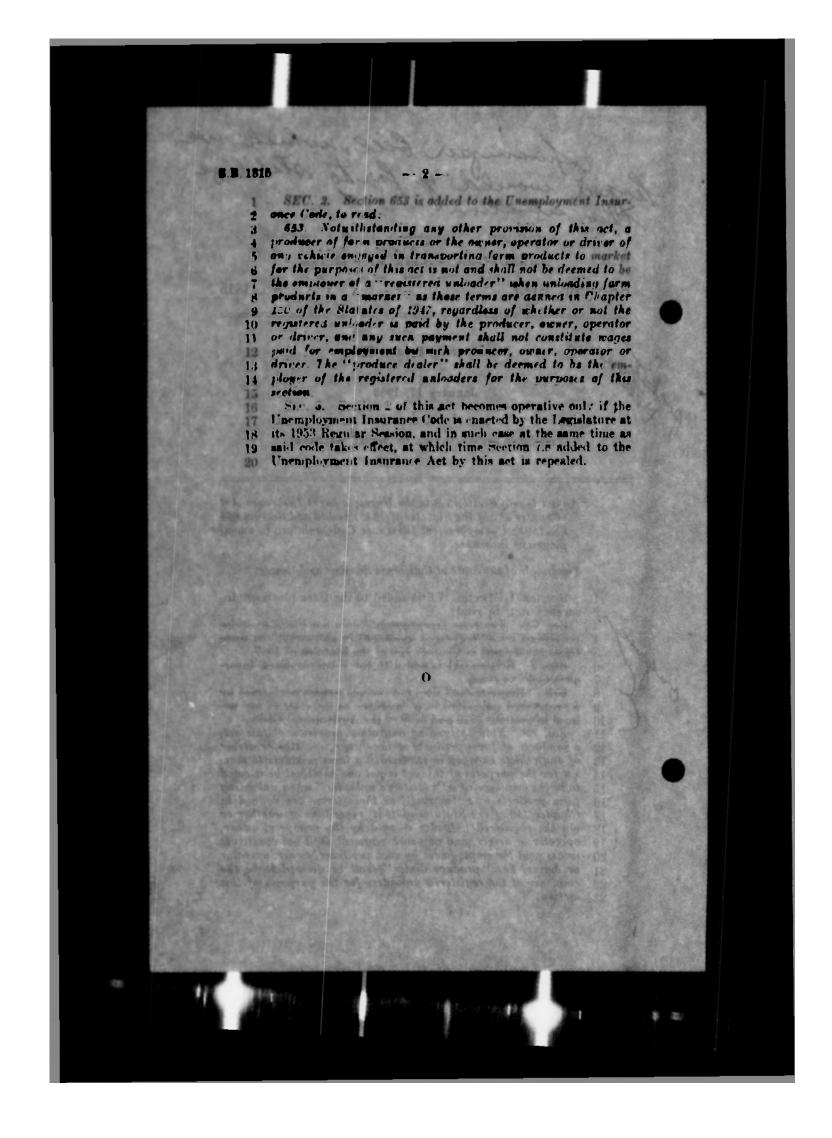
The Associated Farmers (Charlie Gibbs) worked to the bill vetoed. I don't know where Dave got his story,

te California Tuesatora Lagiciative Council representation the

abers of the International Brotherhood of Tunnaters

California Teamsters Legislative Council but at the time we had the fight on the bill, Attorney William Byrd from El Centro was pleased with the ammendment. He said there was no problem in the North. No one claimed st any time that trucks were being stopped, but said truck owners made cash deals with crews on the spot. The Union had nothing to do with it. The Market Association had not lived up to the arrangement of calling the Union for swampera, and therefore no Social Security number was given on duplicate alipa like Oakland uses, and of course the trucker was stuck for Pereral and Unemployment Insurance retroactive payments. Excessive amounts had been charged for unloading, according to reports but there again the employers were blamed to some extent, in a hurry and etc. The Yarket Association blew their cork when they discovered we had ammended the bill and it was on the Governors desk. Our original position was against the bill, so we were O.K. when it was vetoed. Naturally I didn't make speeches about it. I was trying to sneak one past. The retailers and wholesalers are tough competition on a lobby, and Gibba told me since I came back he wanted the Governor to veto it. You know him and what he stands for. Enclosed is the original as it was ammended. We will have about seven vacancies in Southern Assembly districta this year. Between the Interim Committees and these elections, I will be plenty busy. Should Jack Annand be on my committee? I will atop before this gets to be a book. Let me know about the trucks, and once again thanks for all your wonderful help. This move has straightened out my whole life. Pat is a big help and we are getting along fine. I will give George Mock all the help I can. Warmest personal regards, 1em VC/pc





### STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES DIVISION OF DRIVERS' LICENSES

### NEW CHAUFFEURS CLASSIFICATIONS AND EXAMINATIONS

Effective July 1, 1953, the Department of Motor Vehicles will place in effect those provisions of the California Vehicle Code concerning the classification and examination of applicants for chauffeurs licenses according to types of vehicles to be driven. These provisions of the Vehicle Code read in part as follows:

Vehicle Code Section 265: " \* \* \* An applicant for a chauffeur's license may state the type of vehicle or combination of vehicles he desires to operate."

Vehicle Code Section 268: " \* \* \* Every applicant for a chauffeur's license shall be required to submit to an examination appropriate to the type of vehicle or combination of vehicles he desires a license to drive."

Vehicle Code Section 272: " \* \* \* The Department may issue:
(1) A general chauffeur's license; (2) A restricted chauffeur's license.

(b) The Department upon issuing a restricted chauffeur's license shall indicate thereon the type of vehicle or combination of vehicles the licensee is licensed to operate."

In order to give effect to the law quoted above, the Department has classified chauffeur's licenses into the following three classes:

Class C ---- Authorizes the operation of any vehicle eighty inches in width or less.

Class B ---- Authorizes the operation of any single vehicle.

Class A ---- Authorizes the operation of any vehicle or combination of vehicles.

Class C chauffeur's licenses will be issued at all regular offices and examining stations of the Department of Motor Vehicles. Examinations for Class B and Class A licenses can be given only by examiners who are especially trained and authorized to conduct examinations of these classes.

Provision will be made for persons holding Class C and B licenses to qualify for a higher class as their need arises.

It will be necessary that applicants demonstrate their ability to safely operate vehicles of the typs for which they are applying for a license to operate. Driving tests will be given by department examiners for Class C licenses, but certificates showing the demonstrated qualifications to drive the types of equipment covered by Class B and A licenses can be accepted in some cases.

Listed below are the locations and telephone numbers of Department offices where examinations for Class B and Class A chauffeurs licenses will be given on and after July 1, 1953:

City	Address	Telephone
Bakersfield,32	1 - 21st Street 4	-0442
Compton	3 East Palmer Street 1	NEmark 1-8639
East Los Angeles58	58 East Whittier Blvd	UNion 1-5135
Eureka4th	a & Myrtle	388
Fresno 21	22 Mono Street	3-4211
Indio 45	-860 Flower Street	7-3874
Los Angeles35	000 South Hope Street	Richmond 3161
North Hollywood 64	55 Coldwater Canyon	SUnset 3-5186
Oakland 1	107 Jackson Street	GLencourt 18737
Redding U	S Highway 99 - South	2339
Sacramento	2th & N Streets	Gilbert 2-4711, Ext. 4551
Salinas 4	02 Salinas Street	5731
San Bernardino 2	257 - 3rd Street	. 30170
San Diego	310 Cedar Street	. FRanklin 5153
San Francisco	160 South Van Ness Avenue	. UNderhill 3-0300
San Joee	85 Notre Dame Street	CYpress 4-0647
Santa Ana	2520 North Main Street	Kimberly 2-7276
Santa Barbara	928 Hollister Avenue	5-6505
Santa Ross	999 South "A" Street	7000
Stockton	147 East Lindsay	. 88681
Ventura	2871 East Main Street	MIller 3-6521

It is satisfipated that revisions and additions will be made from time to time.

### STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES DIVISION OF DRIVERS' LICENSES

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Provision will be made for persons holding Class C and B licenses to qualify for a higher class as their need arises.

It will be necessary that applicants demonstrate their ability to safely operate vehicles of the type for which they are applying for a license to operate. Driving tests will be given by department examiners for Class C licenses, but certificates showing the demonstrated qualifications to drive the types of equipment covered by Class B and A licenses can be accepted in some cases.

Those persons now holding chauffeur's licenses which are valid and adequate for the type of vehicles they now drive need not change their present licenses until they expire.

Anyone wishing further information concerning chauffeurs licenses should contact an office of the Department of Motor Vehicles. The offices on the attached list are qualified to issue chauffeurs licenses of all classes.

offices and examining stations of the Department of Motor Vehicles.

examiners who are especially trained and authorized to conduct examina-

The Department wishes to express its appreciation to the many persons and organizations who have given assistance to it in planning and putting into operation this plan for chauffeur classification and examination. The Department deaires to make this examining and licensing procedure as effective and as convenient as possible to all persons coming within the classifications or concerned with it, and will be happy to receive commenta and suggestions from any person with reference to examination or procedure.

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Vehicle Code Section 272; " \* \* \* The Department may issue:

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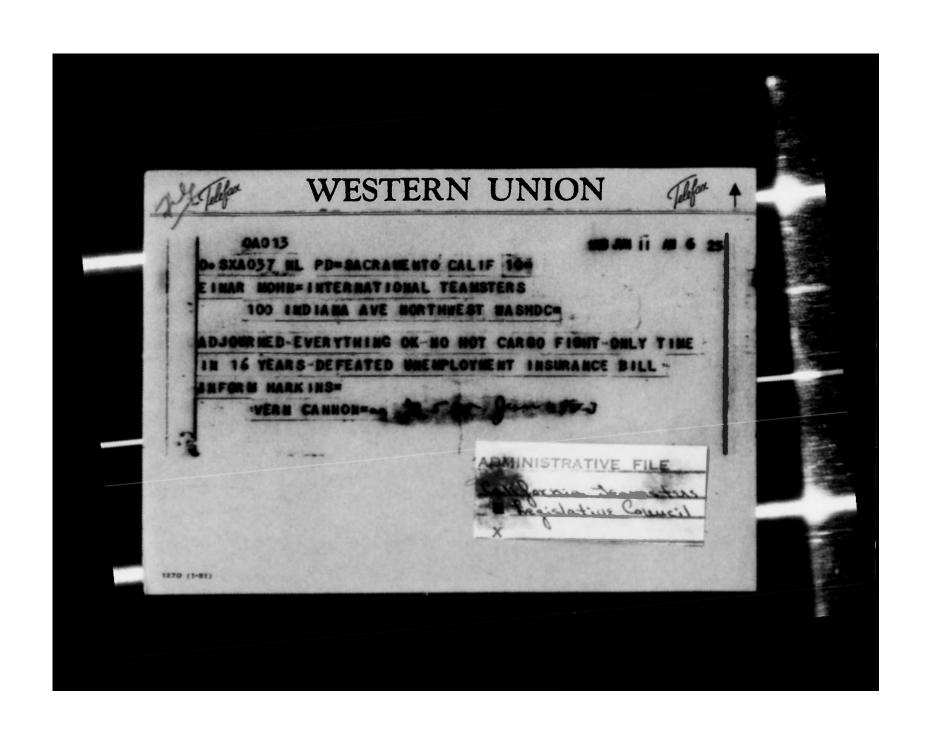
NEW CHAUFFEURS CLASSIFICATIONS AND EXAMINATIONS

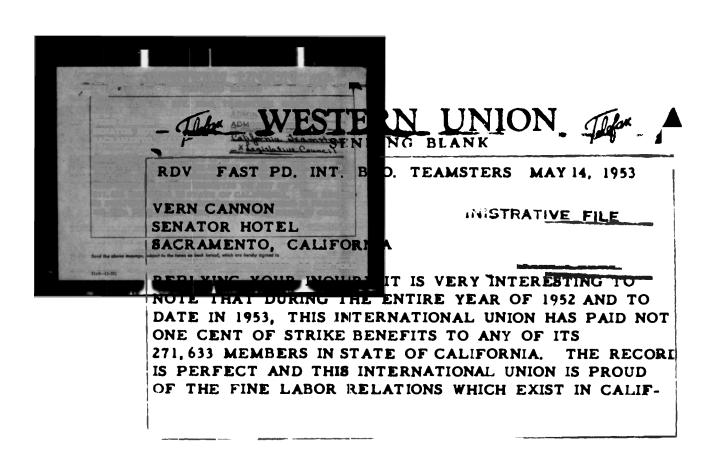
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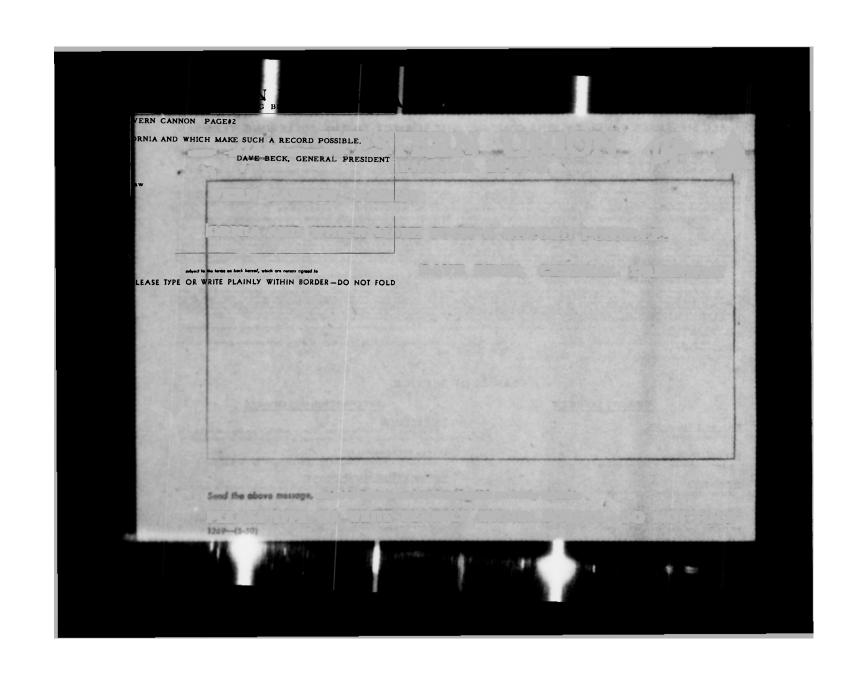
CHRUITCUI & IICCHBCB WII	be given on and after dary 1, 1	
City	Address	Telephone
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Compton	303 East Palmer Street	NEmark 1-8639
East Loa Angeles	. 5858 East Whittier Blvd	UNion 1-5135
Eureka	4th & Myrtle	388
Fresno	2122 Mono Street	. 3-4211
Indio	45-860 Flower Street	7-3874
Loa Angeles	, 3500 South Hope Street	. Richmond 3161
North Hollywood	. 6455 Coldwater Canyon	. SUnset 3-5186
Oakland	. 1107 Jackson Street	. GLencourt 18737
Redding	. US Highway 99 - South	. 2339
Sacramento	. 12th & N Streets	. GIlbert 2-4711, Ext. 4551
Salinas	. 402 Salinas Street	5731
San Bernardino	257 - 3rd Street	30170
San Diego	310 Cedar Street	FRanklin 5153
San Francisco	160 South Van Ness Avenue	UNderhill 3-0300
San Joae	85 Notre Dame Street	CYpress 4-0647
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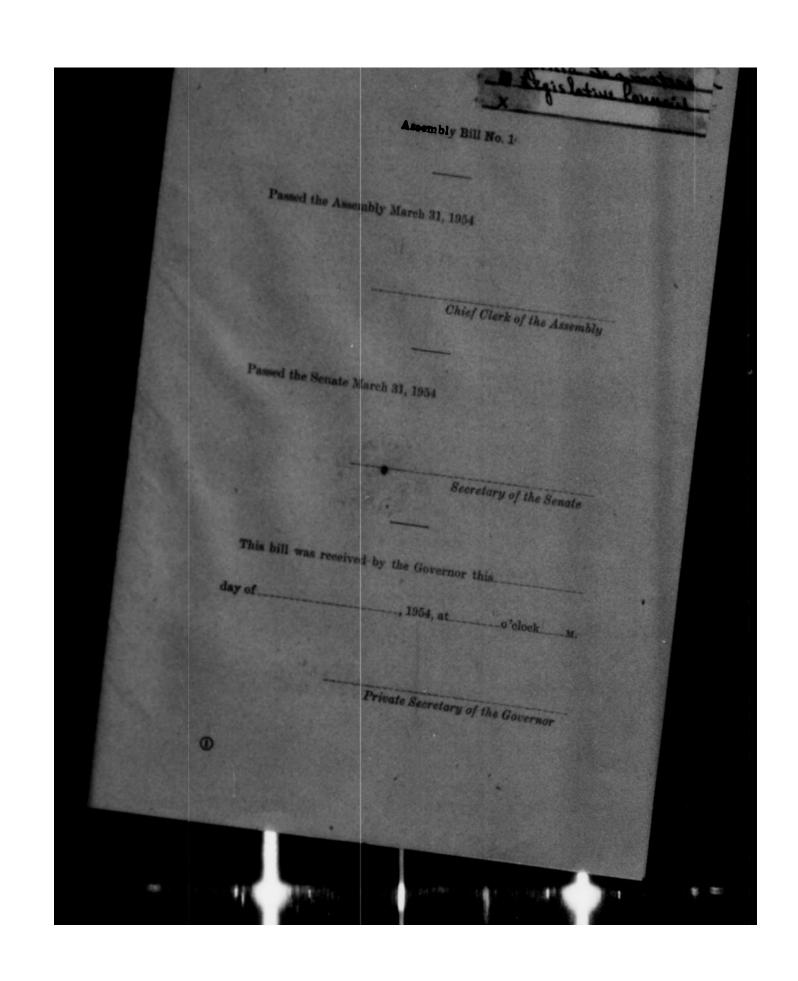


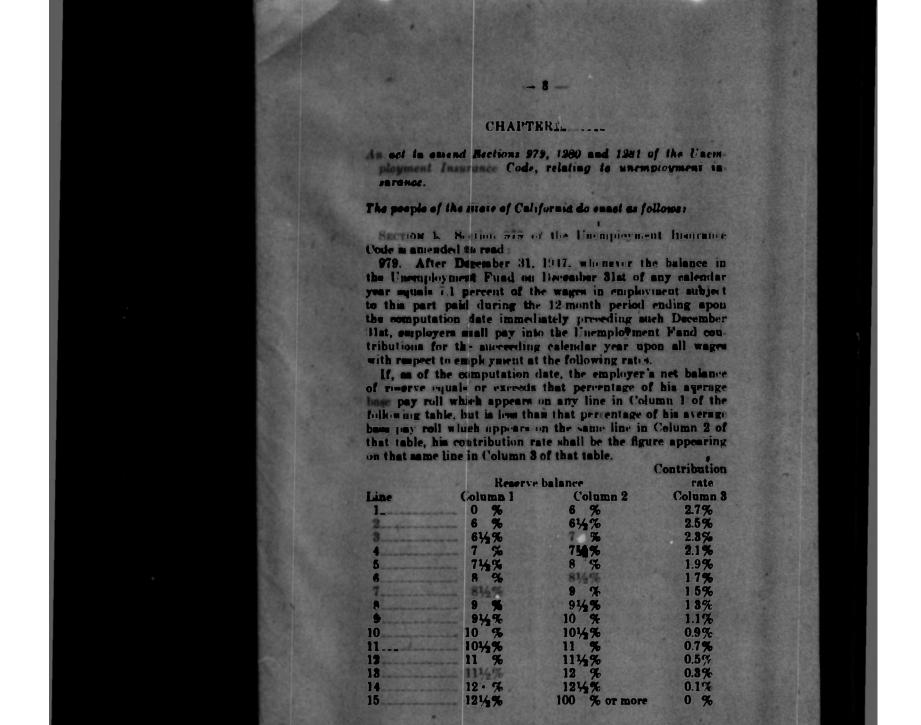


PLEASE TYPE OR WRITE PLAINLY WITHIN BORDER-DO NOT FOLD









SEC. 2. Section 1250 of the Unemployment Insurance Code is amended to rend:

1280. An individual's "weekly ben-fit amount" is the amount appearing in Column B in the following table opposite that wage bracket in Column A which contains the amount of wages paid to the individual for employment by employers during the quarter of his base period in which his wages were the highest

DEPOSITE OF A STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF	The model of the Brosson
Amount of wages in	Weekly benefit
highest quarter	amount
\$75 (4)-\$199.99	\$10
200.00- 219.99	11
220.00- 239.99	12
240.00- 259.90	18
360 (th- 279.99 °	
280 00- 299,99	15
300.00- 319.99	16
820.00- 839.99	17
340,00- 359,99	18
360.00- 379.99	19
380.00- 419.99	20
420.00- 459.99	21
460.60- 499.99	22
500 00- 539.99	23
540.00 579.99	24
580.00- 619.99	25
000.011- 0.59.99	26
660.00- 699.99 ·	27
700.00- 739.59	28
740.00- 779.99	29
780 00 and over	

For the purposes of the section, when an individual has been paid renumeration where would be taxable except for the three thousand dollars (\$2,900) limitation on taxable wages, the "quarter of his base period in which his wages were the highest" may be d termined by allocating to any quarter of the "bas varing within the lose period that portion of the taxable wages where is equal to the assount of remunaration a paid to him in that quarter or seven hundred eighty dollars (\$750), whichever is the lesser. The term "remuneration" as mid in this assume means taxable wages. as used in this acction means taxable wages as well as wages which would be taxable except for the three thousand dollars limitations on taxable wages.

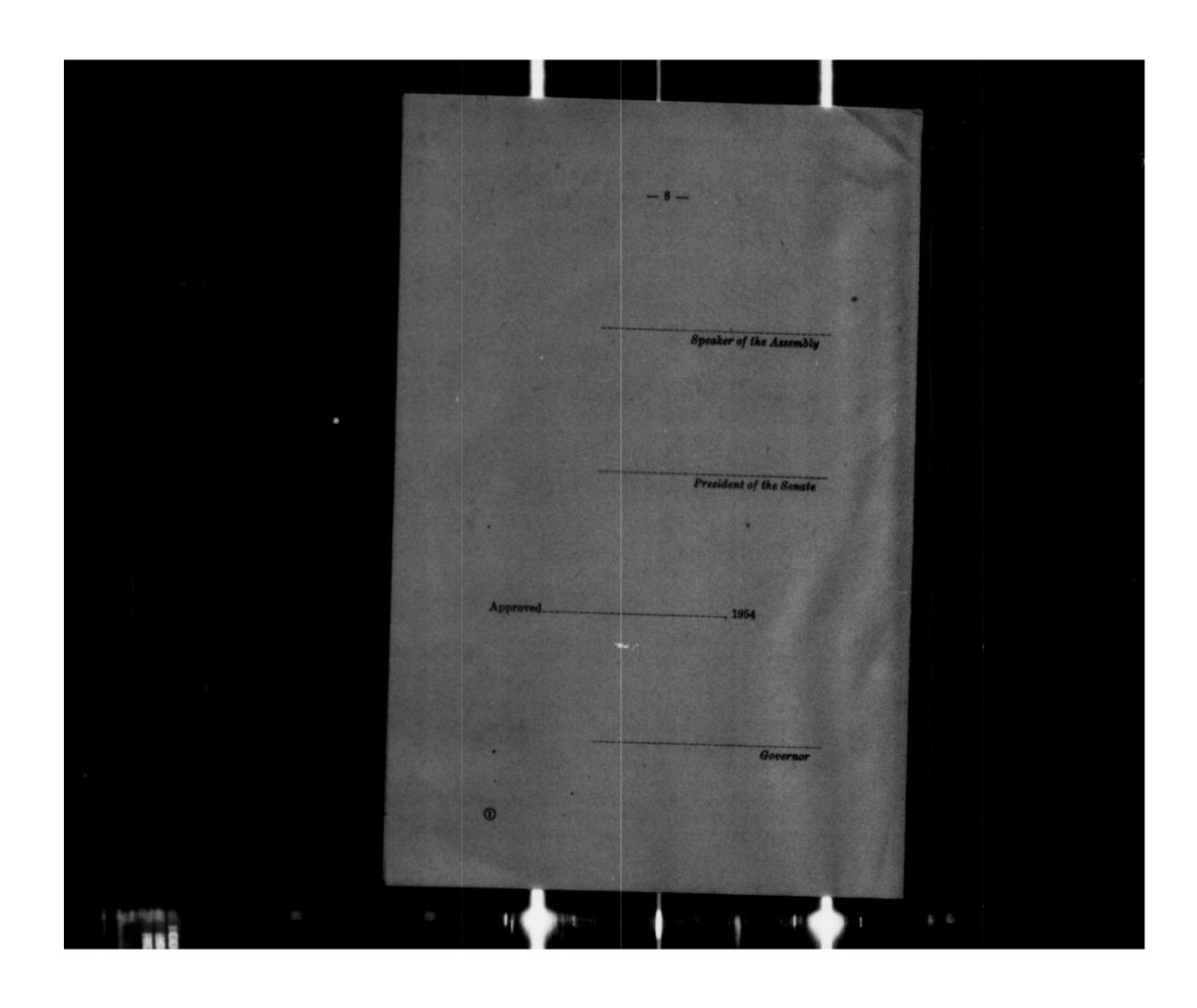
provisions of this petion as amended at the 1954 Pirat stream shall be applicable to new claims for

unemployment compensation benefits filed on and after July 1, 1954. The provisions of this section as they existed prior to the effective date of the amendments enacted at the 1954 First Extraordinary Session shall remain applicable to new claims filed prior to July 1, 1954.

SEC. 3. Section 1281 of said code is amended to read:
1281. (a) An individual cannot establish a valid claim or a benefit year during which any benefits are payable unless he has during his base period been paid wages for employment by employers of no less than three hundred dollars (\$300). If more than 75 percent of his base-period wages were paid during a single calendar quarter, he is not eligible for unemployment compensation benefits unless his total wages during the base period are not less than 30 tings his weekly heuelit amount or not less than seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750), whichever is lower.

(b) The maximum amount of unemployment compensation benefits payable to an individual during any one benefit year shall be 25 times his weekly benefit amount but in no case shall the total amount of such benefits payable be more than one-half the total wages paid to the individual during his base period. If the benefit is not a multiple of one dollar (\$1) it shall be computed to the next higher multiple of one dollar (\$1) it shall be computed to the next higher multiple of one dollar (\$1).

(e) For the purpose of this section and Section 1280, "wages" includes wages due to any individual but unpaid within tha time limit provided by law



ADMINISTRATIVE FILE easternate sinrefulal - Kayislative Council VERNH. CANNON HOTEL BENATOR SACRAMENTO. CALIFORNIA Dear Einer -The enclosed is a cleaned up Capy of what I sent you in Chicago, and is the one being mailed to all nions monday I was tried, and in a hurry to get you something to help get the fellows started\_ Im sure you will agree that it looks a little better. at Last it original and only Jeamster Unions have it: What did You say? Thank God? -We took Bill Munnell and his family to dinner at the "not The tonight, Bill looked over this suggestion to employers and liked it very much. We are hopeful that some good letters wice come from, public opposes, churches, and professione men also. my best Vern

### ASK YOUR EMPLOYER HOW RE FEELS ABOUT ANTIW LABOR LEGISLATIONS

Points of suggestion to employers who eigh to write letters to the Californie State Legislature, as a statement of their experience in dealings eith your Union. We will welcome their expression of vicepoints on the pessage of enti-labor legislation noe pending before the California State Legislature.

Best punitive of all is the so called " Right to Work" bili AB 2284, tentatively set for hearing May 14th, 1953.

All letters should be eddressed to:

. .

Assemblymen William Funnell- Chairman Industrial Relations Committee California State Assembly State Capitol Secremento, California

Develop beckground of employers labor relations with your union and representatives.

- (1) rangers of eventuelly forcing employers to take every applieant regardless of his ability, character or loyelty.
- (2) This will just cause turmoil. Union men ers skilled and just son!t work with non- unlon men. They will walk off the job.

  As an employer I have no redress. " How do I get my men back on the job? What do you do shout that? I can't chain them or does the proposed lew give me that authority? "
- (8) All the people will join anyway and the employer will become

  e " Labor mootlegger" tiptoeing around the law to keep peace,
  in his plant. A job just will not work haif union and half
  non- unlon. The loss of productivity from such " questionable
  individual security" and loss of morale among union co-workers
  will be detrimented to industry.

( Some employers might went to say tide)

(4) Either have Union and closed shope or outlaw Unions all together.

We could rather negotiate openly and above board. Who will ansorre contractual relations? We as employers have maintained that it is the unions responsibility to enforce contract relations, and control workers. What will we do with the minority

end wildest strikes? Who is going to stop them?

- (5) I point out the fact that Teameter Unions keep their agreements:
  Hold them secred. Once their word is given, they make it good,
  no metter how unpleasant the temporary result may be. The signed
  contract of a Teamster Union is a solemn pleage and bond of every
  member, and I have found it to be fulfilled to the last letter,
  in all my dealings with that organisation.
- I have always found that a Unions degree of responsibility is in direct relation to the amount of control it has over its membership.
- A few yeers ago Congress spent a lot of the peoples money, maybe 8 million dollars or more to find ont the workers voted over-whelmingly, in favor of the Union shop.

### Political promises:

MANUFACTURE STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

The political climete of this Nation, expressed in the November, 1962 elections, is eway from interference by Government, Freedom of contract, the right of labor and management to crite union shop cleuses or not, is a corneratore of our American system. The right of free men to agree between them to do, or refrain from doing something which they consider to be mutually beneficial eithin the limits of general welfare, should be jeelouely guarded. The proposed California open shop legislation intrudes upon this right, and ettempts to replace this right with a misnamed Act. The issues involved in this matter have become more end more complicated by the incressed complexities of our industrial civilisation. These problems can best be resolved by the "give and take" of the bargaining table, rether than restrictive legislation, It might be well to call

類類類類類類是是6%.

Perty: "We favor the retention of the Taft- Hartley Act, which guerantees. . . . . . . the right to establish " union shop" contracts by egreements eith management." Both State political perties and both Mational political parties have solemnly sworn that they are "Lebore best friend."

- I think we should be should keep faith with the American sorkers and try to encourage the use of the conference table in the American way. Industrial pasce will not be brought about by politicians, or labor, or capital shouting at one another and seeking out ways to cripple or undermine one another.
- (9)Don't compel me to invelidete contracte and make a " Labor Bootlegger" of me.

We have the finest workers end working errangements in the world, There is only one place to go from good labor relations, and thats to bad labor relations.

NOTE: THIS IMPORMATION IS COMPIDENTIAL FOR YOU AND YOUR REPRESENT-ATIVES AND ONLY TO IMPART TO YOUR EMPLOYERS. Not for general circulation or publication+

Copy of employer letters should be mailed to me.

Vern H. Cannon California Teamsters Legislative Council Sanstor Hotel Saoremento, California

ADMINISTRATIVE FILE

Colifornia Seamithis

Thyridest us County

X

MAY 11, 1953

Mr. Vern Cennon Senator Hotel Sacremento, California

Deer Verm:

If it is at all possible, I sould like to have you send me ten of the model truch are to be used in connection with our public reactions program here I don't have to tell attention has been given to the one I confice and this is surely a wonderful medium advertising the Teemeter organization

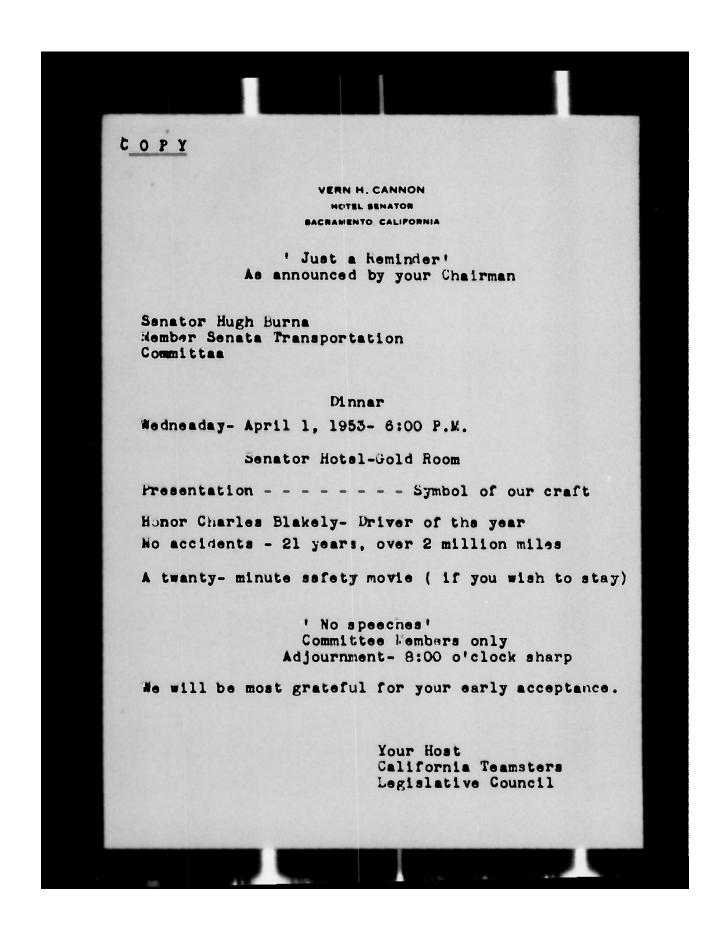
My vary poet regarde to you.

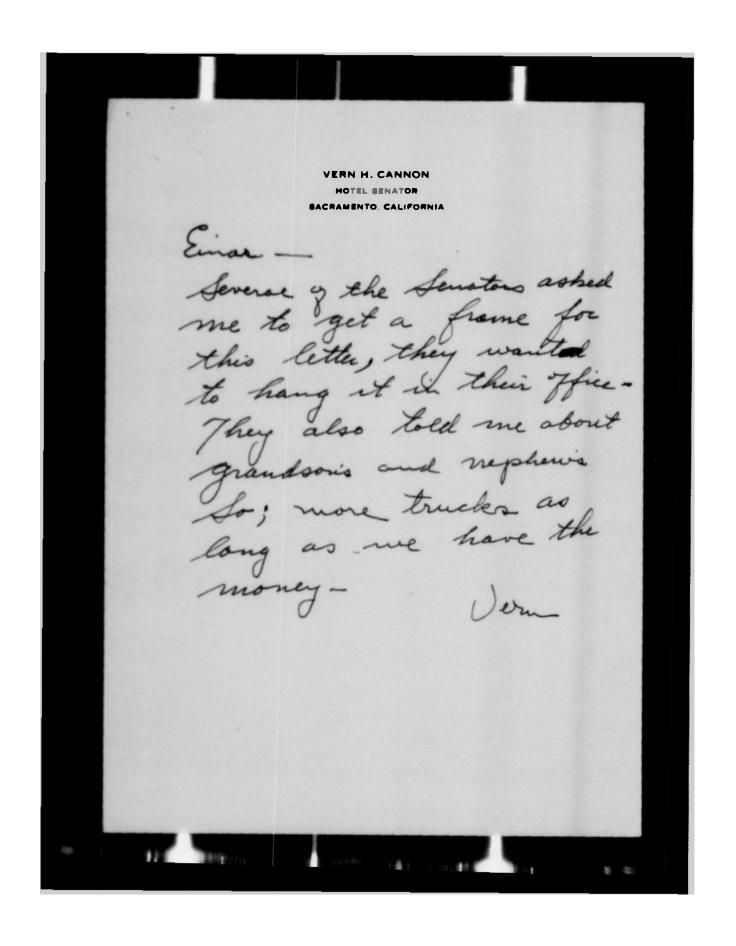
Sincerely yours,

EOM:ew

EINAR O. MOHN, Assistant to the General President.

PROM THE OFFICE OF DAVE BECK, GENERAL PRESIDENT ITERRATIONAL MEDITHERMOOD OF TEAMSTER





### California Teamsters Legislative Council

ROOM 188
25 TAYLOR STREET
SAN FRANCISCO 2, CALIFORNIA
Phone Graystone 4-5144

ADMINISTRATIVE FILE
X
X

VERN. H. CANNON

Legislative Representative

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John Marshall Los Angeles

Albert A. Marty Secremento

Ted Marrill Long Beach J. P. Potent

Gerald A. Shearin

COPY

April 1, 1953

Senator Randolph Collier Chairman- Senate Transportation Committee

Daar Senator Collier:

It takes skilled men to drive trucks. Tough, durable, agressive men. Men who recognize the tremendous responsibility of keeping California's economy alive 24 hours every day. These men are members of the 200 Teamster Unions in Californie. They are the world's safest drivers. They are good trade unionists, but they are good Americans first. Thay believe in private enterprise.

They don't intend to tell you where, or how to build highwaya. thats for other specialists.

The Californie Teamsters sant you to accept this model truck, as a small expression of appreciation for your tireless efforts to build the best highways, so our drivers will be the safest.

Californie Teamsters Legislative Council

cc:Senator Harold Powera
(Presidant-Pro-Tem.)
Senator John(Jack) McCarthy
Senator Arthur Breed, Jr.,
Senator Hugh Burns
Senator Nelson Dilworth
Senator Hugh Donnelly
Senator George Hatfield
Sanator Ben Hulse

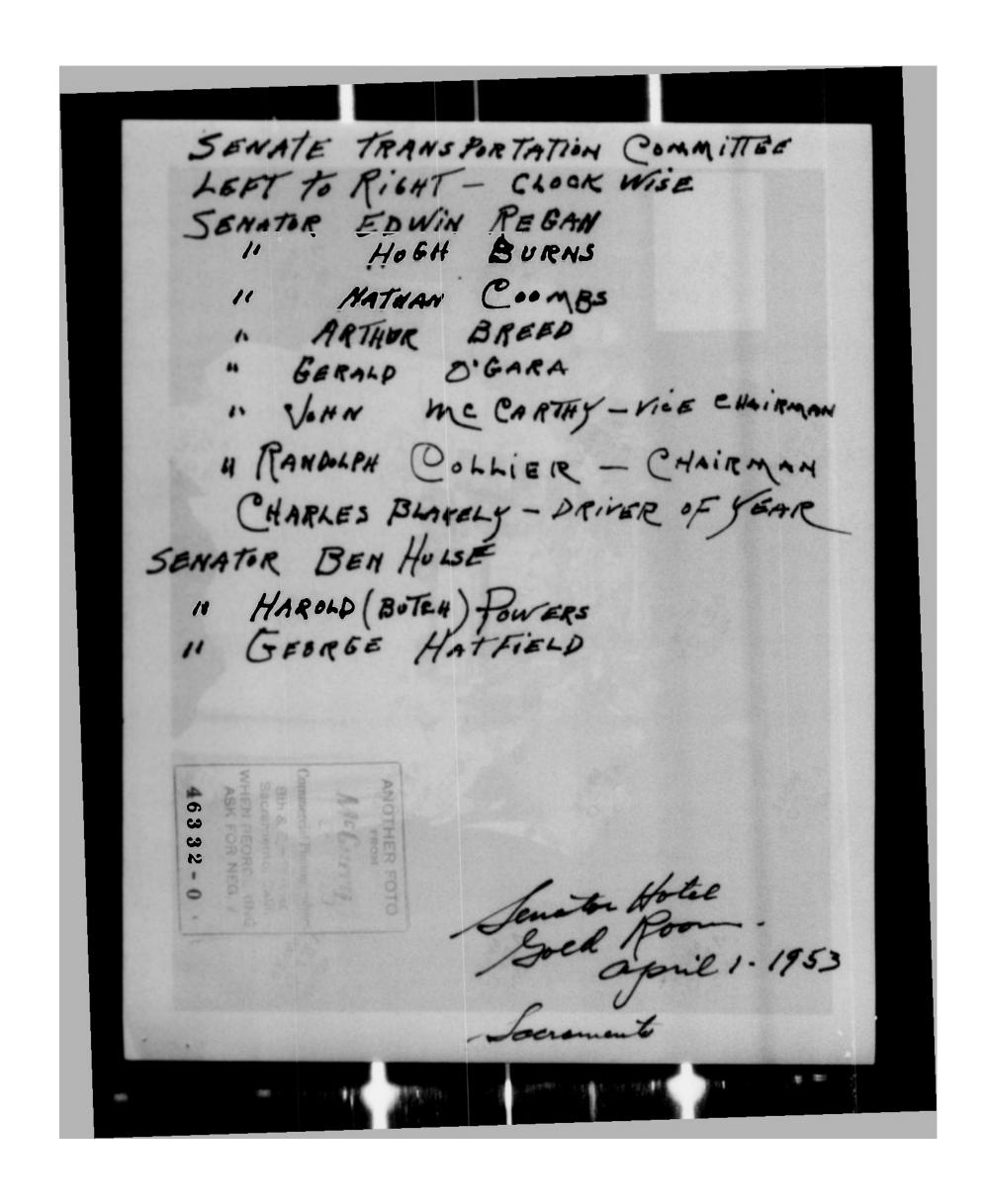
Senator Gerald O'Gara Senator Edwin Regan Senator Clarence Ward Senator Nathan Coombs







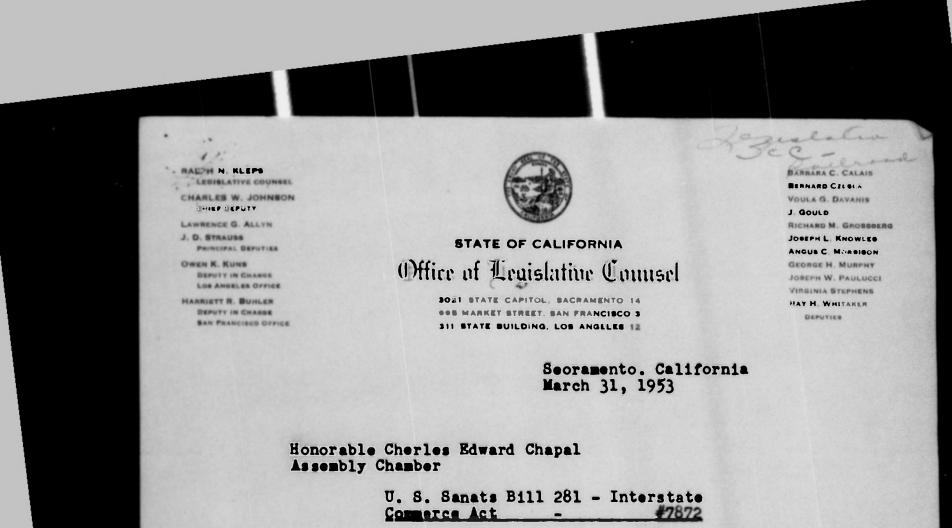






Senitor Hotel Bold From apris 1.53

California Teamsters Legislative Council ADMINISTRATIVE FILE ROOM 300 25 TAYLOR STREET Catifornia deamsters SAN FRANCISCO 2. CALIFORNIA - I Legislative Council Phone BRaystone 4-6344 VERN. H. CANNON EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE Legislative Representative President E. O. Mohn San Francisco Dear Einer W. J. Conbey all state Legislators recurred this today. Charlie Chopel got am spirition for us. He has been a good friend Secretary Joseph J. Diviny San Francisco Erle E Carter Martinez Reigh Clare Los Angeles Stephen Gilligan San Francisco I am taking pictures of the dinner tonight Senate Trans Tel send them on to you Be careful how you use



Deer Mr. Chapels

#### QUESTION

You have inquired ebout the effect of enactment or failure of enactment of U. S. Senate Bill 281.

#### OPINION

In our opinion, enactment of the bill would be beneficial to the reilroads, and it would be detrimental to state bodies which regulate railroads in the sense of reducing the power of those bodies over certain segments of intrastate commerce.

#### ANALYSIS

This bill amends various sections of the Interstate Commerce Act, the crucial one being Sec. 13(4). That section now provides that the Interstate Commerce Commission may order the modification of any railroad rate, fere. charge, classification, regulation or practice, originating with a state authority, which discriminates in favor of persons or localities in intrastate commerce and against those in interstate commerce, so as to remove any such discriminatory feature.

The bill proposes to add to Section 13(4) e provision to the effect that the ICC may order the discontinuance of any intrastate freight, passenger or station service which either discriminates against or is an undus burden on interstate commerce. The change would, thus, be important, not only because of the addition of "freight, passenger and station service" to the present list of

Mr. Charles Edward Chapel - p. 2 - #7872 objects of the exercise of the ICC's power, but because the standard of "undue burden on interstate commerce" would be added to the present standard of discrimination against interstate commerce. As provided in Section 1 of the Interstate Commerce Act (and as would presumably be true even without express provision in the act) any order of the ICC, issued under its statutory authority, overrides any conflicting orders of state authorities. So, the California Public Utilities Commission, for example, would be powerless to order the continuance of any intrastate freight, passenger or station service that the IC3 has ordered discontinued. There are, of course, provisions for attacking the validity of an ICC order. We have failed to find any published reaction to the bill from the railroads, but it would seem that the bill should be beneficial to them. It would seem to cover, for example, the situation where a railroad has been forced by a state regulatory commission to continue to operate a local run at a loss, which loss presumably must be made up out of interstate revenues. From casual observation, there appears to be a continuing conflict between common carriers and the California P.U.C. concerning such unprofitable local runs. If the ICC found that such a local run constituted an undue burden on interstate commerce, it could order its discontin-There is some reason to believe that the new power would be liberally exercised, as recent rate increases indicate that the ICC is not exactly hostile to the railroads, and, of course, its primary concern is with interstate commerce. Very truly yours, Ralph N. Kleps Legislative Counsel Terry L. Baum Deputy TL3:hw

A ADMINISTRATIVE FILE - California deamstood - Registations Course

## California Teamsters Legislate

ROOM 100 25 TAYLOR STREET SAN FRANCISCO 3, CALIFORNIA

Phone GRaystone 4-6344

VERN. H. CANNON I Legislative Representative

March 21, 1953

Mr. Einar Mohn Vice President International Brotherhood of Teamsters 100 Indiana Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C.

Dear Einar:

The enclosed material is what I think should be aaid in the International Magazine.

Moat of it was taken from Daves American Legion article in 1947. I added a one point incident from my 1951 legislative report, concerning Senator Ben Hulse; for obvious reasons.

I also changed it to fit todays dates. The only point which this article does not make; is the one placing the responsibility of state by State Leap-frog action, and still crying loudly " we are the friends of labor".

The Republican party must share the responsibility on a national basis and in any election coming up.

Einar, if you do not use this for the International magazine, may I have permission to have it printed and distributed among the legislators?

The Edison strike in Los Angeles is hurting plenty.

The picket line on the "Sutter Hospital "here is real bad. There have been two Legislators stricken and taken to this hospital. Bill Neal, Assistant City Attorney

INICUTIVE COMMITTEE

E O. Mah San Francisco

Stockton

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Fresno

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Long Beach . Potest San Diego

Gerald A. Shearin

California Teamsters Legislative Council one of the best loved fellows up here was in there several days. Jay Kugler had a stroke. He is also there. You may want to sand him a nota. Someone should get Bill McFetridge on this Sutter Hospital thing right away; opionion is they can't win. A bill covering hospitals will come out (even our friends would vote for that) and then on the floor the whole bill would be ammended in and we are dead -. Tha tie up of Assemblyman Luther ( Abe) Lincolns housing project was another incident, which hurt. I got that one ironed out O.K. and he is grateful. I know for sura that many Republicans do not want to hurt us and wish we could stop these incidents, which gives the Republicans floor leader Harold Levering all this ammunition. This is just a personal note for your information so that you will know some of the added difficulties which we must overcome if we have any chance to beat back these bills. These circumstances are making it even tougher than we expected. Its till m'd-night doing all we can. Best personal regards,

# California Teamsters Legislative Council

25 TAYLOR STREET
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ADMINISTRATIVE FILE

California Teamstrea

Regislative Council

Y Educations Political

VERN. H. CANNON

Legislative Representative

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Long Beach
J. P. Potest

San Diego

Gerald A. Shearin Marysville March 19, 1953

Mr. Einar Mohn Vice President International Brotherhood of Teamsters 100 Indiana Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C.

Pear Sir and Brother:

I delivered a chack to-day for \$390.00 to Senator James McBride, from Ventura, California.

Sanator McBride will turn this check ovar to the Tri-Counties Labor League, for political education.

My investigation disclosed this balance of obligations incurred by that group, on behalf of candidates in that area, during the last election.

This cleans up the matter which General President Dave Beck asked us to investigate.

You will recognize that this represents a much amaller figure than originally stated.

The check was made payable to the Labor League.

Best regards

Fraternally yours,

Vern H. Cannon Legislative Representative

VC; tm

